



Lupus alpha Fonds

An investment fund pursuant to Section I of the Luxembourg Law of 17 December, 2010,
on Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (UCITS)

Sales Prospectus

Including Management Regulations

1 January 2022

Lupus alpha Investment GmbH.
Speicherstraße 49-51
D-60327 Frankfurt am Main
HRB-No.: 52705

THIS TRANSLATION IS INTENDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES
ONLY AND SOLELY THE GERMAN VERSION IS BINDING

Note regarding the Sales Prospectus

It is not admissible to give information or statements deviating from the Sales Prospectus or the Management Regulations. Lupus alpha Investment GmbH. shall not be liable if and in so far as information or statements are given which deviate from the present Sales Prospectus and / or the Management Regulations.

The Sales Prospectus and the Management Regulations are only valid together with the relevant last Annual Report and, if the effective date of the latter dates back more than 8 months, with the relevant latest Semi-Annual Report as well.

The Sales Prospectus, the Key Investor Information Document (KIID), as well as the relevant Annual and Semi-annual Reports are available free of charge at the domicile of the Management Company, the Depository, and via the Paying Agents, the Information Agents and the Distributors.

Nothing in this Sales Prospectus shall constitute an offer or a request to submit an offer of any person in a country in which such offer or such request would be unlawful, or where the person submitting such offer or such request is not qualified to do so, or an offer or a request to submit an offer to any person to which such offer or such request must not be made. Potential subscribers of unit certificates are required to inform themselves regarding the legal requirements related to the subscription of unit certificates, the applicable exchange control requirements and the tax situation in the countries of their citizenship or residence.

This Sales Prospectus shall be used for distribution purposes only by persons having an explicit written permit of the Management Company (directly or indirectly via the correspondingly authorised Distributors). Third party representations or warranties that are not included in this Sales Prospectus and / or in the Documents are not authorised by the Management Company.

Issued unit certificates of this Fund must only be offered for sale or sold in such countries that allow such offer or sale. Unless the Management Company or a third party authorised by them has not obtained a permit from the local supervisory authority for public distribution, and unless this permit is available to the Management Company, this Sales Prospectus shall not be regarded as a public offer for the purchase of investment fund units and / or this Sales Prospectus must not be used for the purpose of such public offer.

Remarks regarding investors related to the United States of America

The information specified herein and the Fund's unit certificates are not intended for distribution in the United States of America (USA) or to US persons (this means US nationals or people domiciled in the USA, or partnerships or corporations founded pursuant to the Law of the USA or any of its Federal States, Territories or Dependencies). The Fund's unit certificates have not been registered under the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Thus, unit certificates may not be traded, offered or sold directly or indirectly in the USA or to US persons or to their account. Any subsequent transfer of units to the USA and / or US persons is not allowed. This Sales Prospectus must not be distributed in the USA. The distribution of this Sales Prospectus and the offering of the unit certificates may be subject to restrictions in other jurisdictions as well. Investors to be regarded as "Restricted Persons" in the meaning of US Regulation No. 2790 of the "National Association Security Dealers" (NASD 2790), shall immediately notify the Management Company about their investments in the Fund. Holders of unit certificates not domiciled in the USA for now, but who become domiciled in the USA later on (and become subject to the definition of a US person) will be ordered to redeem their unit certificates.

Investors and authorised representatives acting for investors must absolutely observe that units of the Fund must not be distributed or sold neither directly nor indirectly to a specified person of the US (Specified US Person) according to the Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA Luxembourg) concluded between the United States and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, or to a non-participating foreign financial institution, or a passive non financial institution with one or several major US owners, unless such units are sold and held by a participating foreign financial institution acting as nominee in line with the provisions of the US Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA).

In this context, the term "Specified US Person" means a person of the United States, but not

- a corporation whose shares are being traded regularly on one or several recognised securities exchanges;
- a corporation that, in the meaning of § 1471 para. e subsection 2 of the US Tax Code, is part of the same expanded group like a corporation specified in item i;
- the United States or one of their fully owned authorities or institutions;
- a Federal State of the USA, a US Overseas Territory, a local authority of a Federal State or a US Overseas Territory or an authority or institution fully owned by one or several Federal States or US Overseas Territories;

- a tax-exempt organisation pursuant to § 501 para. a of the US Tax Code or an individual retirement schemes in the meaning of § 7701 para. a subsection 37 of the US Tax Code;
- a bank in the meaning of § 581 of the US Tax Code;
- a real estate fund in the meaning of § 856 of the US Tax Code;
- a regulated investment company in the meaning of § 851 of the US Tax Code or an entity registered at the Security Exchange Commission pursuant to the Law of 1940 on Investment Companies (title 15 § 80a - 64 of the Collection of Laws of the United States);
- an investment fund in the meaning of § 584 of the US Tax Code;
- a tax-exempt trust pursuant to § 664 para. c of the US Tax Code or a trust specified in § 4947 para. a subsection 1 of the US Tax Code;
- a dealer of securities, commodities or derivative financial instruments (including futures / swap contracts, forward transactions on the stock exchange and otc-markets and options) registered according to the Law of the United States or a Federal State; or
- a broker in the meaning of § 6045 of the US Tax Code; or
- a tax-exempt trust within a scheme pursuant to § 403 (b) or § 457 (g) of the US Tax Code.

In this context, the term US Person means:

- a national of the United States or a natural person resident in the USA, a partnership, corporation or trust founded in the USA or according to the Law of the US or one of their Federal States, provided that:
- a court within the USA would be entitled under applicable Law to issue orders or judgements covering in general all aspects related to the management of the trust; and
- one or several persons of the USA are authorised to review all major decisions of the trust or of the estate of a deceased being a national or resident of the USA.

This definition is subject to change. Thus, future investors are recommended to have their investment in the Fund examined by their own tax advisor regarding potential consequences of FATCA.

In case investors already invested in the Fund get the status of one of the investor groups specified above, the investors shall be required to immediately inform the Management Company thereof and to sell their complete holdings in the Fund. In case the Fund should be legally required to pay withholding tax or to perform reporting or suffer other damages due to the lack of FATCA conformity of one investor, the Fund reserves the right to assert claims for damages against such investor, notwithstanding any other rights. For aspects regarding FATCA and the FATCA status of the Fund, investors and potential investors are recommended to contact their financial, tax and / or legal advisers.

Note regarding the disclosure of information outside of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg

The Fund, the Management Company, the Registrar Agent and other agents are allowed to disclose data concerning investors to external parties, e. g. to the Fund Incepting Company, Authorised Distributors or as deemed necessary by the Fund, the Management Company, the Registrar Agent. or other agents used by them for the provisioning of extended investor services, and - especially regarding the Registrar Agent - used for the delegation of data processing operations within the tasks of the Transfer and Register Agent. Moreover, the applicant further agrees that data on investors (subject to the application of local laws and / or provisions) may be used outside of Luxembourg and may thus be subject to the examination by Supervisory and Tax Authorities outside of Luxembourg. In case data on investors are communicated to countries whose data protection provisions are not regarded as equivalent, it is required by law that the Fund, the Management Company, the Register Agent or other agents take appropriate measures.

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MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

*For additional details related to the organisation of the Fund for each subfund,
please refer to the Special Regulations of this Sales Prospectus.*

Management Company	Lupus alpha Investment GmbH Speicherstraße 49-51 D-60327 Frankfurt am Main Commercial Register Frankfurt am Main HRB no. 52705
Managing Directors of the Management Company	<p><i>Dr. Götz Albert</i> also: Member of the Board of Lupus alpha Asset Management AG Frankfurt am Main</p> <p><i>Michaael Frick</i> also: Member of the Board of Lupus alpha Asset Management AG Frankfurt am Main</p> <p><i>Ralf Lochmüller</i> also: Spokesman of the Board of Lupus alpha Asset Management AG Frankfurt am Main Managing Director of Lupus alpha Holding GmbH</p>
Supervisory Board	<p><i>Chairman</i> Dr. Oleg de Lousanoff, solicitor and notary</p> <p><i>Deputy Chairman</i> Dietrich Twietmeyer, certified agricultural engineer</p> <p><i>Member</i> Dr. Helmut Wölfel, solicitor</p>
Fund Manager	Lupus alpha Asset Management AG Speicherstrasse 49-51 D-60327 Frankfurt am Main
Depository	RBC Investor Services Bank S.A. 14, Porte de France L-4360 Esch/Alzette
Central Administration, Register and Transfer Agent	RBC Investor Services Bank S.A. 14, Porte de France L-4360 Esch/Alzette
Paying Agents	<p><i>Luxembourg:</i> RBC Investor Services Bank S.A. 14, Porte de France L-4360 Esch/Alzette</p> <p><i>Austria:</i> UniCredit Bank Austria AG Schottengasse 6-8 A-1010 Vienna (Wien)</p>

Information Agents

Germany:
Lupus alpha Asset Management AG
Speicherstrasse 49-51
D-60327 Frankfurt am Main

Austria:
UniCredit Bank Austria AG
Schottengasse 6-8
A-1010 Vienna (Wien)

Distributor

Lupus alpha Asset Management AG
Speicherstrasse 49-51
D-60327 Frankfurt am Main

The Management Company may appoint additional Distributors and sell the units of the Fund in one or another jurisdiction. For more details regarding potential other Distributors for the relevant subfund, please refer to the Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus.

Independent Auditors of the Fund

KPMG Luxembourg Société coopérative
39, Avenue John F. Kennedy
L-1855 Luxembourg

Independent Auditor of the Management Company

KPMG Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft
The Squaire
Am Flughafen
D-60549 Frankfurt am Main

Sales Prospectus

General Regulations

The Fund

The Lupus alpha Fonds ("the Fund") was incepted due to the initiative of Lupus alpha Investment S.A.). The Lupus alpha Fonds is managed by Lupus alpha Investment GmbH ("the Management Company").

The Fund was incepted initially by Lupus alpha Investment S.A. pursuant to Section I of the Luxembourg Law of 30 March 1988 on Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities ("the Law of 30 March 1988") as an investment fund (*fonds commun de placement*) on 13 December 2000. On 1 July 2011, the Fund was adapted to the Luxembourg Law of 17 December 2010, Section I, on Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities, as amended, ("the Law of 2010"). As the Fund was placed under the Law of 2010, the Simplified Sales Prospectuses of the subfunds were replaced by the Key Investor Information Document (KIID). On 1 January 2020, the Fund was transferred from Lupus alpha Investment S.A. to Lupus alpha Investment GmbH as part of an EU passporting process according to Art. 18 of the Directive 2009/65/EC and Section 49 par. 5 of the Capital Investment Code (Kapitalanlagegesetzbuch). The Fund enables the investors to become joint owners of an investment fund pursuant to Luxembourg Law.

The Fund is a legally dependent special fund held jointly by all unitholders and managed by the Management Company in its own name, but for the joint account of the unitholders. To this effect, the Management Company shall invest the money received in its own name and for the joint account of the unitholders, the principle of risk diversification considered. The money received and the instruments (assets) acquired from this money constitute the assets of the Fund which are kept separate from the assets of the Management Company. The unitholders participate in the Fund's assets via the number of their units.

Under the very same Fund, investors are being offered one or several subfund(s) (subsequently referred to as "subfunds"), which invest in assets according to their relevant special investment policy. Within each subfund, it is permitted to issue additional categories of units ("unit classes") to be determined by the Board of Directors from time to time, with different features, such as a specific distribution or accumulation policy, a specific fee structure or other specific features as determined by the Board of Directors and specified for each subfund in the Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus.

The assets of the relevant subfunds shall be invested based on the principle of risk diversification in line with the investment principles defined in the Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus for the relevant subfund, and within the investment restrictions determined by the Management Regulations.

In this context, the respective subfund is not using any benchmark to mirror an index or index combination in full or in part or to determine the composition of the subfund. Should the respective subfund indicate a benchmark for comparison to present its value development, the respective fund management of the subfund is not bound to follow the composition of the benchmark. Within the scope of the investment restrictions imposed, the fund management can fully deviate from the composition of the benchmark. The Management Company issued a written order stipulating that in case of substantial changes or loss of the benchmark, countermeasures are to be taken. The written order defines when a benchmark is considered changed and which alternative benchmarks are to be used in case of change or loss. The written order of the Management Company is available on the website of the Company at [://www.lupusalpha.de/nc/privatanleger/downloads/](http://www.lupusalpha.de/nc/privatanleger/downloads/) in the "Pflichtveröffentlichungen" (mandatory disclosures) category.

The relevant subfunds may feature different investment objectives and weightings. The investment policy of each subfund is specified in the Special Regulations of this Sales Prospectus. The Management Company shall determine the investment policy of each subfund and is authorised to add additional subfunds and / or to liquidate existing subfunds or unit classes. The Company is fully responsible for the determination and execution of the investment policy. The unitholders will be informed thereof by an updated Sales Prospectus and / or updated Management Regulations.

Derivatives, techniques and instruments specified in Clauses 7 and 8 of the Management Regulations may be used to efficiently manage the Fund's assets, to hedge against currency, interest and price risks and to cover other risks. The Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus specifies for each subfund the purposes for which techniques and instruments may be used.

The Fund does not currently enter into total return swaps or the following securities financing transactions as defined in Regulation (EU) 2015/2365 on the transparency of securities financing transactions and re-use and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (the "**SFT Regulation**"):

- Securities Repurchase Agreements and Reverse Repurchase Agreements;
- Securities lending or borrowing transactions;
- Buy/sell-back transaction or a sell/buy-back transaction;

- Lombard transactions.

Should a subfund use such securities financing transactions and total return swaps in the future, this Prospectus will be amended in accordance with the SFT Regulation beforehand.

The Management Company uses the services of a Fund Manager to invest the assets of the subfunds upon careful consideration of opportunities and risks. The Fund Manager shall watch the financial markets, analyse the allocation of the investments of the Fund's monies, make the daily investment decisions in their own name and for the account of the subfund in consideration of the principles of the investment policy and the investment limits determined for each subfund, and select brokers for trading transactions.

General risk information

It is to be considered that securities do not only imply opportunities for price gains, but risks as well. The prices of the securities of a fund may go up or down compared to the price paid. Above all, this depends on the development of the capital markets or on the special developments of the relevant issuers which are not always foreseeable. There is no guarantee that the objectives of the investment policy will be achieved. Moreover, it cannot be ensured that the unitholder will get back the value of his / her initial investment in case of redemption of units.

Compared to traditional investment options, certain investment opportunities such as derivatives or other techniques and instruments involve elevated risks. They include especially investments in warrants on indices, options and financial futures.

Above all, an investment in the subfund may involve the following risk factors:

General market risk

The price or market development of financial products depend especially on the development of the capital markets under the influence of the general situation of the world economy and the economic and political background of the relevant countries. The general development of prices - especially on a stock exchange - can also be subject to the influence of irrational factors such as sentiment, opinions and rumours.

Liquidity risk

The fund may also acquire assets not admitted for trading on a stock exchange or included in a regulated market. The purchase of such assets includes the risk that problems may arise especially when selling such assets to third parties. Moreover, there is the risk that titles traded in a more narrow market segment may be subject to considerable price volatility.

Counterparty risk, default risk

The default risk (counterparty risk) normally means the risk that a party, especially the party of a mutual contract, may default with its claim (insolvency). This applies to all contracts concluded for the account of an investment fund. If transactions are not made via a stock exchange or a regulated market (OTC transactions), there is the risk that the counterparty of the transaction defaults or fails to fully comply with its obligations. This applies above all to transactions involving techniques and instruments. Liquidity risk is the risk that a particular investment cannot be traded quickly enough without affecting the price of the asset. Trading volumes in other securities held by a subfund may fluctuate significantly and such securities may be less liquid as a result of market developments, adverse investor perceptions or other factors. In extreme cases, there may be no willing buyer or no acceptable price for certain securities. In order to meet redemption requests, a subfund may have to sell securities more quickly and at an unfavourable time or price than would have been desirable, which may adversely affect the value of the shares of the selling shareholders and the remaining shareholders. This risk may be exacerbated to the extent that a subfund has only one or more large shareholders holding a substantial portion of the shares of the subfund.

Credit risk

Debt obligations such as bonds are subject to a credit risk regarding the issuer. The issuer shall be rated via an internal or external credit rating. Debt obligations issued by issuers with a lower rating are generally regarded as debt obligations with a higher credit risk and a higher default probability compared to securities issued by issuers with a higher rating. They show higher price fluctuations, a higher risk of loss of the capital invested and of the current income than bonds with a higher rating.

Currency risk

As the assets and liabilities of a subfund may be denominated in a currency other than the base currency, a subfund may benefit or suffer from exchange control requirements or exchange rate fluctuations between the base currency and the other currencies. Fluctuating exchange rates may affect the value of the units of a subfund, the dividends or interest received and the realised profits or losses. Currency exchange rates are dominated by supply and demand on the currency markets, speculation and other conditions, e. g. economic and political aspects.

In case the currency of a security increases in value compared to the base currency, the value of the security goes up as well. On the other hand, a lower exchange rate of the currency is disadvantageous for the value of the security.

A subfund may perform currency transactions to hedge the exchange rate risk, but there is no guaranty that the intended purpose of the hedge or protection will be achieved. This strategy may also restrict the opportunities of a subfund to benefit from the performance of its securities if the price of the currency of its securities increases compared to the base currency.

Interest rate risk

To the extent the Fund invests in interest-bearing securities, it is subject to the interest rate risk. In case the market interest level is higher than at the time of issue, the prices of the bonds tend to decline. A declining market interest level in turn results in higher prices for bonds. This price development means that the current yield of the relevant bond corresponds roughly to the current market interest level. However, such price fluctuations depend on the residual term of the relevant securities. Shorter-term bonds are less susceptible to interest rate risks than longer-term bonds.

Risks related to the topic of sustainability

In assessing the suitability of an issuer in relation to the topic of ESG (Environmental & Social Governance) classification, the Fund Manager relies in part on information and data from third party providers. Due to the lack of harmonised definitions and designations in relation to ESG criteria, ESG information from third party providers pertaining to such data may be incomplete, inaccurate or unavailable. As a result, there is a risk that the Fund Manager may misprice a security or issuer, resulting in the incorrect inclusion or exclusion of a security in a subfund's portfolio.

There is also a risk that the Fund Manager may not correctly apply the relevant ESG information criteria or that the relevant subfunds may be indirectly exposed to issuers that do not meet the relevant criteria.

Where ESG criteria are used in a subfund as a basis for an investment decision and/or the inclusion or exclusion of securities from the subfund's portfolio, opportunities to invest in individual securities and/or sectors, countries or market segments may be foregone for non-investment-related reasons, thereby having a positive or negative impact on performance. This may result in the subfund's performance profile differing from that of other investment funds that invest in a similar investment sphere of potential investments, but which do not apply ESG criteria.

Risks in connection with derivative transactions

Purchase and sale of options and the conclusion of futures contracts or swaps are related to the following risks, including:

- Price changes of the underlying may reduce the value of an option right or a futures contract down to nil. Price changes of an underlying asset for a swap transaction may also result in losses to the investment fund.
- The conclusion of a possibly necessary counter-deal (offsetting trade) causes additional costs.
- The leverage effect of options may influence the value of the Fund's assets more than the direct purchase of securities.
- The risk of loss may increase if the obligations arising from such transactions or the consideration to be claimed from such transactions are denominated in a foreign currency.

An option is the right to buy ("call option") or sell ("put option") a certain asset at a predetermined price ("strike price") on a predetermined date ("exercise date") or within a predetermined period. The "premium" is the price of a call or put option. Options feature a so-called leverage effect. It means that it is possible to acquire - by using relatively little financial means, i. e. paying the option premium - a right to obtain an asset which would have been considerably more expensive if acquired directly. Correspondingly, the price changes of the options develop over-proportionally to the price changes of the options' underlying assets. Buying and selling of options is associated with particular risks. The premium paid for a purchased call or put option may be lost if the price of the underlying security of the option does not perform as expected and if it is therefore not in the interest of the Fund to exercise the option. When selling a call option, there is the risk that the Fund may no longer participate in a potentially substantial price increase of the security or may be forced to cover its position at unfavourable market conditions if the other party exercises the option.

When selling a put option there is the risk that the Fund is obliged to buy the underlying securities at the strike price, although the market value of these securities is considerably lower in case the option is exercised.

Similar risks exist in case of financial futures that are mutual contracts authorising or requiring the parties to the contract to receive or deliver a particular asset at a predetermined time and at a predetermined price. This implies considerable chances and risks as well, as only a fraction of the total contract volume ("margin") must be paid immediately. Any price volatility referred to the margin may result in substantial profits or losses.

A total return swap is a derivative for which all returns and price fluctuations of an underlying are switched against an agreed premium. The payment of the premium can be agreed to be fixed or variable. A contractual partner - a risk giver - transfers the full credit and market risk from the underlying to the other contractual partner, the risk taker. In turn, the risk giver pays a premium to the risk taker. The Fund applies total return swaps for hedging and investment purposes as well. This includes transactions for speculative purposes which may increase the risk of loss for the Fund at least temporarily. The Fund may use the following types of assets as underlyings for total return swaps: All admissible types of the Fund's assets may be used as underlyings. The Fund's assets may comprise completely of transactions based on total return swaps. The Company expects that - as a rule - not more than 10% of the Fund's assets will be used for total return swaps. However, this is only an estimation which can be considerably exceeded in individual cases. All returns from total return swaps less transaction costs will flow into the Fund. The contractual partners for total return swaps will be selected via the following criteria: It is a credit institution or financial service provider domiciled in an EU Member State or another member state of the European Economic Area Agreement or in a non-member state whose supervisory provisions are, in the view of the Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht (BaFin, Germany Federal Supervisory Authority), equivalent to those of Community Law. On principle, the contractual partner shall have a minimum rating of "Investment Grade" which may, however, be waived in justified exceptional cases. "Investment Grade" means a rating of "BBB-" and / or "Baa3" or better resulting from the credit audit performed by a rating agency (e. g. Standard & Poor's, Moody's or Fitch). The specific contractual partner will be selected predominantly in consideration of the offered contractual terms and their availability. The Company also reviews the economic situation of the contractual partners in question and the presented liquidity and the service offerings.

The fund may also acquire assets not admitted for trading on a stock exchange or included in an organised market. The purchase of such assets includes the risk that problems may arise especially when selling such assets to third parties.

For specific risk disclosures, please refer to the Special Regulations of the relevant subfund in the section Risk profile of the subfund.

The Management Company

The Fund is managed by Lupus alpha Investment GmbH. in line with the Management Regulations of the Fund which are an integral component of this Sales Prospectus. The Management Regulations were published initially in the Mémorial C, Recueil des Sociétés et Associations ("Mémorial") on 25 January 2001. Changes to the Management Regulations most recently came into force on 30 January 2017 and were filed with the Register of Commerce and Companies in Luxembourg. Reference to this filing was published in the RESA (Receuil électronique des sociétés et associations) on 27 January 2017.

The Management Company was founded as a limited liability company (German GmbH) under the Law of the Federal Republic of Germany on 15 July 2001 for an indefinite period of time and recorded in the Commercial Register of Frankfurt am Main under no. 52705. The registered office of the Management Company is at D-60327 Frankfurt am Main, Speicherstraße 49-51. Lupus alpha Investment GmbH was founded in 2001 as fully-owned subsidiary of Lupus alpha Asset Management AG, Frankfurt am Main with authorized capital amounting to EUR 2,560k and as an asset management company manages AIF and UCITS. The Management Company, following a letter by the Federal Supervisory Authority (BaFin) on 23 June 2014, has received permission to operate as asset management company according to Sections 20 and 22 of the Capital Investment Code (KAGB). In the course of the application for a KAGB licence of Lupus alpha Kapitalanlagegesellschaft mbH, the Management Company was renamed to Lupus alpha Investment GmbH. The company's change in legal status to an asset management company and the renaming were certified by a notary and recorded at the Frankfurt Local Court under Commercial Register no. HRB 52705 on 15 July 2014.

The Lupus alpha Investment GmbH is part of the group of companies of the Lupus alpha Group. A profit transfer agreement has been in force with the sole shareholder, Lupus alpha Asset Management AG, Frankfurt since 2001.

- Within the context of adaption to the Capital Investment Code, the Management Company is allowed to manage UCITS funds since July 2013 in accordance with the UCITS Directive. In addition, the Management Company may manage the following funds ("investment assets") since July 2014 according to the KAGB:
- Mixed investment assets (Sections 218 cf. KAGB)
- Other investment assets (Sections 220 cf. KAGB)
- Closed domestic public AIFs according to Sections 261 cf. KAGB) and closed domestic special AIFs according to Sections 285 cf. KAGB, which invest in the following assets:
 - Assets according to Section 261 par.1 no.4 to 6 KAGB
 - Securities according to Section 193 KAGB
 - Money market instruments according to Section 194 KAGB and
 - Bank deposits according to Section 195 KAGB

- Open domestic special AIFs with defined investment terms according to Section 284 KAGB, which invest in the following assets: The assets mentioned in Section 284 par.1 and 2 KAGB, assets mentioned in Section 284 par. 2 no.2 apart from letters e) f) and h).
- General open domestic special AIFs according to Section 282 KAGB, including hedge funds according to Section 283 KAGB, which invest in the following assets; The assets mentioned in Sections 284 par. 2 no.2 apart from letters e) f) and h).
- EU UCITS, EU AIFs and foreign AIFs, whose permissible assets correspond to those of domestic investment assets

The Fund Manager

The Management Company has commissioned Lupus alpha Asset Management AG, (the "Fund Manager") to manage the Lupus alpha Fonds. The remuneration of the Fund Manager is specified in the Management Regulations in Clause 15 "Costs of the Fund."

Lupus alpha Asset Management AG, Speicherstrasse 49-51, D-60327 Frankfurt am Main, is a public limited company under German Law operating in the fields of asset management, investment consulting, fund management and participations. Lupus alpha Asset Management AG was founded on 9 August 1996 and is registered in the Commercial Register in Frankfurt under the no. HRB-51190. The Company's share capital and its equity capital pursuant § 10 Kreditwesengesetz (KWG - German Banking Act) amounted to EUR 500,000 on 31 December 2006. The share capital was fully subscribed and paid-in.

The tasks of Lupus alpha Asset Management AG in its role as Fund Manager comprise the conduct of the day-to-day business of asset management under the supervision, responsibility and control of the Management Company, as well as other related services. These tasks shall be performed in compliance with the principles of the investment objectives, of the investment policy, the investment restrictions as well as the statutory investment restrictions as specified for the Fund in the Sales Prospectus and in the Management Regulations. The investment decision and the placement of orders shall remain in the sole discretion of the Fund Manager.

The management of the Fund includes a risk management process which at any time monitors and measures the risk related to the investments and their relevant portion of the total risk profile of the Fund. A procedure is used by order of the Management Company, that allows a precise and independent valuation of the OTC derivatives.

In the fulfilment of its tasks, the Fund Manager may - at its own cost and responsibility - consult third parties (natural or legal persons) and include subfund managers that exercise their role always under the responsibility of the Fund Manager. Moreover, the Fund Manager may at its own costs and responsibility appoint one or several sub-investment-advisors that only recommend investment decisions without managing the relevant sub-fund.

In any case, the subfund managers and the sub-investment-advisors shall be paid by Lupus alpha Asset Management AG.

The Depositary

The Management Company has appointed RBC Investor Services Bank S.A. ("**RBC**") with registered office in 14, Porte de France, L-4360 Esch-sur-Alzette, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, to act as Depositary and Central Paying Agent (the "Depositary") for the Fund, with the following responsibilities:

- (a) the custody of the assets;
- (b) supervisory duties;
- (c) monitoring the cash flows;
- (d) role of Central Paying Agent,

according to statutory provisions and the Depositary Bank and Principal Paying Agent Agreement, dated 18 March 2016, concluded between the Management Company, acting in the name of the Fund, and RBC (the "**Depositary Bank and Principal Paying Agent Agreement**").

RBC is registered with the Luxembourg Company Register (RCS) under number B-47192 and was incorporated in 1994 under the name "First European Transfer Agent". RBC has a licence to carry out banking activities under the terms of the Luxembourg law of 5 April 1993 on the Financial Services Sector and specialises in custody, fund accounting and related services. Its capital resources amounted to EUR 554,075,000 on 12 September 2018.

The Management Company has authorised the Depositary to transfer their custodian obligations (i) regarding other assets to agents and (ii) regarding financial instruments to sub-depositaries and to open accounts with these sub-depositaries.

Upon request, you may obtain a current description of the custodian obligations transferred by the Depositary, and a current list comprising all agents and sub-depositaries, from the Depositary or at the following link: <https://apps.rbcits.com/RFP/gmi/updates/Appointed%20subcustodians.pdf>

In the execution of its duties pursuant to the legal provisions and the Depositary Bank and Principal Paying Agent Agreement, the Depositary shall act in a honest, fair and professional fashion, independently and in the sole interest of the Fund and the unitholders.

In the scope of its supervisory duties, the Depositary shall:

- ensure that the sale, the issue, redemption, out-payment and the cancellation of units executed in the name of the Fund will be performed in compliance with the legal provisions and the Management Regulations / the contractual requirements of the Fund;
- ensure that the value of the shares / units will be calculated pursuant to the legal requirements and the Company's Articles of Incorporation / the Management Regulations;
- comply with the instructions of the Fund or the Management Company acting in the name of the Fund, unless they fail to comply with the Law or the Management Regulations;
- ensure that, in transactions involving the assets of the Fund, any consideration is remitted to the Fund within the customary settlement dates;
- ensure that the returns of the Fund are used pursuant to the legal provisions or the Management Regulations.

The Depositary shall also ensure that the cash flows will be appropriately monitored in line with the legal provisions and the Depositary Bank and Principal Paying Agent Agreement.

The Depositary's Conflicts of Interest

From time to time, conflicts of interest may occur between the Depositary and the agents, e. g. if an appointed agent is a group company that renders other custodian services for the Fund against remuneration. Based on applicable laws and regulations, the Depositary continuously examines potential conflicts of interest that may come up during the exercise of its function. Any discovered potential conflict of interest will be treated according to the RBC Guideline on Conflicts of Interest which again is subject to the applicable laws and regulations for financial institutes in line with the Luxembourg Law of 5 April 1993 on the Financial Sector.

Moreover, potential conflicts of interest may emerge if services for the Fund, the Management Company and / or other parties will be rendered by the Depositary and / or its group companies. E. g. the Depositary and / or its group companies may act as depositary, custodian bank and / or administration agent for other funds. Thus, it is possible that conflicts of interest or potential conflicts of interest may emerge in the execution of its operations between the Depositary (or one of its group companies) and the Fund, the Management Company and / or other funds, for which the Depositary (or one of its group companies) acts.

RBC has introduced a conflicts of interest policy with the following objective:

- to identify and analyse situations that may include a potential conflict of interest;
- to detect, manage and monitor conflicts of interest;
 - by the implementation of a functional and hierarchical segmentation that ensures that the operations will be executed independently of the tasks of the Depositary;
 - by the implementation of preventive measures to avoid any activity that may lead to conflicts of interest, such as:
 - RBC and any third party to which custodian bank tasks have been transferred reject any appointment as asset managers.
 - RBC rejects the transfer of any compliance and risk management tasks.
 - RBC has set up an effective escalation procedure to ensure that regulatory violations will be communicated to the compliance desk that in turn shall communicate major violations to the company management and the Board of Directors.
 - RBC has a specialised auditing department of its own that performs risk assessments independently and factually, and assesses internal control procedures and administrative processes regarding usability and efficiency.

Based on the above statement, RBC confirmed that no potential conflict of interest had been detected.

The above-mentioned current policy on conflicts of interest is available upon request via the Depositary or via the following link:

https://www.rbcits.com/AboutUs/CorporateGovernance/p_InformationOnConflictsOfInterestPolicy.aspx

Central Administration, Register and Transfer Agent

By agreement dated 30 December 2005 ("Register and Transfer Agent Agreement"), the Management Company has appointed RBC Investor Services Bank S.A. to act as Register Agent. The tasks of the Register and Transfer Agent comprise the Fund accounting, the calculation of the net asset value, the preparation of the Annual and Semi-annual Reports and the role as Central Paying Agent.

Units and Distribution

In compliance with applicable laws, the Management Company intends to appoint distributors (the "Distributors") for the distribution of units of the Fund in all countries in which the distribution of such units is permitted. The Distributors are authorised to keep or fully or partially renounce the relevant applicable sales charge concerning the units they have sold. The Distributors' Distribution Agreements are concluded for an unspecified period of time and may be terminated by the Parties with three months' prior written notice.

In compliance with FATCA regulations, the Management Company shall only accept such nominees, traders and correspondent banks as distributors, that undertake to keep evidence for the Company regarding the FATCA status - within the period of time specified by the FATCA regulations - and to inform the Management Company within a period of 90 days, beginning from the day of the status change, about any status change. Units held by nominees and traders without FATCA conformity shall either be transformed in direct participations of the benefiting investor - provided the benefiting investor is not excluded from direct participation - or be transferred to another FATCA-compliant nominee or trader. The transformation or transfer shall be effected within 90 days following the receipt of the relevant information about the changed FATCA status of the nominee or the trader. Upon purchase of the units, the investor confirms to accept the transfer and / or transformation in the cases described above.

The Management Company has appointed one Distributor for the Fund's units and may appoint others. For more details thereabout, please refer to the relevant subfund in the Special Regulations of this Sales Prospectus.

The relevant subfunds offer the investors registered units kept with RBC Investor Services Bank S.A. The Fund's Register and Transfer Agent shall be responsible for taking appropriate action regarding compliance with the provisions concerning the fight against money laundering pursuant to the applicable laws of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and to consider and implement the circulars issued by the Luxembourg supervisory authority ("Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier").

Such actions may result in the Register and Transfer Agent requesting documents required for the identification of future investors. For example, retail clients may be requested to submit a certified copy of their ID-cards or passports. Such certifications can be issued e. g. by the Embassy, the Consulate, a notary public, a police officer or any other authorised agency. Institutional clients may be requested to present a certified copy of a certificate of registration in the Commercial Register including all changes of the names or the articles of incorporation, and a list of all their shareholders with certified copies of their ID-cards or passports.

The Register and Transfer Agents reserve the right to reject the issue of units or the acceptance of units via the transfer of securities pending final identification of the potential investors or the beneficiaries of the transfer. This shall also apply to payments in case of redemption of units. Such payments shall only be effected upon complete compliance with the duty of identification. In all these cases, the Register and Transfer Agent cannot be made liable for any interests for default, incurring expenses or for any other compensation in value.

In case of default or inappropriate evidence for identification, the Register and Transfer Agent may take appropriate action as deemed necessary.

Depending on any subscription or transfer order, a detailed identification of the ordering party may not be required if the order is executed via a financial institution or an authorised financial provider and if such institution or provider is domiciled in a country which requires provisions equivalent to the Luxembourg Law on Money Laundering and complies with the requirements specified by the "Financial Action Task Force (FATF)". The list of countries that acknowledge the FATF requirements is available at the registered office of the Register and Transfer Agent or via Internet at „<http://www1.oecd.org/fatf>“.

The Management Company reminds the investors of the fact that investors can only claim their investor rights in their entirety against the Fund if the investors are entered in the shareholder register of the Fund themselves and with their own names. In cases where investors have invested in a fund via an intermediary that performs the investment in its own name, but by order of the investors, it may occur that not all investor rights can be claimed directly via the investors against the fund. Investors are advised to get legal advice regarding their rights.

In case the Board of Directors is informed that a person that is excluded from investments in the Fund (e. g. US Person) or that is to be excluded is acting - either alone or together with another person - as a beneficiary or a registered unitholder, the Board of Directors shall be free to compulsorily redeem the units.

After inception of the Fund, the purchase of units is effected on principle at the issue price of the valuation day - applicable to the relevant subfund - (as defined in the Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus) on which the subscription application has been filed and the money received.

The Management Company is authorised to prepare a specific, separate Sales Prospectus for each subfund. Such separate Sales Prospectus includes the General Regulations of the global Sales Prospectus, the Management Regulations and the Special Regulations of the global Sales Prospectus concerning the relevant subfund. The Sales Prospectuses are available free of charge at the registered office of the Management Company and at the Paying Agents and Distributors.

The global Sales Prospectus of the Fund including the Special Regulations concerning all subfunds is available free of charge at the registered office of the Management Company.

Distribution in the Scope of Financial Products

In compliance with applicable national laws and practices of the country of distribution, a Distributor shall be authorised to offer units of the Fund in connection with regular subscriptions (savings plan).

In this context, the Distributor shall especially be authorised:

- to offer multi-year savings plans specifying the terms and conditions and the initial subscription amount and the amount of the regular subscriptions;
- to offer better terms than the usual terms for the purchase and conversion of units for sales and conversion fees of savings plans, the maximum rates specified in this Sales Prospectus considered.

The terms and conditions of such savings plans, especially the fees, depend on the legislation of the distribution country and are available from each Distributor; investors may at any time make subscriptions outside of a savings plan and / or terminate the regular subscriptions without complying with a period of notice. To the extent savings plans are offered, the sales charge shall only be levied on the payments actually made.

In compliance with applicable national laws and practices of the country of distribution, a Distributor shall also be authorised to offer units as an investment portion in connection with a fund-based life insurance. The legal relationship between the Management Company, the Distributor and / or the insurance company and the investors is governed by the life insurance policy and the laws applicable to it.

Prevention of Market Timing and Late Trading Practices

The practices of Market Timing and Late Trading are not allowed.

Market Timing means arbitrage transactions where investors systematically buy units of the same fund within a short period of time to benefit from time differences and the imperfection or weakness of the valuation system of the net asset value of the fund, and redeem or convert such units.

The Management Company reserves the right to reject subscription or conversion applications from an investor who is suspected of using such practices and, if necessary, to take all reasonable measures to protect the other investors of the fund.

Late Trading means the acceptance of a subscription, conversion or redemption application after the cut-off time of the relevant day and execution thereof at a price corresponding to the net asset value of the relevant day.

On principle, the investor must subscribe, redeem or convert units of the fund at a net asset value that has not been known before.

Taxation

Taxation of the Fund

In the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, the Fund's assets are subject to a *taxe d'abonnement* ("subscription tax") of 0.05% p. a., payable quarterly for the Fund's assets reported at the end of each quarter.

Except for a one-time tax of EUR 1,250 paid at the setting-up of the Fund, the income resulting from the investment of the Fund's assets is not subject to taxation in Luxembourg; it may, however, be subject to a withholding tax in countries where the Fund's assets are invested. Neither the Management Company, nor the Depositary will obtain receipts regarding such withholding taxes for individual or the entirety of unitholders.

The above information is based on the current legal situation and administrative practice and is subject to change.

Taxation of the unitholders

Pursuant to current legislation and practice, unitholders are not subject to income, wealth, gift or inheritance tax in Luxembourg (except for unitholders that are / were domiciled or residing in Luxembourg or have a registered office there).

On 3 June, 2003, the Council of the European Union adopted the Directive 2003/48/EC (the Savings Directive) on taxation of savings income in the form of interest payments, which governs the taxation of interest payments made from one EU Member State to individuals domiciled in another EU Member State. This Directive took effect on 1 July, 2005.

The taxation of such interest payments is effected via the exchange of information between the Member States of the European Union.

However, instead of exchanging information, Luxembourg is authorised to levy a withholding tax for a transition period. Thus, the withholding tax could be applied if a Luxembourg Paying Agent pays distributions (a re-invested dividend is regarded as a distribution payment) and redeems units (including redemptions in the form of contributions in kind) to the benefit of unitholders who are individuals domiciled in another EU Member State.

Investors be advised that the conversion of units may also be subject to withholding tax, as the conversion comprises the redemption of units, followed by a subscription.

In case withholding tax is applied, its rate has been 35% since 1 July, 2011.

On request, unitholders may opt for the information exchange pursuant to the Savings Directive, which would result in the transfer of information on distributions or redemptions to the tax authorities of their state of residence.

Potential investors should seek professional advice regarding potential consequences according to the laws of their country of citizenship or domicile or residence regarding taxation or other aspects which may arise from buying, holding, converting, transferring or selling units.

Automated information exchange on financial accounts pursuant to the Common Reporting Standard (CRS)

The Common Reporting Standard (CRS) has been drafted by the OECD on the initiative and with the cooperation of the G20 states and the EU and was published on 13 February, 2014. The initiative aims at curbing tax fraud via offshore accounts and to effectively ensure the taxation of foreign capital gains of domestic taxpayers via a tax information exchange.

In order to determine the reportable investors and to report them annually to the competent financial authorities in the scope of the automatic tax information exchange, the financial institutes shall be obligated in the scope of CRS to comply with due diligence obligations.

Besides interest payments, the scope of application of the CRS covers all kinds of capital gains of natural or legal persons (e. g. dividends, income from certain insurance contracts and similar income), as well as account balances and income from the sale of financial assets.

On 9 December, 2014, the European Union has included the obligation for the automated exchange of (tax) information in its European Regulatory Framework via the EU-Directive 2014/107/EC. In Luxembourg, this Directive has been transformed into national Law by the Law of 18 December, 2015, published on 24 December, 2015 („CRS Law“). Thus, Luxembourg is required to collect from the financial institutes domiciled in its territory - which also includes the Management Company - information on persons subject to taxation in other member states and to provide such information to the other member states.

In the scope of implementation at national level, Luxembourg is among the "Early Adopters" and will thus perform the automated information exchange based on the standard for the first time in the year of 2017 for the information related to the year of 2016.

This includes the following information, among others:

- Name, address, tax identification number, tax-related countries of residence and date and place of birth of any reportable person,
- account and / or unit register no.,
- value of the units,
- credited capital gains, including sales proceeds.

The investor is obligated to immediately report to the Company any change of events that influence and / or change their tax residence in order to enable the Company to fully comply with its statutory reporting requirements.

Information to unitholders

The Management Company shall ensure that information intended for unitholders is disclosed in an appropriate way. The issue and redemption prices can be obtained on each valuation day at the domicile of the Management Company, the Depository and the Paying Agents, the Information Agents and the Distributors.

Information intended for unitholders is published to the extent required by law in the "Mémorial" and the "Luxemburger Wort" in Luxembourg and, additionally, in at least one national paper in such countries where the units are publicly distributed.

This Sales Prospectus including the Management Regulations of the Fund, the Key Investor Information Document (KIID) and other information related to the Fund or the Management Company is available at the domicile of the Management Company and at the Paying and Information Agents free of charge.

The addresses of the Paying and Information Agents are specified in the section "Management and Administration".

The contractual rights and obligations of the Management Company, the Depository and the unitholders regarding the Fund are specified in the following Management Regulations.

Remuneration Policy

The Management Company is subject to the applicable regulatory provisions regarding its remuneration systems, especially subject to the requirements pursuant to

- (i) the UCITS Directive 2014/91/EU, the ESMA Final Report: Guidelines on Sound Remuneration Policies under the UCITS Directive and the AIFM Directive, published on 31 March, 2016,
- (ii) the AIFM Guideline 2011/61/EU, implemented in the Luxembourg AIFM Law dated 12 July, 2013, as amended, the ESMA Guidelines on Sound Remuneration Policies pursuant to AIFM, published on 11 February, 2013, and
- (iii) CSSF Circular 10/437 on Guidelines on Remuneration Policies in the Financial Sector. This said, the Management Company has decided its own Remuneration Principles which include a performance-related and company-oriented remuneration for the employees. These Remuneration Principles shall be reviewed at least annually.

The above Remuneration Principles establish a sustainable and effective risk management framework, comply with the investors' interests and prevent any risk-taking that fails to comply with the risk profile or the Management Regulations of the Fund. Moreover, the Remuneration Principles shall ensure that all employees of the Management Company including their Management comply with the strategic objectives of the Management Company. Specifically, the Principles focus on the Management Company operating in a sustainable way, including additional measures to avoid conflicts of interest.

That approach also focuses on the following, among others:

- The remuneration of the Management is determined by the Board of Directors. For the other employees, the employment contract governs the parameters of the current remuneration system.
- The employees and the Management receive an appropriate fixed remuneration for their work without any flexible remuneration.
- The remuneration is determined in consideration of the activity of the individual employee, including their responsibilities and the complexity of their work, the performance and the local market situation.

All applicable details shall be specified in the Annual Reports of the Management Company pursuant to the provisions of UCITS Directive OGAW-Richtlinie 2014/91/EU. Additional information regarding the calculation of the remuneration, the additionally granted benefits, the identity of the persons in charge for the implementation of the remuneration and other benefits and other details regarding the current remuneration policy of the Management Company are available on the website of the Company at <https://www.lupusalpha.de/nc/privatanleger/downloads/> in the "Pflichtveröffentlichungen" (mandatory disclosures) category. Upon request, the current remuneration policy is available in writing and free of cost from the Management Company.

Liquidity management process

The Management Company has established and implemented (and it consistently applies) a liquidity risk management process. It has implemented prudent and rigorous liquidity management procedures that enable it to monitor the liquidity risks of the subfunds and to ensure compliance with the internal liquidity thresholds so that a subfund can normally meet its obligation to redeem its units at any time at the request of unitholders.

Qualitative and quantitative measures are used to monitor portfolios and securities to ensure that investment portfolios are appropriately liquid and that the subfunds are able to meet shareholders' redemption requests. In addition, shareholder concentrations are reviewed on a regular basis to assess their potential impact on the liquidity of the subfunds.

Subfunds are reviewed individually with regard to liquidity risks.

The Management Company's liquidity management process takes into account the investment strategy, the trading frequency, the liquidity (and its valuation) of the underlying assets and the shareholder base.

Liquidity risks are described in more detail in the section "Liquidity risk" in section 7 "Note on special risks". The Board of Directors or the Management Company may also use the following liquidity management approaches, among others, to manage liquidity risk:

As described under Article 14 of the Management Regulations "Suspension of the Calculation of the Net Asset Value", the Management Company is authorised to temporarily suspend the calculation of the Net Asset Value, as well as the redemption of units of one or more subfund.

As described under Article 11 of the Management Regulations "Redemption of Units", the Management Company is authorised, with the prior approval of the Depositary, to make large redemption requests which cannot be made from liquid assets and permitted borrowings only after corresponding assets of the Fund have been sold without delay, with redemptions being effected at the Net Asset Value per unit of the valuation day on which the sale was made. In this case, the same valuation day will be applied to redemption requests submitted at the same time. The investors concerned will be informed of this by the Management Company without delay.

Unitholders wishing to make their own assessment of the liquidity risk of the underlying assets should note that the full portfolio holdings of the subfunds are disclosed in the latest annual report or bi-annual report, if more recent, as further described under Article 21 of the Management Regulations "Accounting Policies".

Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council dated 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosure requirements in the financial services sector ("SFDR")

The Management Company identifies and analyses sustainability risks as part of its risk management process.

The Management Company and the Fund Manager analyse, identify and integrate sustainability risks as part of the investment decision-making process, as they believe that such an integration could help to improve long-term risk-adjusted returns for investors in accordance with the subfund's investment objectives and policies.

Sustainability risks refer to environmental, social or governance-related events or conditions, the occurrence of which could have an actual (or potential) material adverse effect on the value of a subfund's investment. Sustainability risks may either be a risk in their own right or have an impact on other risks and may contribute materially to risks such as market risks, operational risks, liquidity risks or counterparty risks.

Assessing sustainability risks is complex and may rely on environmental, social or governance-related data that is difficult to obtain, incomplete, estimated, outdated or otherwise materially inaccurate. Even if these are identified, there can be no guarantee that this data will be assessed correctly.

Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on indices used as a benchmark or to measure the performance of an investment fund in financial instruments and financial contracts.

The Management Company has prepared a robust written plan setting out the actions that will be taken if a benchmark changes materially or ceases to be provided. The Management Company maintains this plan which is available free of charge at the registered office of the Management Company.

In this Prospectus, the following benchmarks are used to calculate the performance fee:

Subfund	Reference values	Administrator
Lupus alpha Sustainable Smaller Euro Champions	EURO STOXX® TMI Small EUR Net Return	STOXX Limited, Zürich
Lupus alpha Smaller German Champions	MDAX® Performance-Index	STOXX Limited, Zürich
Lupus alpha Smaller German Champions	SDAX® Performance-Index	STOXX Limited, Zürich
Lupus alpha Micro Champions	MSCI Europe Micro Cap Net Total Return (EUR)	MSCI Inc., New York
Lupus alpha Global Convertible Bonds	Refinitiv Global Focus Convertible Bonds Hedged (EUR) Index	Refinitiv Inc., New York
Lupus alpha All Opportunities Fund	€STR (ESTRON Index)	Europäische Zentralbank

Combating money laundering and the financing of terrorism

In accordance with international rules and Luxembourg laws and regulations (including, but not limited to, the law of 12 November 2004 on the fight against money laundering and the financing of terrorism, as amended) and CSSF regulations and circulars, obligations have been imposed on all professional stakeholders in the financial sector to prevent the use of collective investment undertakings for money laundering and terrorist financing purposes. As a result of these provisions, the Registrar and Transfer Agent of a Luxembourg collective investment undertaking must establish the identity of the principal in accordance with Luxembourg laws and regulations. The Management Company and the Registrar and Transfer Agent will, inter alia, require subscribers to provide acceptable proof of identity. In addition, the Registrar and Transfer Agent, as agent for the Fund, may request any other information requested by the Fund, in order to comply with its legal and regulatory obligations, including (but not limited to) the laws and regulations referred to above, the CRS Law and the FATCA Law.

In the event of an applicant's delay or failure to provide the required documents, the subscription application (or, if applicable, the redemption application) will not be accepted. Neither the Fund, the Management Company, nor the Registrar and Transfer Agent shall be liable for any delay or failure in the settlement of any transaction resulting from the failure or incompleteness of the documentation provided by the applicant.

In accordance with the Luxembourg law of 13 January 2019 establishing a register of beneficial owners, unitholders are informed that the Management Company acting on behalf of the Fund may be required to submit certain information to the register of beneficial owners in Luxembourg. The competent authorities, as well as the general public, will have access to the register and to the relevant information of the beneficial owners of the Fund, including the name, month and year of birth, country of residence and nationality. This law defines beneficial owners as a reference to economic beneficiaries – under the amended law of 12 November 2004 on the fight against money laundering and the financing of terrorism – as the unitholders who own more than 25% of the units of the Fund or otherwise control the Fund. Shareholders may be required to provide additional or updated identification documents from time to time in accordance with ongoing customer due diligence requirements under relevant laws and regulations.

Additional information for investors in the Federal Republic of Germany and the Republic of Austria

Special Risks due to Tax Obligations of Proof regarding Germany:

The Management Company is required to evidence the correctness of the published tax bases upon request of the German financial authority. The calculation base for these numbers is subject to interpretation and it cannot be guaranteed that the German financial authorities accept the calculation method of the Management Company in every respect. Moreover, investors should consider the following: Should these publications turn out to be incorrect, any subsequent correction may not have retroactive effects and may become effective only in the current business year. Due to the correction, investors receiving a distribution or being credited with an accumulation amount in the current business year may be charged or credited.

Special risks for investors in the Republic of Austria

UniCredit Bank Austria AG, domiciled in A-1010 Vienna, Schottengasse 6-8, has taken over the role as Paying and Information Agent for the Republic of Austria. KPMG Alpen-Treuhand GmbH Wirtschaftsprüfungs- und Steuerberatungsgesellschaft, domiciled in A-1090 Vienna, Porzellangasse 51, has taken over the role as tax representative.

Redemption and switching applications for units can be submitted to the Austrian Paying and Information Agent. Redemption prices, any distributions and other payments to the unitholders may be performed upon request of the unitholders via the Austrian Paying Agent.

The relevant valid Sales Prospectus including the Management Regulations, the Key Investor Information Document and the Annual and Semi-annual Reports are available free of charge at the Paying and Information Agent.

The net asset value per unit of each subfund, the issue, redemption and switching prices and any other financial information on the Fund that are available for unitholders at the registered office of the Fund are available at the Austrian Paying and Information Agent.

The issue and redemption prices shall also be published on each trading day in the electronic information media www.fundinfo.com.

Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus

Lupus alpha Fonds Lupus alpha Sustainable Smaller Euro Champions

ISIN no.:	Unit class A	LU0129232442
	Unit class C	LU0129232525
Security code no.:	Unit class A	974563
	Unit class C	940639
Currency of the subfund:	Euro (EUR)	
Minimum investment	Unit class A	none
	Unit class C	EUR 500,000

Investment policy

The investment policy aims at achieving the highest possible capital appreciation.

At least 51% of the subfund's assets shall be invested in small and medium European companies (Small- and Mid-Caps), for example in titles of the EURO STOXX® TMI Small EUR Net Return Index (an index of STOXX Limited, Zurich), admitted for trading on a stock exchange or admitted to or included in another organised market¹ and which are not units of an investment fund. Due to investment-policy interests, European Large Caps may be considered as well, if they are admitted for trading on a stock exchange or admitted to or included in another organised market¹ and which are not units of an investment fund.

Besides, it shall be allowed to buy fixed and variable interest-bearing securities, convertible bonds and warrant bonds with their warrants having securities as underlying, warrants, index and share certificates, participation certificates and other fixed interest-bearing securities (including zero bonds).

The subfund promotes environmental and/or social features but does not target sustainable investments. The subfund considers sustainability risks when making investment decisions. The Fund Manager will consider sustainability risks for the subfund in accordance with the subfund's investment policy. Sustainability risks may have a more material impact on the value of the Fund's investments in the medium- to long-term. Given that a deterioration of these ESG scores, as well as emerging controversies of target companies in which the subfund invests, may already have a negative impact on an investment of the subfund in the short- or medium-term, the Fund Manager pays particular attention to these ESG criteria and the changes over time. The subfund's investment in securities will only be made in those selected in accordance with the principles of sustainability. To this end, issuers are analysed and classified according to environmental, social and governance criteria. This includes, among other things, the issuers' environmental management, their social standards and corporate governance, as well as their product portfolio. This may lead to the exclusion of companies from certain sectors (such as controversial weapons, fossil fuels, nuclear energy). Likewise, investments should not be made in companies that violate human and labour rights, or that are involved in corruption. In addition, companies can be selected through the sustainability analysis depending on the contribution they make to the fulfilment of the Sustainable Development Goals of the United Nations.

Further information can be found on the following website of the Company in the section "Mandatory Publications" with the document name "Lupus alpha Sustainable Smaller Champions ESG Methodology": <https://www.lupusalpha.de/produkte/fonds/lupus-alpha-sustainable-smaller-euro-champions-a/>

The subfund shall not invest more than 25% of its assets in investments whose income present "interest payments" in the meaning of EU Directive 2003/48, dated 3 June 2003, on the Taxation of Interest Income.

Besides, the subfund may keep bank deposits and liquid assets.

Derivatives, techniques and instruments specified in Clauses 7 and 8 of the Management Regulations, such as futures, options and swaps, will only be used to hedge currency, interest and price risks and to hedge other risks.

¹ Such organised market shall at least comply with the requirements for organised markets pursuant to Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on Markets in Financial Instruments ("MiFID").

The subfund may invest up to 10% of its assets in units of other UCITS and / or other UCI pursuant to Clause 7 para. 2 of the Management Regulations.

The Fund does not track any securities index. The Company uses EURO STOXX® TMI Small EUR Net Return as a benchmark for the Fund. The EURO STOXX® TMI Small EUR Net Return is not tracked. The Fund Management actively decides on the selection of assets at its own discretion, taking into account the investment strategy set out above. It aims to outperform the benchmark. The composition of the Fund, as well as its performance, may deviate substantially to completely and over the long-term – either positively or negatively - from the benchmark.

Based on the sustainability risk assessment made, it is likely that the sustainability risks to which the subfund may be exposed will have a lower impact on the value of the subfund's investments in the medium- to long-term due to the application of the sustainability principles explained above.

The subfund is not obligated and the Fund Manager does not intend to invest in environmentally sustainable economic activities in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of 18 June 2020 establishing a framework to facilitate sustainable investments (the “**EU Taxonomy Regulation**”). In line with the application of environmental and/or social characteristics set out in the investment policy, the subfund applies a comprehensive negative screening to exclude stocks that do not meet certain minimum standards in the area of social standards, environmental management, product portfolio and corporate governance. However, it cannot be excluded that some of the underlying investments may unintentionally comply with the EU Taxonomy Regulation criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Risk profile of the subfund

This subfund shall invest predominantly in equities of small market capitalisation (small capitalisation). Such securities may be less liquid than securities of larger companies due to an insufficient trading volume or due to trading restrictions. Compared to the trading with securities of larger companies, such securities may be subject to short-term price volatility. The subfund may temporarily concentrate its investments more or less on specific sectors, countries or market segments. This may also lead to opportunities and risks.

The price development of the subfund depends on the price fluctuations of the assets held in the subfund and on the securities markets. Due to these price fluctuations, this value may go up or down.

The hedging of the subfund's assets by derivative instruments results in lower economic risks of the Fund, however, it cannot participate in a positive development in case of a positive development of the hedged asset.

Investments in warrants on securities are related to certain financial risks due to their higher volatility compared to their underlyings.

The risks of the subfund consist predominantly in general market risks, liquidity risks, currency risks, issuer risks and risks resulting from the changes of the market interest level.

Therefore, on principle, we cannot guarantee that the objectives of the investment policy will be achieved. Moreover, there is also no guarantee that the unitholders will get back the value of their original investment in case of redeeming the units.

Additional details regarding the risk information are specified in the section "General Risk Information" in the General Regulations of the Sales Prospectus.

Risk management procedures

The Board of Directors has classified this subfund as complex UCITS. Thus, a risk management procedure according to the so-called Value-at-Risk Approach (VaR) is applied.

In the case of a calculation using the VaR method, the leverage effect from the use of derivatives must also be stated in accordance with CSSF Circular 11/512. For this purpose, the ratio between the market exposure from the use of derivative financial instruments exceeding the Fund assets of the subfund, and the Fund assets of the subfund, is calculated. The target value for this leverage shown below may be exceeded, as well as fallen short of. It should be noted that a leverage effect calculated in this way has only limited informative value with regard to the market risks actually assumed.

A quantification of the market risks is carried out by means of the relative value-at-risk approach (VaR), whereby the expected value of the leverage effect is 0. The EURO STOXX® TMI Small EUR Net Return is used as the reference portfolio for the relative VaR. This equity index comprises shares of small and medium-sized European companies.

Profile of the investor

This subfund is intended especially for experienced institutional and private investors striving at a long-term securities investment with the objective to use multiple investment opportunities at the same time and to reduce the risk by diversification of the total investment assets. The investors have to be willing to accept and capable of accepting volatile developments of the investment and a potential major loss of capital. An at least a mid-term investment horizon is recommended.

Units of the subfund and unit classes

The Management Company has decided to issue different unit classes for the subfund.

The investment policy of all existing and future unit classes is identical to that of the complete subfund, the differences only consist in the costs incurring in such unit classes (as specified below under "Costs") and the amount of the minimum investment and, if applicable, the profit allocation (accumulating or distributing).

Currently, units of the subfund are only issued as distributing units, which means that sales proceeds, other income and interest, dividends and income from securities loans and repurchase agreements not intended for covering costs may be distributed. The management of the Management Company decides each year whether and to what amount a distribution will be done, the economic aspects and necessities considered. In case of a distribution, it shall be made annually within three months after the end of the business year.

Moreover, the Board of Directors shall be authorised to determine, by resolution of the Board, several interim distributions during the business year for the distributing unit classes. Date and amount of the individual interim distributions shall be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors.

Currently, the unit classes A and C are being issued in the scope of this subfund.

Additionally, the Management Company shall be authorised at any time to issue new units in unit categories to be determined by it, in currencies and with features to be determined by it. The Management Company's Board of Directors shall decide by resolution on the inception of a new unit class.

Net asset value, issue and redemption prices

(1) The net asset value and the issue and redemption prices shall be determined and calculated on each bank working day in Luxembourg and Frankfurt am Main (subsequently referred to as "valuation day") in the currency of the subfund. Valuation is generally waived on stock exchange days that are public holidays in one of the aforementioned places, as well as on 24 and 31 December. Currently, the following days are not classified as valuation days: New Year's Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, May Day, Europe Day (LUX), Ascension Day, Whit Monday, Corpus Christi, Luxembourg National Day (LUX), Assumption Day, German Unification Day (DEU), All Saints' Day, Christmas Eve, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Eve.

(2) Unit call-offs and redemption orders arriving at the Depository not later than 12:00 h on a valuation day shall be settled at the issue or redemption price of the valuation day. The issue price shall be paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the relevant valuation day. The redemption price is paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the relevant valuation day.

Unit call-offs and redemption orders arriving at the Depository later than 12:00 h on a valuation day shall be settled at the issue or redemption price of the next valuation day. The issue price shall be paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the next valuation day. The redemption price is paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the next calculation day.

(3) The issue price per unit corresponds to the net asset value per unit pursuant to Clause 13 of the Management Regulations plus a sales charge to the benefit of the Distributor.

- (a) For units of the unit class A, the sales charge amounts to up to 5.00% of the applicable net asset value per unit.
- (b) For units of the unit class C, the sales charge amounts to up to 5.00% of the applicable net asset value per unit.

Moreover, the issue price may be increased in certain countries because of their issuance taxes, stamp duties and other charges.

- (4) The redemption price for both unit classes shall be the net asset value per unit pursuant to Clause 13 of the Management Regulations. No redemption fee shall be levied.
- (5) The Management Company ensures an appropriate publication of the unit price in countries where the subfund is distributed publicly.

Conversion of units

- (1) There will be no conversion fee for the conversion of units of this subfund into units of another subfund pursuant to Clause 12 of the Management Regulations.
- (2) The conversion of units of the unit class A into units of the unit class C within this subfund, and the conversion of units of the unit class A into units of the unit class B, C, CAV, C-hedged or D into another subfund of this Fund is not possible.

Costs

- (1) For the management of the subfund pursuant to Clause 15 (1) of the Management Regulations, the Management Company shall receive the following management fee:
 - (a) for the units of unit class A max. 1.50% p. a. of the applicable net asset value.
 - (b) for the units of unit class C max. 1.00% p. a. of the applicable net asset value.

The management fee shall be calculated on each valuation day, accrued in the fund and paid out at the end of each month.

The Management Company may pass on parts of the Management Fee to intermediaries. The amount of these remunerations depends generally on the arranged fund volumes.

- (2) Performance-related remuneration:

For the management of the subfund, the fund manager may also receive a performance fee for unit class "C" and "A" of up to 17.50% of the amount by which the performance of the unit value exceeds the performance of the benchmark index at the end of a settlement period (outperformance over the benchmark index, i.e. positive deviation of the unit value performance from the benchmark market performance, herein after also referred to as "positive benchmark deviation").

- a) For units of unit class A, the performance fee is 17.50% of the outperformance.
- b) For units of unit class C, the performance fee is 12.50% of the outperformance.

The positive benchmark deviation is calculated as the excess return less all costs (e.g. management fees or administrative fees). If the unit value performance at the end of a settlement period falls short of the performance of the benchmark index (underperformance relative to the benchmark index, i.e. negative deviation of the unit value performance from the benchmark performance, hereinafter also referred to as "negative benchmark deviation"), the Fund Manager shall not receive any performance-related fee. Corresponding to the calculation of the performance fee in the case of a positive benchmark deviation, an underperformance fee per unit value is now calculated on the basis of the negative benchmark deviation and carried forward into the next settlement period as a negative carryforward ("negative carryforward"). For the subsequent settlement period, the Fund Manager shall only receive a performance fee if the amount calculated from Positive Benchmark Deviation exceeds the Negative Carry Forward from the previous settlement period at the end of this settlement period. In this case, the remuneration claim is calculated from the difference between the two amounts. If the amount calculated from the positive benchmark deviation does not exceed the negative carryforward from the previous settlement period, both amounts are offset. The remaining underperformance amount per unit value is carried forward again into the next settlement period as a new "negative carryforward". If there is another negative benchmark deviation at the end of the next settlement period, the existing negative carryforward is increased by the underperformance amount calculated from this negative benchmark deviation. Any underperformance amounts of the five preceding settlement periods shall be taken into account in the annual calculation of the remuneration entitlement.

The settlement period begins on 1 January and ends on 31 December of a calendar year. The first settlement period begins with the launch of the subfund or, for each new unit class, with the launch of this new unit class and ends only on the second 31 December following the launch. The performance fee shall be paid annually on 31 December.

The benchmark index is the "EURO STOXX® TMI Small EUR Net Return" (an index of STOXX Limited, Zurich). If the benchmark index should cease to exist, the Management Company will determine an appropriate other index to replace the aforementioned index.

The performance fee shall be determined by comparing the performance of the benchmark index with the unit value performance in the settlement period. To determine the unit value performance of the subfund, the unit value at the end of the financial year is compared with the unit value at the end of the previous year, whereby distributions and tax payments made to the detriment of the Fund are arithmetically added back to the unit value.

According to the result of a daily comparison, an arithmetically accrued performance-related remuneration in the subfund is set aside per unit issued or a provision already posted is reversed accordingly. Released provisions accrue to the subfund. A performance-related fee can only be withdrawn if corresponding provisions have been formed.

In the event of a positive benchmark deviation, the performance fee may also be withdrawn if the unit value at the end of the settlement period is lower than the unit value at the beginning of the settlement period (“negative unit value development”).

The following example illustrates the calculation of the performance-related remuneration. The performance fee is determined by comparing the performance of the benchmark index with the unit value performance in the settlement period. If the unit value outperforms the benchmark index and there is no negative carry-forward, an outperformance occurs. The Company may retain a maximum of 17.5% of this outperformance. As an example, the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period may amount to EUR 100, the performance of the unit price in the same settlement period amounts to EUR 120, which means that the outperformance amounts to EUR 20. Of this amount, EUR 3.5 shall go to the Company as performance-related remuneration. In the event of underperformance, in which the unit price underperforms the benchmark index in the settlement period, the Company does not receive any performance-related remuneration. Instead, a negative carry forward arises, which the Company must make up in the next five settlement periods. As an example, the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period may be EUR 100, but the performance of the unit price in the same settlement period is only EUR 90, which means that the underperformance amounts to EUR 10. The EUR 10 must then first be recovered, which corresponds to the recovery in the next settlement period if the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period is EUR 100 and if the performance of the unit price is EUR 110, whereby no outperformance then results.

The following calculation example per unit class can be used for the subfund:

Lupus alpha Sustainable Smaller Euro Champions A					
	Fondsperformance in %	Vergleichsmaßstab in %	Outperformance abzgl. negativen Vortrag	Outperformance Gebühr 17,5%	Negativer Vortrag
Anteilwert					
Wertentw. Periode 1	15,0%	10,0%	5,0%	0,9%	
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 2	5,0%	25,0%	-20,0%	0,0%	-20,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 3	25,0%	10,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 4	25,0%	10,0%	10,0%	1,8%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 5	-10,0%	-5,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 6	-10,0%	-20,0%	5,0%	0,9%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					

Lupus alpha Sustainable Smaller Euro Champions C					
	Fondsperformance in %	Vergleichsmaßstab in %	Outperformance abzgl. negativen Vortrag	Outperformance Gebühr 12,5%	Negativer Vortrag
Anteilwert					
Wertentw. Periode 1	15,0%	10,0%	5,0%	0,6%	
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 2	5,0%	25,0%	-20,0%	0,0%	-20,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 3	25,0%	10,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 4	25,0%	10,0%	10,0%	1,3%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 5	-10,0%	-5,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 6	-10,0%	-20,0%	5,0%	0,6%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					

To fulfil the provisions of Art. 29 par.2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011, the following information is made available: The calculation of the performance fee is based on the benchmark EURO STOXX® TMI Small EUR Net Return. The EURO STOXX® TMI Small EUR Net Return is administered by STOXX Limited, Zurich. The STOXX Limited must register in the public register for administrators of the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) by 1 January 2020. The register can be accessed at: https://registers.esma.europa.eu/publication/searchRegister?core=esma_registers_bench_entities.

- (3) Additionally, the costs resulting from the provision of analysis material or services by third parties related to one or several financial instrument(s) or other assets or related to the issuers or potential issuers of financial instruments or closely connected to a specific industry or a specific market, shall be directly charged to the subfund up to an amount of 0.12 percent p. a. of its net asset value.
- (4) The remuneration of the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent ("service fee") may range from 0.05 % p. a. of the net asset value up to max. 2 % p. a. of the net asset value, with a minimum fee of EUR 44,500 p. a. at subfund level and EUR 5,400 at structure level.
- (5) These fees are due quarterly and do not include any transaction fees and fees of sub-custodians or similar service providers. Any incurring cash expenses (including, but not limited to costs for telex, telegram, distance calls, fax and postage) not included in these fees shall be refunded to the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent from the Fund' s assets.
- (6) The amount paid from the Fund's assets to the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent shall be specified in the Annual Report.

ADDENDUM DESTINÉ AU PUBLIC EN FRANCE

La Directive Européenne n° 2009/65/CE du 13 juillet 2009 portant coordination des dispositions législatives, réglementaires et administratives concernant certains organismes de placement collectif en valeurs mobilières (OPCVM), instaure des règles communes en vue de permettre la commercialisation transfrontalière des OPCVM qui s'y conforment. Ce socle commun n'exclut pas une mise en œuvre différenciée. C'est pourquoi un OPCVM européen peut être commercialisé en France quand bien même son activité n'obéit pas à des règles identiques à celles qui conditionnent en France l'agrément de ce type de produit.

Le présent addendum fait corps avec le prospectus de « Lupus alpha Sustainable Smaller Euro Champions » (ci-après dénommé « l'**OPCVM** ») daté de janvier 2022.

1. Précisions sur les facilités mises à disposition des investisseurs

Conformément à l'article 93, paragraphe 1, de la directive 2009/65/CE, vous trouverez ci-après des informations sur les facilités permettant d'accomplir les tâches visées à l'article 92, paragraphe 1, de la directive :

- **Traitement des ordres de souscription, de rachat et de remboursement et des autres paiements aux porteurs de l'OPCVM :**

Les souscriptions, rachats et remboursements peuvent être adressés à la Société de gestion. Les paiements relatifs aux titres de l'OPCVM seront effectués par la Société de gestion.

- **Fourniture aux investisseurs des informations sur la façon dont les ordres peuvent être passés et comment les produits des rachats et des remboursements sont payés :**

Les informations sur la manière dont les ordres peuvent être passés et comment les produits des rachats et des remboursements sont payés peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

- **Facilitation du traitement des informations et de l'accès aux procédures et modalités visées à l'article 15 de la directive 2009/65/CE relatives à l'exercice, par les investisseurs, des droits liés à leur investissement dans l'OPCVM dans l'État membre où est commercialisé ce dernier :**

Les informations peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

- **Mise à disposition des investisseurs des informations et des documents requis en vertu du chapitre IX, dans les conditions définies à l'article 94 :**

Les informations peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

Le dernier prix d'émission, de vente, de rachat ou de remboursement des titres sont disponibles au siège social de la Société de gestion, sur le site Internet de la Société de gestion (www.lupusalpha.de).

Contact de la Société de gestion pour les besoins des facilités mentionnées ci-dessus :

Lupus alpha Investment GmbH
Speicherstraße 49-51
60327 Francfort-sur-le-Main
Tel.: +49 69 365058 7000
Fax: +49 69 365058 8700

Point de contact pour les investisseurs
Service Center
Tel.: + 49 69 365058 7000
Email: info@lupusalpha.de

2. Catégories de titres autorisées à la commercialisation en France

Seules les catégories listées ci-dessous ont reçu, de l'Autorité des marchés financiers (AMF), une autorisation de commercialisation en France.

Nom	Date d'autorisation
Lupus alpha Sustainable Smaller Euro Champions A	23. Mai 2022
Lupus alpha Sustainable Smaller Euro Champions C	23. Mai 2022

3. Conditions de souscription et de rachat

Parmi les différentes règles de souscriptions et de rachats prévues par le prospectus, la société de gestion peut suspendre temporairement le rachat des parts en cas de circonstances exceptionnelles rendant cette suspension nécessaire compte tenu des intérêts des investisseurs.

La société de gestion applique par ailleurs un dispositif de *swing pricing* partiel. Ce mécanisme ne s'applique que si les excédents de rachats excèdent, le jour d'évaluation concerné, un seuil fixé par la société.

La société détermine le seuil sur la base de plusieurs critères tels que les conditions de marché, la liquidité du marché et l'analyse des risques. Le facteur de *swing pricing* ne dépasse pas 5 % de la valeur nette d'inventaire.

Dans des circonstances de marché exceptionnelles, un facteur de swing plus élevé peut être fixé, sans toutefois dépasser 10 % de la valeur nette d'inventaire. La société publie sur son site Internet un avis indiquant une telle augmentation dans ce cas.

4. Fiscalité

L'attention des investisseurs fiscalement domiciliés en France est attirée sur l'obligation de procéder à la déclaration des revenus qui, résultant des cessions ou conversions des parts des fonds, sont soumis au régime des plus-values sur valeurs mobilières.

Lupus alpha Fonds Lupus alpha Smaller German Champions

ISIN number:	Unit class A	LU0129233093
	Unit class C	LU0129233507
	Unit class CT	LU2381264956
	Unit class CAV	LU1535992629
Security code no.:	Unit class A	974564
	Unit class C	940640
	Unit class CT	A3CZDG
	Unit class CAV	A2ATDC
Currency of the subfund:	Euro (EUR)	
Minimum investment	Unit class A	none
	Unit class C	EUR 500,000
	Unit class CT	EUR 500,000
	Unit class CAV	EUR 10,000,000

Investment policy:

The investment policy aims at achieving the highest possible capital appreciation. At least 51% of the subfund's assets shall be invested in small and medium European companies (Small- and Mid-Caps), for example in titles of the MDAX® Performance-Index or the SDAX® Performance-Index and, e. g., in titles of the Technology All Share Index (Indices of Deutsche Börse AG), admitted for trading on a stock exchange or admitted to or included in another organised market² and which are not units of an investment fund. Due to investment-policy interests, equities of European Large Caps may be considered as well, if they are admitted for trading on a stock exchange or admitted to or included in another organised market² and which are not units of an investment fund. Besides, it shall be allowed to buy fixed and variable interest-bearing securities, convertible bonds and warrant bonds with their warrants having securities as underlying, warrants, index and share certificates, participation certificates and other fixed interest-bearing securities (including zero bonds).

The subfund shall not invest more than 25% of its assets in investments whose income present "interest payments" in the meaning of EU Directive 2003/48, dated 3 June 2003, on the Taxation of Interest Income.

Besides, the subfund may keep bank deposits and liquid assets.

Derivatives, techniques and instruments specified in Clauses 7 and 8 of the Management Regulations, such as futures, options and swaps, will only be used to hedge currency, interest and price risks and to hedge other risks.

The subfund may invest up to 10% of its assets in units of other UCITS and / or other UCI pursuant to Clause 7 para. 2 of the Management Regulations.

The Fund does not track a securities index. The Company uses the MDAX® and the SDAX® as benchmarks for the Fund. The MDAX® and the SDAX® are not tracked. The Fund Management actively decides on the selection of assets at its own discretion, taking into account the investment strategy set out above. It aims to outperform the benchmark. The composition of the Fund and its performance may deviate substantially to completely and over the long-term – either positively or negatively – from the benchmark.

The subfund shall take into account risks related to sustainability when making investment decisions. The Fund Manager examines the ESG risks arising for the Fund, taking into account the Fund's investment policy. Before each investment decision, the securities or their issuers are analysed for sustainability risks, e.g. using ESG scores. ESG information and ESG criteria are taken into account for investment decisions, but are not determinative, meaning that the Fund Management can invest in securities and issuers that do not follow ESG criteria.

Sustainability risks may have a more material impact on the value of the Fund's investments in the medium- to long-term. As a deterioration of ESG scores, as well as emerging controversies of target companies in which the subfund invests, may already have a negative impact on an investment of the subfund in the short- or medium-term, the Fund Manager pays particular attention to these ESG criteria and any changes over time. In individual cases, it is examined as to whether the deterioration of the ESG score is significant or whether very severe / severe, structural controversies are involved. Furthermore, the expected impact on the development of the individual investments is examined. The Fund Manager's analysis is based on data from the service provider MSCI ESG Research. This is validated internally and supplemented if necessary. Information for ongoing risk

² Such organised market shall at least comply with the requirements for organised markets pursuant to Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on Markets in Financial Instruments ("MiFID").

management with regard to sustainability risks is created and used. A review of regulatory requirements takes place on a regular basis.

The investments underlying this subfund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Risk profile of the subfund

This subfund shall invest predominantly in equities of small market capitalisation (small capitalisation). Such securities may be less liquid than securities of larger companies due to an insufficient trading volume or due to trading restrictions. Compared to the trading with securities of larger companies, such securities may be subject to short-term price volatility.

The performance of the subfund remains dependent on the price fluctuations of the assets held by the subfund and on the securities markets. Due to these price fluctuations, this value may go up or down.

The hedging of the subfund's assets by derivative instruments results in lower economic risks of the Fund, however, it cannot participate in a positive development in case of a positive development of the hedged asset.

Investments in warrants on securities are related to certain financial risks due to their higher volatility compared to their underlyings.

The subfund's risks comprise mainly general market risks, liquidity risks, issuer risks, risks related to sustainability and risks resulting from changes to the market interest level.

Therefore, on principle, we cannot guarantee that the objectives of the investment policy will be achieved. Moreover, there is also no guarantee that the unitholders will get back the value of their original investment in case of redeeming the units.

Additional details regarding the risk information are specified in the section "General Risk Information" in the General Regulations of the Sales Prospectus.

Risk management procedures

The Board of Directors has classified this subfund as a complex UCITS. Therefore, a risk management procedure according to the so-called Value-at-Risk Approach (VaR) is applied. In the case of a calculation using the VaR method, the leverage effect from the use of derivatives must also be stated in accordance with CSSF Circular 11/512. For this purpose, the ratio between the market exposure from the use of derivative financial instruments exceeding the Fund assets of the subfund, and the fund assets of the subfund, is calculated. The target value for this leverage shown below may be exceeded, as well as fallen short of. It should be noted that a leverage effect calculated in this way has only limited informative value with regard to the market risks actually assumed. Market risks are quantified using the relative value-at-risk approach (VaR), whereby the anticipated value of the leverage effect is 0. The MDAX® Performance Index and the SDAX® Performance Index are used as the reference portfolio for the relative VaR. These share indices comprise shares of small and medium-sized European companies.

Profile of the investor

This subfund is primarily intended for experienced institutional and private investors focusing on a long-term securities investment and aiming at using multiple investment opportunities and reducing the risk by diversifying the total investment assets. The investors have to be willing to accept and capable of accepting volatile developments of the investment and a potential major loss of capital. An at least a mid-term investment horizon is recommended.

Units of the subfund and unit classes

The Management Company has decided to issue different unit classes for the subfund.

The investment policy of all existing and future unit classes is identical to that of the complete subfund, the differences only consist in the costs incurring in such unit classes (as specified below under "Costs") and the amount of the minimum investment and, if applicable, the profit allocation (accumulating or distributing).

Units of the subfund are issued in a distributed and reinvested form, which means that sales proceeds, other income and interest, dividends and income from securities loans and repurchase agreements not intended for covering costs may be distributed. The management of the Management Company decides each year whether and to what amount a distribution will be done, the economic aspects and necessities considered. In case of a distribution, it shall be made annually within three months after the end of the business year.

Moreover, the Board of Directors shall be authorised to determine, by resolution of the Board, several interim distributions during the business year for the distributing unit classes. Date and amount of the individual interim distributions shall be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors.

Currently, the unit classes A, C and CAV are being issued in the scope of this subfund.

Additionally, the Management Company shall be authorised at any time to issue new units in unit categories to be determined by it, in currencies and with features to be determined by it. The Management Company's Board of Directors shall decide by resolution on the inception of a new unit class.

Net asset value, issue and redemption prices

- (1) The net asset value and the issue and redemption prices shall be determined and calculated on each bank working day in Luxembourg and Frankfurt am Main (subsequently referred to as "valuation day") in the currency of the subfund. Valuation is generally waived on stock exchange days that are public holidays in one of the aforementioned places, as well as on 24 and 31 December. Currently, the following days are not classified as valuation days: New Year's Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, May Day, Europe Day (LUX), Ascension Day, Whit Monday, Corpus Christi, Luxembourg National Day (LUX), Assumption Day, German Unification Day (DEU), All Saints' Day, Christmas Eve, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Eve.
- (2) Unit call-offs and redemption orders arriving at the Depositary not later than 12:00 h on a valuation day shall be settled at the issue or redemption price of the valuation day. The issue price shall be paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the relevant valuation day. The redemption price is paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the relevant valuation day.

Unit call-offs and redemption orders arriving at the Depositary later than 12:00 h on a valuation day shall be settled at the issue or redemption price of the next valuation day. The issue price shall be paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the next valuation day. The redemption price is paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the next calculation day.

- (3) The issue price per unit corresponds to the net asset value per unit pursuant to Clause 13 of the Management Regulations plus a sales charge to the benefit of the Distributor.
 - (a) For units of the unit class A, the sales charge amounts to up to 5.00% of the applicable net asset value per unit.
 - (b) For units of the unit class C, the sales charge amounts to up to 5.00% of the applicable net asset value per unit.
 - (c) For units of the unit class CT, the sales charge amounts to up to 5.00% of the applicable net asset value per unit.
 - (d) For units of the unit class CAV, the sales charge amounts to up to 5.00% of the applicable net asset value per unit.

Moreover, the issue price may be increased in certain countries because of their issuance taxes, stamp duties and other charges.

- (4) The redemption price for both unit classes shall be the net asset value per unit pursuant to Clause 13 of the Management Regulations. No redemption fee shall be levied.
- (5) The Management Company ensures an appropriate publication of the unit price in countries where the subfund is distributed publicly.

Conversion of units

- (1) There will be no conversion fee for the conversion of units of this subfund into units of another subfund pursuant to Clause 12 of the Management Regulations.
- (2) The conversion of units of the unit class A into units of the unit class C or CAV within this subfund, and the conversion of units of the unit class A into units of the unit class B, C, CAV, C-hedged or D into another subfund of this Fund is not possible.

Costs

(1) For the management of the subfund pursuant to Clause 15 (1) of the Management Regulations, the Management Company shall receive the following management fee:

- (a) for the units of unit class A max. 1.50% p. a. of the applicable net asset value.
- (b) for the units of unit class C max. 1.00% p. a. of the applicable net asset value.
- (c) for the units of unit class CT max. 1.00% p.a. of the applicable net asset value.
- (d) for the units of unit class CAV max. 1.75% p. a. of the applicable net asset value.

The management fee shall be calculated on each valuation day, accrued in the fund and paid out at the end of each month.

The Management Company may pass on parts of the Management Fee to intermediaries. The amount of these remunerations depends generally on the arranged fund volumes.

(2) Performance Fee

For the management of the subfund, the Fund Manager may also receive a performance fee for unit class "C", "CT" and "A" of up to 17.50% of the amount by which the unit value performance exceeds the performance of the benchmark index at the end of a settlement period (outperformance over the benchmark index, i.e. positive deviation of the unit value performance from the benchmark market performance, herein-after also referred to as "positive benchmark deviation").

- a) For Class A units, the performance fee is 17.50% of the outperformance.
- b) For Class C units, the performance fee is 12.50% of the outperformance.
- c) For units of unit class CT, the performance fee is 12.50% of the outperformance.

The positive benchmark deviation is calculated as the excess return less all costs (e.g. management fees or administrative fees). If the unit value performance at the end of a settlement period is below the performance of the benchmark index (underperformance relative to the benchmark index, i.e. negative deviation of the unit value performance from the benchmark performance, hereinafter also referred to as "negative benchmark deviation"), the Fund Manager shall not receive any performance fee. In accordance with the calculation of the performance fee in the event of a positive benchmark deviation, an underperformance amount per unit value is calculated on the basis of the negative benchmark deviation and carried forward to the next settlement period as a negative carryforward ("negative carryforward"). For the subsequent settlement period, the Fund Manager will only receive a performance fee if the amount calculated from Positive Benchmark Deviation exceeds the Negative Carry Forward from the previous settlement period at the end of this settlement period. In this case, the remuneration claim is calculated from the difference between the two amounts. If the amount calculated from the positive benchmark deviation does not exceed the negative carryforward from the previous settlement period, both amounts are offset. The remaining underperformance amount per unit value is carried forward again into the next settlement period as a "new negative carryforward". If there is another negative benchmark deviation at the end of the next settlement period, the existing negative carryforward is increased by the underperformance amount calculated from this negative benchmark deviation. Any underperformance amounts of the five preceding settlement periods shall be taken into account in the annual calculation of the remuneration entitlement.

The settlement period begins on 1 January and ends on 31 December of a calendar year. The first settlement period begins with the launch of the subfund or, for each new unit class, with the launch of this new unit class and ends only on the second 31 December following the launch. The performance fee is paid annually on 31 December.

The "MDAX® Performance Index" and the "SDAX® Performance Index" shall be determined as the benchmark index in a ratio of 50/50. If the benchmark index should cease to exist, the Management Company shall determine an appropriate other index to replace the aforementioned index.

The performance fee shall be determined by comparing the performance of the benchmark index with the performance of the unit value during the settlement period. In order to determine the unit value performance of the subfund, the unit value at the end of the financial year is compared with the unit value at the end of the previous year, whereby distributions and tax payments made at the expense of the Fund are added back to the unit value.

In accordance with the result of a daily comparison, an arithmetically accrued performance fee in the subfund is set aside per unit issued or a provision already posted is reversed accordingly. Released provisions shall accrue to the subfund. A performance fee can only be withdrawn if corresponding provisions have been formed.

In the event of a positive benchmark deviation, the performance fee may also be withdrawn if the unit value at the end of the settlement period is lower than the unit value at the beginning of the settlement period (“negative unit value performance”).

The following example illustrates the calculation of the performance-related remuneration. The performance fee is calculated by comparing the performance of the benchmark index with the unit value performance in the settlement period. If the unit value outperforms the benchmark index and there is no negative carry-forward, an outperformance occurs. The Company may retain a maximum of 17.5% of this outperformance. By way of example, the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period may amount to EUR 100, the performance of the unit price in the same settlement period amounts to EUR 120, which means that the outperformance amounts to EUR 20. Of this amount, EUR 3.5 shall be paid to the Company as performance-related remuneration. In the event of underperformance, where the unit price underperforms the benchmark index in the settlement period, the Company shall not receive a performance fee. Instead, a negative carryforward arises, which the company must make up in the next five settlement periods. As an example, the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period may amount to EUR 100, but the performance of the unit price in the same settlement period is only EUR 90, which means that the underperformance amounts to EUR 10. The EUR 10 must then first be recovered, which corresponds to the recovery in the next settlement period if the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period is EUR 100 and if the performance of the unit price is EUR 110, whereby no outperformance then results.

The following calculation example per unit class can be used for the subfund:

Lupus alpha Smaller German Champions A					
	Fondspersfor mance in %	Vergleichs- maßstab in %	Outperformance abzgl. negativen Vortrag	Outperformance Gebühr 17,5%	Negativer Vortrag
Anteilwert					
Wertentw. Periode 1	15,0%	10,0%	5,0%	0,9%	
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 2	5,0%	25,0%	-20,0%	0,0%	-20,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 3	25,0%	10,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 4	25,0%	10,0%	10,0%	1,8%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 5	-10,0%	-5,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 6	-10,0%	-20,0%	5,0%	0,9%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					

Lupus alpha Smaller German Champions C / CT					
	Fondsperformance in %	Vergleichsmaßstab in %	Outperformance abzgl. negativen Vortrag	Outperformance Gebühr 12,5%	Negativer Vortrag
Anteilwert					
Wertentw. Periode 1	15,0%	10,0%	5,0%	0,6%	
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 2	5,0%	25,0%	-20,0%	0,0%	-20,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 3	25,0%	10,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 4	25,0%	10,0%	10,0%	1,3%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 5	-10,0%	-5,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 6	-10,0%	-20,0%	5,0%	0,6%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					

In order to comply with the requirements of Art. 29 (2) Regulation (EU) 2016/1011, the following information is provided: the performance-related remuneration is calculated using the reference values MDAX® Performance Index (50%) and SDAX® Performance Index (50%). The MDAX® and the SDAX® are administered by STOXX Limited, Zurich. STOXX Limited has been registered in the public register for administrators and benchmarks of ESMA (European Securities and Markets Authority). The register can be accessed at: https://registers.esma.europa.eu/publication/searchRegister?core=esma_registers_bench_entities.

- (3) Additionally, the costs resulting from the provision of analysis material or services by third parties related to one or several financial instrument(s) or other assets or related to the issuers or potential issuers of financial instruments or closely connected to a specific industry or a specific market, shall be directly charged to the subfund up to an amount of 0.12 percent p. a. of its net asset value.
- (4) The remuneration of the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent ("service fee") may range from 0.05 % p. a. of the net asset value up to max. 2 % p. a. of the net asset value, with a minimum fee of EUR 44,500 p. a. at subfund level and EUR 5,400 at structure level.
- (5) These fees are due quarterly and do not include any transaction fees and fees of sub-custodians or similar service providers. Any incurring cash expenses (including, but not limited to costs for telex, telegram, distance calls, fax and postage) not included in these fees shall be refunded to the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent from the Fund's assets.
- (6) The amount paid from the Fund's assets to the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent shall be specified in the Annual Report.

ADDENDUM DESTINÉ AU PUBLIC EN FRANCE

La Directive Européenne n° 2009/65/CE du 13 juillet 2009 portant coordination des dispositions législatives, réglementaires et administratives concernant certains organismes de placement collectif en valeurs mobilières (OPCVM), instaure des règles communes en vue de permettre la commercialisation transfrontalière des OPCVM qui s'y conforment. Ce socle commun n'exclut pas une mise en œuvre différenciée. C'est pourquoi un OPCVM européen peut être commercialisé en France quand bien même son activité n'obéit pas à des règles identiques à celles qui conditionnent en France l'agrément de ce type de produit.

Le présent addendum fait corps avec le prospectus de « Lupus alpha Smaller German Champions » (ci-après dénommé « l'**OCPVM** ») daté de janvier 2022.

1. Précisions sur les facilités mises à disposition des investisseurs

Conformément à l'article 93, paragraphe 1, de la directive 2009/65/CE, vous trouverez ci-après des informations sur les facilités permettant d'accomplir les tâches visées à l'article 92, paragraphe 1, de la directive :

- **Traitement des ordres de souscription, de rachat et de remboursement et des autres paiements aux porteurs de l'OPCVM :**

Les souscriptions, rachats et remboursements peuvent être adressés à la Société de gestion. Les paiements relatifs aux titres de l'OPCVM seront effectués par la Société de gestion.

- **Fourniture aux investisseurs des informations sur la façon dont les ordres peuvent être passés et comment les produits des rachats et des remboursements sont payés :**

Les informations sur la manière dont les ordres peuvent être passés et comment les produits des rachats et des remboursements sont payés peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

- **Facilitation du traitement des informations et de l'accès aux procédures et modalités visées à l'article 15 de la directive 2009/65/CE relatives à l'exercice, par les investisseurs, des droits liés à leur investissement dans l'OPCVM dans l'État membre où est commercialisé ce dernier :**

Les informations peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

- **Mise à disposition des investisseurs des informations et des documents requis en vertu du chapitre IX, dans les conditions définies à l'article 94 :**

Les informations peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

Le dernier prix d'émission, de vente, de rachat ou de remboursement des titres sont disponibles au siège social de la Société de gestion, sur le site Internet de la Société de gestion (www.lupusalpha.de).

Contact de la Société de gestion pour les besoins des facilités mentionnées ci-dessus :

Lupus alpha Investment GmbH
Speicherstraße 49-51
60327 Francfort-sur-le-Main
Tel.: +49 69 365058 7000
Fax: +49 69 365058 8700

Point de contact pour les investisseurs
Service Center
Tel.: + 49 69 365058 7000
Email: info@lupusalpha.de

2. Catégories de titres autorisées à la commercialisation en France

Seules les catégories listées ci-dessous ont reçu, de l'Autorité des marchés financiers (AMF), une autorisation de commercialisation en France.

Nom	Date d'autorisation
Lupus alpha Smaller German Champions A	23. Mai 2022
Lupus alpha Smaller German Champions C	23. Mai 2022

3. Conditions de souscription et de rachat

Parmi les différentes règles de souscriptions et de rachats prévues par le prospectus, la société de gestion peut suspendre temporairement le rachat des parts en cas de circonstances exceptionnelles rendant cette suspension nécessaire compte tenu des intérêts des investisseurs.

La société de gestion applique par ailleurs un dispositif de *swing pricing* partiel. Ce mécanisme ne s'applique que si les excédents de rachats excèdent, le jour d'évaluation concerné, un seuil fixé par la société.

La société détermine le seuil sur la base de plusieurs critères tels que les conditions de marché, la liquidité du marché et l'analyse des risques. Le facteur de *swing pricing* ne dépasse pas 5 % de la valeur nette d'inventaire.

Dans des circonstances de marché exceptionnelles, un facteur de swing plus élevé peut être fixé, sans toutefois dépasser 10 % de la valeur nette d'inventaire. La société publie sur son site Internet un avis indiquant une telle augmentation dans ce cas.

4. Fiscalité

L'attention des investisseurs fiscalement domiciliés en France est attirée sur l'obligation de procéder à la déclaration des revenus qui, résultant des cessions ou conversions des parts des fonds, sont soumis au régime des plus-values sur valeurs mobilières.

Lupus alpha Fonds Lupus alpha Micro Champions

ISIN number	Unit class A	LU1891775774
	Unit class C	LU1891775857
	Unit class CAV	LU0218245263
Securities identification number	Unit class A	A2JB8X
	Unit class C	A2JB8Y
	Unit class CAV	A0EAM5
Currency of the subfund	Euro (EUR)	
Minimum investment	Unit class A:	none
	Unit class C	EUR 500,000.00
	Unit class CAV	EUR 500,000.00

Investment policy:

The investment policy aims at achieving the highest possible capital appreciation. At least 51% of the subfund's assets shall be invested in selected European equities with a low or medium market capitalisation (approx. EUR 10 m to approx. EUR 3 bn), admitted for trading on a stock exchange or admitted to or included in another organised market³ and which are not units of an investment fund. Due to investment-policy interests, equities of European Large Caps may be considered as well, if they are admitted for trading on a stock exchange or admitted to or included in another organised market³ and which are not units of an investment fund.

Besides, it shall be allowed to buy fixed and variable interest-bearing securities, convertible bonds and warrant bonds with their warrants having securities as underlying, warrants on securities, index and share certificates, participation certificates and other fixed interest-bearing securities (including zero bonds).

The subfund shall not invest more than 25% of its assets in investments whose income present "interest payments" in the meaning of EU Directive 2003/48, dated 3 June 2003, on the Taxation of Interest Income.

Besides, the subfund may keep bank deposits and liquid assets.

Derivatives, techniques and instruments specified in Clauses 7 and 8, such as futures, options and swaps, may only be used for hedging currency, interest and price risks and for covering other risks.

The subfund may invest up to 10% of its assets in units of other UCITS and / or other UCI pursuant to Clause 7 para. 2 of the Management Regulations.

The Fund does not track any securities index. The Company uses MSCI Europe Micro Cap Net Total Return (EUR) as a benchmark for the Fund. The MSCI Europe Micro Cap Net Total Return (EUR) is not tracked. The Fund Management actively decides on the selection of assets at its own discretion, taking into account the investment strategy set out above. It aims to outperform the benchmark. The composition of the Fund and its performance may deviate substantially to completely and over the long-term – either positively or negatively – from the benchmark.

The subfund shall take into account risks related to sustainability when making investment decisions. The Fund Manager examines the sustainability risks arising for the subfund, taking into account the subfund's investment policy. Prior to each investment decision, the securities or their issuers are analysed for sustainability risks, e.g. on the basis of ESG scores. ESG information and ESG criteria are taken into account for investment decisions, but are not determinative, meaning that the Fund Management can invest in securities and issuers that do not follow ESG criteria. Sustainability risks may have a more material impact on the value of the Fund's investments in the medium- to long-term. As a deterioration of these ESG scores, as well as emerging controversies of target companies in which the subfund invests, may already have a negative impact on an investment of the subfund in the short- or medium-term, the Fund Manager pays particular attention to these ESG criteria and the changes over time. In individual cases, it is examined as to whether the deterioration of the ESG score is significant, or whether very severe / severe, structural controversies are involved. Furthermore, the expected impact on the development of the individual investments is examined. The Fund Manager's analysis is based on data from the service provider MSCI ESG Research. These are validated internally and supplemented if necessary. Information for ongoing risk management with regard to sustainability risks is created and used. A review of regulatory requirements takes place on a regular basis.

³ Such organised market shall at least comply with the requirements for organised markets pursuant to Directive 2004/39/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 April 2004 on Markets in Financial Instruments ("MiFID").

The investments underlying this subfund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Risk profile of the subfund

This subfund shall invest predominantly in equities of small market capitalisation (small capitalisation). Such securities may be less liquid than securities of larger companies due to an insufficient trading volume or due to trading restrictions. Compared to the trading with securities of larger companies, such securities may be subject to short-term price volatility. The subfund may temporarily concentrate its investments more or less on specific sectors, countries or market segments. This may also lead to opportunities and risks.

The price development of the subfund depends on the price fluctuations of the assets held in the subfund and on the securities markets. Due to these price fluctuations, this value may go up or down.

The hedging of the subfund's assets by derivative instruments results in lower economic risks of the Fund, however, it cannot participate in a positive development in case of a positive development of the hedged asset.

Investments in warrants on securities are related to certain financial risks due to their higher volatility compared to their underlyings.

The subfund's risks comprise mainly general market risks, liquidity risks, issuer risks, currency risks, risks relating to sustainability and risks resulting from changes to the market interest level.

Therefore, on principle, we cannot guarantee that the objectives of the investment policy will be achieved. Moreover, there is also no guarantee that the unitholders will get back the value of their original investment in case of redeeming the units.

Additional details regarding the risk information are specified in the section "General Risk Information" in the General Regulations of the Sales Prospectus.

Risk management procedures

The Board of Directors has classified this subfund as complex UCITS. Thus, a risk management procedure according to the so-called Value-at-Risk Approach (VaR) is applied.

According to CSSF circular 11/512, the leverage effect of the derivatives used has to be specified as well in case of a calculation using the VaR method. To this effect, the ratio between the market exposure exceeding the assets of the subfund from the use of derivative financial instruments and the assets of the subfund is calculated. The subsequently presented target value of this leverage effect may be above or below that value. It should be noted that a leverage effect calculated in this way is of only limited informative value with regard to the market risks actually assumed. Market risks are quantified using the relative value-at-risk approach (VaR), whereby the expected value of the leverage effect is 0. The MSCI Europe Micro Cap Net Total Return (EUR) is used as the reference portfolio for the relative VaR. This equity index comprises shares of small and medium-sized European companies.

Profile of the investor

This subfund is primarily intended for experienced institutional and private investors focusing on a long-term securities investment and aiming at using multiple investment opportunities and reducing the risk by diversifying the total investment assets. The investors have to be willing to accept and capable of accepting volatile developments of the investment and a potential major loss of capital. An at least a mid-term investment horizon is recommended.

Units of the subfund and unit classes

The Management Company has decided to issue different unit classes for the subfund.

The investment policy of all existing and future unit classes is identical to that of the complete subfund, the differences only consist in the costs incurring in such unit classes (as specified below under "Costs") and the amount of the minimum investment and, if applicable, the profit allocation (accumulating or distributing).

Currently, units of the subfund are only issued as distributing units, which means that sales proceeds, other income and interest, dividends and income from securities loans and repurchase agreements not intended for covering costs may be distributed. The management of the Management Company decides each year whether and to what amount a distribution will be done, the economic aspects and necessities considered. In case of a distribution, it shall be made annually within three months after the end of the business year.

Moreover, the Board of Directors shall be authorised to determine, by resolution of the Board, several interim distributions during the business year for the distributing unit classes. Date and amount of the individual interim distributions shall be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors.

Currently, unit classes A, C and CAV are issued in the context of this subfund. Units of the subfund issued up until 31 December 2018, are attributed to unit class "CAV" since 1 January 2019.

Additionally, the Management Company shall be authorised at any time to issue new units in unit categories to be determined by it, in currencies and with features to be determined by it. The Management Company's Board of Directors shall decide by resolution on the inception of a new unit class.

Net asset value, issue and redemption prices

- (1) The net asset value and the issue and redemption prices shall be determined and calculated on each bank working day in Luxembourg and Frankfurt am Main (subsequently referred to as "valuation day") in the currency of the subfund. Valuation is generally waived on stock exchange days that are public holidays in one of the aforementioned places, as well as on 24 and 31 December. Currently, the following days are not classified as valuation days: New Year's Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, May Day, Europe Day (LUX), Ascension Day, Whit Monday, Corpus Christi, Luxembourg National Day (LUX), Assumption Day, German Unification Day (DEU), All Saints' Day, Christmas Eve, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Eve.
- (2) Unit call-offs and redemption orders arriving at the Depository not later than 12:00 h on a valuation day shall be settled at the issue or redemption price of the third valuation day after the valuation day. The issue price shall be paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the relevant valuation day. The redemption price is paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the relevant valuation day.
- (3) Unit call-offs and redemption orders arriving at the Depository later than 12:00 h on a valuation day shall be settled at the issue or redemption price of the fourth valuation day after the valuation day. The issue price shall be paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the corresponding valuation day. The redemption price is paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the corresponding valuation day.
- (4) Pursuant to Clause 10 (6) of the Management Regulations, the Board of Directors may temporarily restrict, suspend or limit the issue of the subfund's units or definitely terminate such issue if this is in the interest of the investment policy, especially if the Board of Directors ascertains that the capital inflows can no longer be managed in line with the investment policy. In such case, the filed subscriptions will be rejected. The investors may inquire from the Register and Transfer Agent whether the issue of units will be possible at a later date.
- (5) The issue price per unit corresponds to the net asset value per unit pursuant to Clause 13 of the Management Regulations plus a sales charge to the benefit of the Distributor.
 - a) For units of unit class A, the sales charge amounts to up to 5.00% of the applicable net asset value per unit.
 - b) For units of unit class C, the sales charge amounts to up to 5.00% of the applicable net asset value per unit.
 - c) For units of unit class CAV, the sales charge amounts to up to 5.00% of the applicable net asset value per unit.

Moreover, the issue price may be increased in certain countries because of their issuance taxes, stamp duties and other charges.

- (6) The redemption price for the unit class shall be the net asset value per unit pursuant to Clause 13 of the Management Regulations. No redemption fee shall be levied.
- (7) The Management Company ensures an appropriate publication of the unit price in countries where the subfund is distributed publicly.

Conversion of units

- (1) There will be no conversion fee for the conversion of units of this subfund into units of another subfund pursuant to Clause 12 of the Management Regulations.
- (2) The conversion of units of the unit class A into units of the unit class C within this subfund, and the conversion of units of the unit class A into units of the unit class B, C, CAV, C-hedged or D into another subfund of this Fund is not possible

Costs

(1) Pursuant to Clause 15 (1) of the Management Regulations, the Management Company shall receive the following management fee for the management of the subfund.

- a) For units of unit class A at maximum 1.80% p.a. of the applicable net asset value.
- b) For units of unit class C at maximum 0.90% p.a. of the applicable net asset value.
- c) For units of unit class CAV at maximum 2.00% p.a. of the applicable net asset value.

The management fee shall be calculated on each valuation day, accrued in the fund and paid out at the end of each month.

The Management Company may pass on parts of the Management Fee to intermediaries. The amount of these remunerations depends generally on the arranged fund volumes.

(2) Performance-related remuneration

For the management of the subfund, the Fund Manager may also receive a performance fee for unit class "C" and "A" of up to 20% of the amount by which the unit performance exceeds the performance of the benchmark index at the end of a settlement period (outperformance over the benchmark index, i.e. positive deviation of the unit performance from the benchmark performance, hereinafter also referred to as "positive benchmark deviation").

- a) For Class A units, the performance fee is 20% of the outperformance.
- b) For Class C units, the performance fee is 20% of the outperformance.

The positive benchmark deviation is calculated as the excess return less all costs (e.g. management fees or administrative fees). If the unit value performance at the end of a settlement period falls short of the performance of the benchmark index (underperformance relative to the benchmark index, i.e. negative deviation of the unit value performance from the benchmark performance, hereinafter also referred to as "negative benchmark deviation"), the Fund Manager shall not receive any performance-related fee. Corresponding to the calculation of the performance fee in the case of a positive benchmark deviation, an underperformance fee per unit value is now calculated on the basis of the negative benchmark deviation and carried forward into the next settlement period as a negative carryforward ("negative carryforward"). For the subsequent settlement period, the Fund Manager shall only receive a performance fee if the amount calculated from Positive Benchmark Deviation exceeds the Negative Carry Forward from the previous settlement period at the end of this settlement period. In this case, the remuneration claim is calculated from the difference between the two amounts. If the amount calculated from the positive benchmark deviation does not exceed the negative carryforward from the previous settlement period, both amounts are offset. The remaining underperformance amount per unit value is carried forward again into the next settlement period as a "new negative carryforward". If there is another negative benchmark deviation at the end of the next settlement period, the existing negative carryforward is increased by the underperformance amount calculated from this negative benchmark deviation. Any underperformance amounts of the five preceding settlement periods shall be taken into account in the annual calculation of the remuneration entitlement.

The settlement period begins on 1 January and ends on 31 December of a calendar year. The first settlement period begins with the launch of the subfund or, for each new unit class, with the launch of this new unit class and ends only on the second 31 December following the launch. The performance fee is paid annually on 31 December.

The benchmark index is the "MSCI Europe Micro Cap Net Total Return (EUR)" (an index of MSCI Inc., New York). If the benchmark index should cease to exist, the Management Company will determine an appropriate other index to replace the aforementioned index.

The performance fee is determined by comparing the performance of the benchmark index with the performance of the unit value in the settlement period. In order to determine the unit value performance of the subfund, the unit value at the end of the financial year is compared with the unit value at the end of the previous year, whereby distributions and tax payments made at the expense of the Fund are arithmetically added back to the unit value.

According to the result of a daily comparison, an arithmetically accrued performance-related remuneration in the subfund is set aside per unit issued or a provision already posted is reversed accordingly. Released provisions accrue to the subfund. A performance-related fee can only be withdrawn if corresponding provisions have been formed.

In the event of a positive benchmark deviation, the performance fee may also be withdrawn if the unit value at the end of the settlement period is lower than the unit value at the beginning of the settlement period ("negative unit value development").

The following example illustrates the calculation of the performance-related remuneration. The performance fee is determined by comparing the performance of the benchmark index with the unit value performance in the settlement period. If the unit value outperforms the benchmark index and there is no negative carry-forward, an outperformance occurs. The Company may retain a maximum of 20% of this outperformance. As an example, the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period may amount to EUR 100, the performance of the unit price in the same settlement period amounts to EUR 120, which means that the outperformance amounts to EUR 20. Of this amount, EUR 4 shall go to the Company as performance-related remuneration. In the event of underperformance, where the unit price underperforms the benchmark index in the settlement period, the Company does not receive a performance fee. Instead, a negative carryforward arises, which the Company must make up in the next five settlement periods. As an example, the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period may be EUR 100, but the performance of the unit price in the same settlement period is only EUR 90, which means that the underperformance amounts to EUR 10. The EUR 10 must then first be recovered, which corresponds to the recovery in the next settlement period if the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period is EUR 100 and if the performance of the unit price is EUR 110, whereby no outperformance then results.

The following calculation example per unit class can be used for the subfund:

Lupus alpha Micro Champions A / C					
	Fondsperformance in %	Vergleichsmaßstab in %	Outperformance abzgl. negativen Vortrag	Outperformance Gebühr 20%	Negativer Vortrag
Anteilwert					
Wertentw. Periode 1	15,0%	10,0%	5,0%	1,0%	
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 2	5,0%	25,0%	-20,0%	0,0%	-20,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 3	25,0%	10,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 4	25,0%	10,0%	10,0%	2,0%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 5	-10,0%	-5,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 6	-10,0%	-20,0%	5,0%	1,0%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					

To fulfil the provisions of Art. 29 par.2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011, the following information is made available: The performance fee is calculated using the benchmark MSCI Europe Micro Cap Net Total Return (EUR). The MSCI Europe Micro Cap Net Total Return (EUR) is administered by MSCI Inc, New York. The reference value is provided by an administrator who is currently not included in ESMA's register of reference value administrators. However, the use of this reference value is permitted during the transitional period provided for in Article 51 (5) of the EU Reference Values Regulation. The inclusion in the ESMA register of third country reference values of a non-EU reference value, which may be used by a subfund within the meaning of the Reference Values Regulation, will be reflected in the next update of the Sales Prospectus. The register can be accessed at: https://registers.esma.europa.eu/publication/searchRegister?core=esma_registers_bench_entities.

- (3) Additionally, the costs resulting from the provision of analysis material or services by third parties related to one or several financial instrument(s) or other assets or related to the issuers or potential issuers of financial instruments or closely connected to a specific industry or a specific market, shall be directly charged to the subfund up to an amount of 0.12 percent p. a. of its net asset value.
- (4) The remuneration of the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent ("service fee") may range from 0.05 % p. a. of the net asset value up to max. 2 % p. a. of the net asset value, with a minimum fee of EUR 44,500 p. a. at subfund level and EUR 5,400 at structure level.
- (5) These fees are due quarterly and do not include any transaction fees and fees of sub-custodians or similar service providers. Any incurring cash expenses (including, but not limited to costs for telex, telegram, distance calls, fax and postage) not included in these fees shall be refunded to the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent from the Fund's assets.
- (6) The amount paid from the Fund's assets to the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent shall be specified in the Annual Report.

ADDENDUM DESTINÉ AU PUBLIC EN FRANCE

La Directive Européenne n° 2009/65/CE du 13 juillet 2009 portant coordination des dispositions législatives, réglementaires et administratives concernant certains organismes de placement collectif en valeurs mobilières (OPCVM), instaure des règles communes en vue de permettre la commercialisation transfrontalière des OPCVM qui s'y conforment. Ce socle commun n'exclut pas une mise en œuvre différenciée. C'est pourquoi un OPCVM européen peut être commercialisé en France quand bien même son activité n'obéit pas à des règles identiques à celles qui conditionnent en France l'agrément de ce type de produit.

Le présent addendum fait corps avec le prospectus de « Lupus alpha Micro Champions » (ci-après dénommé « l'OPCVM ») daté de janvier 2022.

1. Précisions sur les facilités mises à disposition des investisseurs

Conformément à l'article 93, paragraphe 1, de la directive 2009/65/CE, vous trouverez ci-après des informations sur les facilités permettant d'accomplir les tâches visées à l'article 92, paragraphe 1, de la directive :

- **Traitement des ordres de souscription, de rachat et de remboursement et des autres paiements aux porteurs de l'OPCVM :**

Les souscriptions, rachats et remboursements peuvent être adressés à la Société de gestion. Les paiements relatifs aux titres de l'OPCVM seront effectués par la Société de gestion.

- **Fourniture aux investisseurs des informations sur la façon dont les ordres peuvent être passés et comment les produits des rachats et des remboursements sont payés :**

Les informations sur la manière dont les ordres peuvent être passés et comment les produits des rachats et des remboursements sont payés peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

- **Facilitation du traitement des informations et de l'accès aux procédures et modalités visées à l'article 15 de la directive 2009/65/CE relatives à l'exercice, par les investisseurs, des droits liés à leur investissement dans l'OPCVM dans l'État membre où est commercialisé ce dernier :**

Les informations peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

- **Mise à disposition des investisseurs des informations et des documents requis en vertu du chapitre IX, dans les conditions définies à l'article 94 :**

Les informations peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

Le dernier prix d'émission, de vente, de rachat ou de remboursement des titres sont disponibles au siège social de la Société de gestion, sur le site Internet de la Société de gestion (www.lupusalpha.de).

Contact de la Société de gestion pour les besoins des facilités mentionnées ci-dessus :

Lupus alpha Investment GmbH
Speicherstraße 49-51
60327 Francfort-sur-le-Main
Tel.: +49 69 365058 7000
Fax: +49 69 365058 8700

Point de contact pour les investisseurs
Service Center
Tel.: + 49 69 365058 7000
Email: info@lupusalpha.de

2. Catégories de titres autorisées à la commercialisation en France

Seules les catégories listées ci-dessous ont reçu, de l'Autorité des marchés financiers (AMF), une autorisation de commercialisation en France.

Nom	Date d'autorisation
Lupus alpha Micro Champions A	23. Mai 2022
Lupus alpha Micro Champions C	23. Mai 2022

3. Conditions de souscription et de rachat

Parmi les différentes règles de souscriptions et de rachats prévues par le prospectus, la société de gestion peut suspendre temporairement le rachat des parts en cas de circonstances exceptionnelles rendant cette suspension nécessaire compte tenu des intérêts des investisseurs.

La société de gestion applique par ailleurs un dispositif de *swing pricing* partiel. Ce mécanisme ne s'applique que si les excédents de rachats excèdent, le jour d'évaluation concerné, un seuil fixé par la société.

La société détermine le seuil sur la base de plusieurs critères tels que les conditions de marché, la liquidité du marché et l'analyse des risques. Le facteur de *swing pricing* ne dépasse pas 5 % de la valeur nette d'inventaire.

Dans des circonstances de marché exceptionnelles, un facteur de swing plus élevé peut être fixé, sans toutefois dépasser 10 % de la valeur nette d'inventaire. La société publie sur son site Internet un avis indiquant une telle augmentation dans ce cas.

4. Fiscalité

L'attention des investisseurs fiscalement domiciliés en France est attirée sur l'obligation de procéder à la déclaration des revenus qui, résultant des cessions ou conversions des parts des fonds, sont soumis au régime des plus-values sur valeurs mobilières.

Lupus alpha Fonds Lupus alpha All Opportunities Fund

ISIN number	Unit class C:	LU0329425713
	Unit class A:	LU0381944619
Securities identification number:	Unit class C:	A0M99W
	Unit class A:	A0Q7VN
Currency of the subfund	Euro (EUR)	
Minimum investment	Unit class C:	EUR 500,000.00
	Unit class A:	none

Investment policy:

The investment policy aims at achieving the highest possible capital appreciation. To this effect, the assets of the subfund are being invested primarily in international small and mid cap equities, fixed and variable interest-bearing securities including zero bonds, participating certificates and convertible and warrant bonds. In the interest of the investors, the investments of the subfund may be focused temporarily on specific sectors, countries and industries.

Additionally, the subfund may hold bank deposits and liquid assets.

Assets with a rating below a speculative grade (e.g. B- according to Standard and Poor's and Fitch or B3 according to Moody's) are not permitted.

The subfund may invest up to 10% of its assets in units of other UCITS and / or other UCI pursuant to Clause 7 para. 2 of the Management Regulations.

In order to benefit from relative over- and / or under-valuations of individual equities against one another or against indices it is allowed to enter into long / short strategies by using derivative instruments. This aims at achieving excess returns, especially via the use of equity portfolio and / or index swaps and futures / forwards. The derivative positions established via additional strategies do not have to be market-neutral. Generally, synthetic short positions established in the scope of swap strategies should not exceed 50% of the Fund's assets. In this context, the engagement resulting from a swap transaction corresponds to the value determined daily of the net position of the swap. The unpaid net amounts owed to swap counterparties have to be covered by liquid assets or by securities.

The subfund considers sustainability risks when making investment decisions. The Fund Manager examines the sustainability risks arising for the fund, taking into account the various requirements of the subfund's investment policy. Prior to each investment decision, the securities or their issuers are analysed for sustainability risks, e.g. on the basis of ESG scores. ESG information and ESG criteria are taken into account for investment decisions, but are not determinative, so that the Fund Manager can invest in securities and issuers that do not follow ESG criteria. Sustainability risks may have a more material impact on the value of the subfund's investments in the medium- to long-term. As a deterioration of the ESG score, as well as emerging controversies of target companies, may already have a negative impact on an investment of the subfund in the short- or medium-term, the Fund Manager pays particular attention to these ESG criteria and the changes over time. In individual cases, it is examined as to whether the deterioration of the ESG score is significant or whether very severe / severe, structural controversies are involved. Furthermore, the expected impact on the development of the individual investments is examined.

The Fund Manager's analysis is based on data from the service provider MSCI ESG Research. This is validated internally and supplemented if necessary. Information for ongoing risk management with regard to sustainability risks is created and used. A review of regulatory requirements takes place on a regular basis.

The investments underlying this subfund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Risk profile of the subfund

This subfund shall invest predominantly in equities of small market capitalisation (small capitalisation). Such securities may be less liquid than securities of larger companies due to an insufficient trading volume or due to

trading restrictions. Compared to the trading with securities of larger companies, such securities may be subject to short-term price volatility. The subfund may temporarily concentrate its investments more or less on specific sectors, countries or market segments. This may also lead to opportunities and risks. The price development of the subfund depends on the price fluctuations of the assets held in the subfund and on the securities markets. Due to these price fluctuations, this value may go up or down.

In the scope of its investment policy, the subfund may enter into swap transactions provided that the party to the contract is a first-rate financial institute specialising in such transactions. Swap transactions are exchange agreements switching the underlying cash flows or risks of the relevant transaction between the parties to the contract.

The use of derivatives, e.g. the conclusion of swaps or futures contracts are related to the following risks, among others:

- Price changes of the underlying may reduce the value of a futures contract down to nil. Price changes of an underlying asset for a swap transaction may also result in losses to the investment fund. The conclusion of a possibly necessary counter-deal (offsetting trade) causes additional costs.
- There is the risk that the subfund will suffer losses upon maturity because the market price has not developed as anticipated.
- Moreover, derivative instruments may be subject to a management risk, as they do not always have a direct or parallel relation to the value of the underlying investment instruments from which they are derived. Therefore, it cannot be guaranteed that the investment objective will be achieved by the use of derivative strategies.

The subfund's risks mainly comprise general market risks, liquidity risks, issuer risks, currency risks, risks related to sustainability and risks resulting from changes to the market interest level and the use of derivatives.

Therefore, on principle, we cannot guarantee that the objectives of the investment policy will be achieved. Moreover, there is also no guarantee that the unitholders will get back the value of their original investment in case of redeeming the units.

Additional details regarding the risk information are specified in the section "General Risk Information" in the General Regulations of the Sales Prospectus.

Risk management procedures

The Board of Directors has classified this subfund as complex UCITS. Thus, a risk management procedure according to the so-called absolute Value-at-Risk Approach (VaR) is applied.

According to CSSF circular 11/512, the leverage effect of the derivatives used has to be specified as well in case of a calculation using the absolute VaR method. To this effect, the ratio between the market exposure exceeding the assets of the subfund from the use of derivative financial instruments and the assets of the subfund is calculated. The subsequently presented target value of this leverage effect may be above or below that value.

It is recalled that a leverage effect calculated as specified has only a limited meaningfulness regarding the actually taken market risks. The quantification of the market risks is made via the absolute Value-at-Risk Approach (VaR).

The expected value of the leverage effect is approx. 1.

Profile of the investor

This subfund is primarily intended for experienced institutional and private investors focusing on a long-term securities investment and aiming at using multiple investment opportunities and reducing the risk by diversifying the total investment assets. The investors have to be willing to accept and capable of accepting volatile developments of the investment and a potential major loss of capital. An at least a mid-term investment horizon is recommended.

Units of the subfund and unit classes

The Management Company has decided to issue different unit classes for the subfund.

The investment policy of all existing and future unit classes is identical to that of the complete subfund, the differences only consist in the costs incurring in such unit classes (as specified below under "Costs") and the amount of the minimum investment and, if applicable, the profit allocation (accumulating or distributing).

Currently, units of the subfund are only issued as distributing units, which means that sales proceeds, other income and interest, dividends and income from securities loans and repurchase agreements not intended for covering costs may be distributed. The management of the Management Company decides each year whether and to what amount a distribution will be done, the economic aspects and necessities considered. In case of a distribution, it shall be made annually within three months after the end of the business year.

Moreover, the Board of Directors shall be authorised to determine, by resolution of the Board, several interim distributions during the business year for the distributing unit classes. Date and amount of the individual interim distributions shall be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors.

Additionally, the Management Company shall be authorised at any time to issue new units in unit categories to be determined by it, in currencies and with features to be determined by it. The Management Company's Board of Directors shall decide by resolution on the inception of a new unit class.

Currently, units of the unit classes C and A are offered. Units of unit class "B" issued by 28 April 2019 are attributed to unit class C since 29 April 2019.

Net asset value, issue and redemption prices

(1) The net asset value and the issue and redemption prices shall be determined and calculated on each bank working day in Luxembourg and Frankfurt am Main (subsequently referred to as "valuation day") in the currency of the subfund. Valuation is generally waived on stock exchange days that are public holidays in one of the aforementioned places, as well as on 24 and 31 December. Currently, the following days are not classified as valuation days: New Year's Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, May Day, Europe Day (LUX), Ascension Day, Whit Monday, Corpus Christi, Luxembourg National Day (LUX), Assumption Day, German Unification Day (DEU), All Saints' Day, Christmas Eve, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Eve.

(2) Unit call-offs and redemption orders arriving at the Depository not later than 12:00 h on a valuation day shall be settled at the issue or redemption price of the valuation day. The issue price shall be paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the relevant valuation day. The redemption price is paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the relevant valuation day.

Unit call-offs and redemption orders arriving at the Depository later than 12:00 h on a valuation day shall be settled at the issue or redemption price of the next valuation day. The issue price shall be paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the next valuation day. The redemption price is paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the next calculation day.

(3) Pursuant to Clause 10 (6) of the Management Regulations, the Board of Directors may temporarily restrict, suspend or limit the issue of the subfund's units or definitely terminate such issue if this is in the interest of the investment policy, especially if the Board of Directors ascertains that the capital inflows can no longer be managed in line with the investment policy. In such case, the filed subscriptions will be rejected. The investors may inquire from the Register and Transfer Agent whether the issue of units will be possible at a later date.

(4) The issue price per unit corresponds to the net asset value per unit pursuant to Clause 13 of the Management Regulations plus a sales charge to the benefit of the Distributor.

- a) For units of unit class C, the sales charge amounts to up to 5.00% of the applicable net asset value per unit.
- b) For units of unit class A, the sales charge amounts to up to 5.00% of the applicable net asset value per unit.

Moreover, the issue price may be increased in certain countries because of their issuance taxes, stamp duties and other charges.

(5) The redemption price for the unit classes shall be the net asset value per unit pursuant to Clause 13 of the Management Regulations. No redemption fee shall be levied.

- (6) The Management Company ensures an appropriate publication of the unit price in countries where the subfund is distributed publicly.

Conversion of units

- (1) There will be no conversion fee for the conversion of units of this subfund into units of another subfund pursuant to Clause 12 of the Management Regulations.
- (2) The conversion of units of the unit class A into units of the unit class C within this subfund, and the conversion of units of the unit class A into units of the unit class B, C, CAV, C-hedged or D into another subfund of this Fund is not possible

Costs

- (1) Pursuant to Clause 15 (1) of the Management Regulations, the Management Company shall receive the following management fee for the management of the subfund:

For units of unit class A at maximum 1.80% p.a. of the applicable net asset value.
For units of unit class C at maximum 1.00% p.a. of the applicable net asset value.

The management fee shall be calculated on each valuation day, accrued in the fund and paid out at the end of each month.

The Management Company may pass on parts of the Management Fee to intermediaries. The amount of these remunerations depends generally on the arranged fund volumes.

- (2) Performance-related remuneration

For the management of the subfund, the fund manager may also receive a performance fee for unit class C and A of up to 20% of the amount by which the unit performance exceeds the performance of a money market investment used as a benchmark at the end of a settlement period (outperformance over the benchmark, i.e. positive deviation of the unit performance from the benchmark performance, hereinafter also referred to as "positive benchmark deviation").

The positive benchmark deviation is calculated as the excess return less all costs (e.g. management fees or administrative fees). If the unit value development at the end of a settlement period falls short of the development of the benchmark (underperformance in relation to the benchmark, i.e. negative deviation of the unit value development from the benchmark development, hereinafter also referred to as "negative benchmark deviation"), the Fund Manager shall not receive any performance-related remuneration. In accordance with the calculation of the performance fee in the event of a positive benchmark deviation, an underperformance amount per unit value is calculated on the basis of the negative benchmark deviation and carried forward to the next settlement period as a negative carryforward ("negative carryforward"). For the subsequent settlement period, the Fund Manager shall only receive a performance fee if the amount calculated from Positive Comparative Benchmark Deviation exceeds the Negative Carry Forward from the previous settlement period at the end of that settlement period. In this case, the remuneration claim is calculated from the difference between the two amounts. If the amount calculated from the positive comparative scale deviation does not exceed the negative carryforward from the previous settlement period, both amounts are offset. The remaining underperformance amount per unit value is carried forward again into the next settlement period as a "new negative carryforward". If at the end of the next settlement period there is again a negative comparative benchmark deviation, the existing negative carryforward is increased by the underperformance amount calculated from this negative comparative benchmark deviation. In the annual calculation of the remuneration claim, any underperformance amounts of the five preceding settlement periods shall be taken into account.

The settlement period begins on 1 January and ends on 31 December of a calendar year. The first settlement period begins with the launch of the subfund or, for each new unit class, with the launch of this new unit class and ends only on the second 31 December following the launch. The performance fee is paid annually on 31 December.

The benchmark will be the "€STR (ESTRON Index)" + 200 basis points. In the event that the benchmark should cease to exist, the Management Company will determine an appropriate other index to replace the aforementioned index.

The performance fee shall be determined by comparing the performance of the benchmark with the performance of the units during the settlement period. To determine the unit value performance of the subfund, the unit value at the end of the financial year is compared with the unit value at the end of the previous year, whereby distributions and tax payments made at the expense of the Fund are arithmetically added back to the unit value.

According to the result of a daily comparison, an arithmetically accrued performance-related remuneration in the subfund is set aside per unit issued or a provision already posted is reversed accordingly. Released provisions accrue to the subfund. A performance-related fee can only be withdrawn if corresponding provisions have been formed.

In the event of a positive deviation from the benchmark, the performance fee may also be withdrawn if the unit value at the end of the settlement period is lower than the unit value at the beginning of the settlement period ("negative unit value development").

The following example illustrates the calculation of the performance-related remuneration. The performance fee is calculated by comparing the performance of the benchmark index with the unit value performance in the settlement period. If the unit value outperforms the benchmark index and there is no negative carry-forward, an outperformance occurs. The Company may retain a maximum of 20% of this outperformance. As an example, the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period may amount to EUR 100, the performance of the unit price in the same settlement period amounts to EUR 120, which means that the outperformance amounts to EUR 20. Of this amount, EUR 4 shall go to the Company as performance-related remuneration. In the event of underperformance, where the unit price underperforms the benchmark index in the settlement period, the Company does not receive a performance fee. Instead, a negative carryforward arises, which the Company must make up in the next five settlement periods. As an example, the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period may be EUR 100, but the performance of the unit price in the same settlement period is only EUR 90, which means that the underperformance amounts to EUR 10. The EUR 10 must then first be recovered, which corresponds to the recovery in the next settlement period if the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period is EUR 100 and if the performance of the unit price is EUR 110, whereby no outperformance then results.

The following calculation example per unit class can be used for the subfund:

Lupus alpha All Opportunities Fund A / C					
	Fondsperformance in %	Vergleichsmaßstab in %	Outperformance abzgl. negativen Vortrag	Outperformance Gebühr 20%	Negativer Vortrag
Anteilwert					
Wertentw. Periode 1	15,0%	10,0%	5,0%	1,0%	
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 2	5,0%	25,0%	-20,0%	0,0%	-20,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 3	25,0%	10,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 4	25,0%	10,0%	10,0%	2,0%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 5	-10,0%	-5,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 6	-10,0%	-20,0%	5,0%	1,0%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					

To fulfil the provisions of Art. 29 par.2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011, the following information is made available:

The following information is provided in order to comply with the requirements of Art. 29 (2) Regulation (EU) 2016/1011: the performance-related remuneration is calculated using the 3-month EURIBOR reference value.. €STR (ESTRON Index). The €STR (ESTRON Index) is administrated by the European Central Bank.

- (3) Additionally, the costs resulting from the provision of analysis material or services by third parties related to one or several financial instrument(s) or other assets or related to the issuers or potential issuers of financial instruments or closely connected to a specific industry or a specific market, shall be directly charged to the subfund up to an amount of 0.12 percent p. a. of its net asset value.
- (4) Additionally, the costs resulting from third parties related to the management of derivative transactions, the reporting of derivative transactions and the management of collateral for such transactions shall be directly charged to the subfund up to an amount of 0.05 percent p. a. of its net asset value. Furthermore, the costs from the settlement of over-the-counter (OTC) derivatives, the requirements regarding central counterparties (CCP) and the reports to trade repositories (so-called EMIR costs, resulting from EU Regulation No. 648/2012) may also be charged directly to the subfund.

- (5) The remuneration of the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent ("service fee") may range from 0.05 % p. a. of the net asset value up to max. 2 % p. a. of the net asset value, with a minimum fee of EUR 44,500 p. a. at subfund level and EUR 5,400 at structure level.
- (6) These fees are due quarterly and do not include any transaction fees and fees of sub-custodians or similar service providers. Any incurring cash expenses (including, but not limited to costs for telex, telegram, distance calls, fax and postage) not included in these fees shall be refunded to the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent from the Fund' s assets.
- (7) The amount paid from the Fund's assets to the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent shall be specified in the Annual Report.

ADDENDUM DESTINÉ AU PUBLIC EN FRANCE

La Directive Européenne n° 2009/65/CE du 13 juillet 2009 portant coordination des dispositions législatives, réglementaires et administratives concernant certains organismes de placement collectif en valeurs mobilières (OPCVM), instaure des règles communes en vue de permettre la commercialisation transfrontalière des OPCVM qui s'y conforment. Ce socle commun n'exclut pas une mise en œuvre différenciée. C'est pourquoi un OPCVM européen peut être commercialisé en France quand bien même son activité n'obéit pas à des règles identiques à celles qui conditionnent en France l'agrément de ce type de produit.

Le présent addendum fait corps avec le prospectus de « Lupus alpha All Opportunities Fund » (ci-après dénommé « l'OPCVM ») daté de janvier 2022.

1. Précisions sur les facilités mises à disposition des investisseurs

Conformément à l'article 93, paragraphe 1, de la directive 2009/65/CE, vous trouverez ci-après des informations sur les facilités permettant d'accomplir les tâches visées à l'article 92, paragraphe 1, de la directive :

- **Traitement des ordres de souscription, de rachat et de remboursement et des autres paiements aux porteurs de l'OPCVM :**

Les souscriptions, rachats et remboursements peuvent être adressés à la Société de gestion. Les paiements relatifs aux titres de l'OPCVM seront effectués par la Société de gestion.

- **Fourniture aux investisseurs des informations sur la façon dont les ordres peuvent être passés et comment les produits des rachats et des remboursements sont payés :**

Les informations sur la manière dont les ordres peuvent être passés et comment les produits des rachats et des remboursements sont payés peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

- **Facilitation du traitement des informations et de l'accès aux procédures et modalités visées à l'article 15 de la directive 2009/65/CE relatives à l'exercice, par les investisseurs, des droits liés à leur investissement dans l'OPCVM dans l'État membre où est commercialisé ce dernier :**

Les informations peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

- **Mise à disposition des investisseurs des informations et des documents requis en vertu du chapitre IX, dans les conditions définies à l'article 94 :**

Les informations peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

Le dernier prix d'émission, de vente, de rachat ou de remboursement des titres sont disponibles au siège social de la Société de gestion, sur le site Internet de la Société de gestion (www.lupusalpha.de).

Contact de la Société de gestion pour les besoins des facilités mentionnées ci-dessus :

Lupus alpha Investment GmbH
Speicherstraße 49-51
60327 Francfort-sur-le-Main
Tel.: +49 69 365058 7000
Fax: +49 69 365058 8700

Point de contact pour les investisseurs
Service Center
Tel.: + 49 69 365058 7000
Email: info@lupusalpha.de

2. Catégories de titres autorisées à la commercialisation en France

Seules les catégories listées ci-dessous ont reçu, de l'Autorité des marchés financiers (AMF), une autorisation de commercialisation en France.

Nom	Date d'autorisation
Lupus alpha All Opportunities Fund A	23. Mai 2022
Lupus alpha All Opportunities Fund C	23. Mai 2022

3. Conditions de souscription et de rachat

Parmi les différentes règles de souscriptions et de rachats prévues par le prospectus, la société de gestion peut suspendre temporairement le rachat des parts en cas de circonstances exceptionnelles rendant cette suspension nécessaire compte tenu des intérêts des investisseurs.

La société de gestion applique par ailleurs un dispositif de *swing pricing* partiel. Ce mécanisme ne s'applique que si les excédents de rachats excèdent, le jour d'évaluation concerné, un seuil fixé par la société.

La société détermine le seuil sur la base de plusieurs critères tels que les conditions de marché, la liquidité du marché et l'analyse des risques. Le facteur de *swing pricing* ne dépasse pas 5 % de la valeur nette d'inventaire.

Dans des circonstances de marché exceptionnelles, un facteur de swing plus élevé peut être fixé, sans toutefois dépasser 10 % de la valeur nette d'inventaire. La société publie sur son site Internet un avis indiquant une telle augmentation dans ce cas.

4. Fiscalité

L'attention des investisseurs fiscalement domiciliés en France est attirée sur l'obligation de procéder à la déclaration des revenus qui, résultant des cessions ou conversions des parts des fonds, sont soumis au régime des plus-values sur valeurs mobilières.

Lupus alpha Fonds Lupus alpha Global Convertible Bonds

ISIN number:	Unit class C hedged	LU1535992389
	Unit class A hedged	LU1717012527
Security code no.:	Unit class C hedged	A2DJR6
	Unit class A hedged	A2H7DG
Currency of the subfund:	Euro (EUR)	
Minimum investment:	Unit class C hedged	EUR 50,000
	Unit class A hedged	none

Investment policy

The investment policy aims at achieving the highest possible capital appreciation in EUR on the domestic and foreign capital markets. The subfund may invest fully in securities; at least 51% of the subfund's assets must be invested in convertible bonds.

To this effect, the assets of the subfund shall be invested in fixed and variable interest-bearing securities, convertible and warrant bonds with warrants on securities, warrants, other fixed interest-bearing securities (including zero bonds), money market instruments and equities. Convertible bonds also comprise convertibles, exchangeables, mandatory convertibles and warrant bonds /with warrants on securities).

Besides, the subfund may invest up to 49% of its assets in money market instruments, bank deposits and liquid assets.

Assets with a rating below a speculative grade (e.g. B- according to Standard and Poor's and Fitch or B3 according to Moody's) are not permitted.

Derivatives, techniques and instruments specified in Clauses 7 and 8 of the Management Regulations, such as futures, options and swaps, may be used for hedging and investment purposes. However, it is not allowed to deviate from the investment objectives of the subfund specified in the Management Regulations and /or in the Sales Prospectus; the principal character of the subfund's investment policy must not be changed.

The subfund may invest up to 10% of its assets in units of other UCITS and / or other UCI pursuant to Clause 7 para. 2 of the Management Regulations.

The Fund does not track any securities index. The Company uses the Refinitiv Global Focus Convertible Bonds Hedged (EUR) Index as a benchmark for the Fund. The Refinitiv Global Focus Convertible Bonds Hedged (EUR) Index is not tracked. The Fund Management actively decides on the selection of assets at its own discretion, taking into account the investment strategy set out above. It aims to outperform the benchmark. The composition of the Fund and its performance may deviate substantially to completely and over the long-term – either positively or negatively – from the benchmark.

The subfund will consider sustainability-related risks when making investment decisions. The Fund Manager examines the ESG risks arising for the subfund, taking into account the various requirements of the subfund's investment policy. In this context, the securities or their issuers are analysed for sustainability risks, e.g. on the basis of ESG scores, before any investment decisions are made. ESG information and ESG criteria are taken into account for investment decisions, but are not determinative, meaning that the Fund Manager can invest in securities and issuers that do not follow ESG criteria. Sustainability risks may have a more material impact on the value of the Fund's investments in the medium- to long-term. As a deterioration of the ESG score, as well as emerging controversies of target companies in which the subfund invests, may already have a negative impact on an investment of the subfund in the short- or medium-term, the Fund Manager pays particular attention to these ESG criteria and the changes over time. In individual cases, it is examined as to whether the deterioration of the ESG score is significant or whether very severe / severe, structural controversies are involved. Furthermore, the expected impact on the development of the individual investments is examined. The Fund Manager's analysis is based on data from the service provider MSCI ESG Research. This is validated internally and supplemented if necessary. Information for ongoing risk management with regard to sustainability risks is created and used. A review of regulatory requirements takes place on a regular basis.

The investments underlying this subfund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Risk profile of the subfund

This subfund invests predominantly in convertible bonds, warrant bonds and similar convertible instruments of domestic and foreign issuers. In addition to a fixed interest in different structures, convertible bonds also securitise the right to switch in equities of the relevant company. Warrant bonds may include the claim to interest and repayment plus the right to the purchase of equities at the same time, i. e. the equities may be acquired by executing the option in addition to the bond. Convertible preference shares usually comprise the right or the obligation to switch the preference shares at a later time into ordinary shares. The relevant price of such titles depends from the opinion on the share price, but also on the development of interest rates.

The performance of the subfund remains dependent on the price fluctuations of the assets held by the subfund and on the securities markets. Due to these price fluctuations, this value may go up or down.

The use of derivative instruments results in reduced economic risks of the Fund, but it can no longer participate in a positive development in case of a positive development of the hedged assets.

Investments in warrants on securities incur certain financial risks due to their higher volatility compared to their underlying assets serving as reference for said instruments.

The subfund's risks comprise primarily general market risks, liquidity risks, currency risks, issuer risks, risks related to sustainability and risks resulting from changes to the market interest level.

There is no guarantee that the objectives of the investment policy will be achieved. Moreover, it cannot be ensured that the unitholder will get back the value of his / her initial investment in case of redemption of units.

Additional details regarding the risk information are specified in the section "General Risk Information" in the General Regulations of the Sales Prospectus.

Risk management procedures

The Board of Directors has classified this subfund as complex UCITS. Thus, a risk management procedure according to the so-called Value-at-Risk Approach (VaR) is applied.

According to CSSF circular 11/512, the leverage effect of the derivatives used has to be specified as well in case of a calculation using the VaR method. To this effect, the ratio between the market exposure from the use of derivative financial instruments exceeding the assets of the subfund and the assets of the subfund is calculated. It is possible that the actual results exceed or fall short of the target value of this leverage effect presented below.

Please note that the leverage effect calculated this way may provide only limited information about the market risks actually incurred. The market risks are quantified by the relative Value-at-Risk approach (VaR), with the expected value of leverage being 2. The MSCI World Net Return EUR and the BofA Merrill Lynch Global Corporate & High Yield Index EUR are used as the reference portfolio for the relative VaR. These indices comprise securities of companies issuing convertible bonds and corporate bonds worldwide.

Profile of the investor

This subfund is primarily intended for experienced institutional and private investors focusing on a long-term securities investment and aiming at using multiple investment opportunities and reducing the risk by diversifying the total investment assets. The investors have to be willing to accept and capable of accepting volatile developments of the investment and a potential major loss of capital. An at least a mid-term investment horizon is recommended.

Units of the subfund and unit classes

The Management Company has decided to issue different unit classes for the subfund.

The investment policy of all existing and future unit classes is identical to that of the complete subfund, the differences only consist in the costs incurring in such unit classes (as specified below under "Costs"), the currency of the unit value, the currency hedging of the unit value and the amount of the minimum investment and, if applicable, the profit allocation (accumulating or distributing).

In case of hedged unit classes marked with "hedged", obligations for the subfund may arise from the currency hedging transactions or from currency positions that have been concluded to the benefit of a specific unit class. The desired currency hedging of a unit class is performed by a hedging transaction to reduce the risk of the hedged unit class that results from the exchange rate fluctuations of the currency of the hedged unit class and the individual underlying currencies to which the hedged class is subject to via the subfund's assets.

Currently, units of the subfund are only issued as distributing units, which means that sales proceeds, other income and interest, dividends and income from securities loans and repurchase agreements not intended for covering costs may be distributed. The management of the Management Company decides each year whether and to what amount a distribution will be done, the economic aspects and necessities considered. In case of a distribution, it shall be made annually within three months after the end of the business year.

Moreover, the Board of Directors shall be authorised to determine, by resolution of the Board, several interim distributions during the business year for the distributing unit classes. Date and amount of the individual interim distributions shall be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors

Additionally, the Management Company shall be authorised at any time to issue new units in unit categories to be determined by it, in currencies and with features to be determined by it. The Management Company's Board of Directors shall decide by resolution on the inception of a new unit class.

Currently, the unit classes C hedged and A hedged are being issued in the scope of this subfund.

Net asset value, issue and redemption prices

(1) The net asset value and the issue and redemption prices shall be determined and calculated on each bank working day in Luxembourg and Frankfurt am Main (subsequently referred to as "valuation day") in the currency of the subfund. Valuation is generally waived on stock exchange days that are public holidays in one of the aforementioned places, as well as on 24 and 31 December. Currently, the following days are not classified as valuation days: New Year's Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, May Day, Europe Day (LUX), Ascension Day, Whit Monday, Corpus Christi, Luxembourg National Day (LUX), Assumption Day, German Unification Day (DEU), All Saints' Day, Christmas Eve, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Eve.

(2) Unit call-offs and redemption orders arriving at the Depositary not later than 12:00 h on a valuation day shall be settled at the issue price of the next valuation day. The issue price shall be paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the relevant valuation day. The redemption price is to be paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the relevant valuation day.

Unit call-offs and redemption orders arriving at the Depositary later than 12:00 h on a valuation day shall be settled at the issue price of the next valuation day. The issue price shall be paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the relevant valuation day. The redemption price is to be paid in the Fund's currency within two bank working days (banking center Luxembourg) following the relevant valuation day.

(3) The issue price per unit corresponds to the net asset value per unit pursuant to Clause 13 of the Management Regulations plus a sales charge to the benefit of the Distributor.

- a) For units of the unit class C hedged, the sales charge amounts to up to 4.00% of the applicable net asset value per unit.
- b) For units of the unit class A hedged, the sales charge amounts to up to 4.00% of the applicable net asset value per unit

Moreover, the issue price may be increased in certain countries because of their issuance taxes, stamp duties and other charges.

(4) The redemption price per unit shall be equal to the net asset value per unit in accordance with Article 13 of the Management Regulations. No redemption fee shall be charged.

(5) The Management Company ensures an appropriate publication of the unit price in countries where the subfund is distributed publicly.

Conversion of units

(1) There will be no conversion fee for the conversion of units of this subfund into units of another subfund pursuant to Clause 12 of the Management Regulations.

(2) The conversion of units of the unit class A into units of the unit class C within this subfund, and the conversion of units of the unit class A into units of the unit class B, C, CAV, C-hedged or D into another subfund of this Fund is not possible.

Costs

- (1) For the management of the subfund pursuant to Clause 15 (1) of the Management Regulations, the Management Company shall receive the following management fee:

for the units of the unit class C hedged max. 0.60% p. a. of the applicable net asset value.

for the units of the unit class A hedged max. 1.20% p. a. of the applicable net asset value.

The management fee shall be calculated on each valuation day, accrued in the fund and paid out at the end of each month.

The Management Company may pass on parts of the Management Fee to intermediaries. The amount of these remunerations depends generally on the arranged fund volumes.

- (2) Performance-related remuneration

The Fund Manager may also receive a performance fee for the management of the subfund for the C hedged and A hedged Share Classes of up to 10% of the amount by which the Share performance exceeds the performance of the Benchmark Index at the end of a settlement period (outperformance over the Benchmark Index, i.e. positive deviation of the Share performance from the Benchmark Market performance, hereinafter also referred to as "Positive Benchmark Deviation").

The positive benchmark deviation is calculated as the excess return less all costs (e.g. management fees or administrative fees).

If the unit value performance at the end of a settlement period falls short of the performance of the benchmark index (underperformance relative to the benchmark index, i.e. negative deviation of the unit value performance from the benchmark performance, hereinafter also referred to as "negative benchmark deviation"), the Fund Manager shall not receive any performance-related remuneration. Corresponding to the calculation of the performance fee in the case of a positive benchmark deviation, an underperformance amount per unit value is calculated on the basis of the negative benchmark deviation and carried forward into the next settlement period as a negative carryforward ("negative carryforward"). For the subsequent settlement period, the Fund Manager shall only receive a performance fee if the amount calculated from Positive Benchmark Deviation exceeds the Negative Carry Forward from the previous settlement period at the end of this settlement period. In this case, the remuneration claim is calculated from the difference between the two amounts. If the amount calculated from the positive benchmark deviation does not exceed the negative carryforward from the previous settlement period, both amounts are offset. The remaining underperformance amount per unit value is carried forward again into the next settlement period as a "new negative carryforward". If there is another negative benchmark deviation at the end of the next settlement period, the existing negative carryforward is increased by the underperformance amount calculated from this negative benchmark deviation. In the annual calculation of the remuneration claim, any underperformance amounts of the five preceding settlement periods shall be taken into account.

The settlement period begins on 1 January and ends on 31 December of a calendar year. The first settlement period begins with the launch of the subfund or, for each new unit class, with the launch of this new unit class and ends only on the second 31 December following the launch. The performance fee is paid annually on 31 December.

The "Refinitiv Global Focus Convertible Bonds Hedged (EUR) Index" (an index of Refinitiv Inc., New York) is determined as the benchmark index. If the benchmark index should cease to exist, the Management Company will determine an appropriate other index to replace the aforementioned index.

The performance fee shall be determined by comparing the performance of the benchmark index with the performance of the unit value in the settlement period. In order to determine the unit value performance of the subfund, the unit value at the end of the financial year is compared with the unit value at the end of the previous year, whereby distributions and tax payments made at the expense of the Fund are arithmetically added back to the unit value.

According to the result of a daily comparison, an arithmetically accrued performance-related remuneration in the subfund is set aside per unit issued or a provision already posted is reversed accordingly. Released provisions accrue to the subfund. A performance-related fee can only be withdrawn if corresponding provisions have been formed.

In the event of a positive benchmark deviation, the performance fee may also be withdrawn if the unit value at the end of the settlement period is lower than the unit value at the beginning of the settlement period ("negative unit value development").

The following example illustrates the calculation of the performance-related remuneration. The performance fee is determined by comparing the performance of the benchmark index with the unit value performance in the settlement period. If the unit value outperforms the benchmark index and there is no negative

carry-forward, an outperformance occurs. The Company may retain a maximum of 10% of this outperformance. As an example, the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period may amount to EUR 100, the performance of the unit price in the same settlement period amounts to EUR 120, which means that the outperformance amounts to EUR 20. Of this amount, EUR 2 shall go to the Company as performance-related remuneration. In the event of underperformance, where the unit price underperforms the benchmark index in the settlement period, the company does not receive a performance fee. Instead, a negative carryforward arises, which the company must make up in the next five settlement periods. As an example, the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period may be EUR 100, but the performance of the unit price in the same settlement period is only EUR 90, which means that the underperformance amounts to EUR 10. The EUR 10 must then first be recovered, which corresponds to the recovery in the next settlement period if the performance of the benchmark index in the settlement period is EUR 100 and if the performance of the unit price is EUR 110, whereby no outperformance then results.

The following calculation example per unit class can be used for the subfund:

Lupus alpha Global Convertible Bonds A hedged / C hedged					
	Fondspor formance in %	Vergleichs- maßstab in %	Outperformance abzgl. negativen Vortrag	Outperformance Gebühr 10%	Negativer Vortrag
Anteilwert					
Wertentw. Periode 1	15,0%	10,0%	5,0%	0,5%	
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 2	5,0%	25,0%	-20,0%	0,0%	-20,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 3	25,0%	10,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 4	25,0%	10,0%	10,0%	1,0%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 5	-10,0%	-5,0%	-5,0%	0,0%	-5,0%
Anteilwert Ende					
Wertentw. Periode 6	-10,0%	-20,0%	5,0%	0,5%	0,0%
Anteilwert Ende					

To fulfil the provisions of Art. 29 par.2 of Regulation (EU) 2016/1011, the following information is made available:

The performance fee is calculated using the benchmark Refinitiv Global Focus Convertible Bonds Hedged (EUR) Index. The Refinitiv Global Focus Convertible Bonds Hedged (EUR) Index is administered by Refinitiv Inc, New York. The reference value is provided by an administrator who is currently not included in the ESMA register of Reference Value Administrators. However, the use of this reference value is permitted during the transitional period provided for in Article 51 (5) of the EU Reference Values Regulation. The inclusion in the ESMA register of third country reference values of a non-EU reference value, which may be used by a subfund within the meaning of the Reference Values Regulation, will be reflected in the next update of the Sales Prospectus. The register is available at https://registers.esma.europa.eu/publication/searchRegister?core=esma_registers_bench_entities.

The performance fee is calculated on each valuation day, set aside in the Fund and paid annually at the end of the financial year.

- (3) Additionally, the costs resulting from the provision of analysis material or services by third parties related to one or several financial instrument(s) or other assets or related to the issuers or potential issuers of financial instruments or closely connected to a specific industry or a specific market, shall be directly charged to the subfund up to an amount of 0.12 percent p. a. of its net asset value.
- (4) Additionally, the costs resulting from third parties related to the management of derivative transactions, the reporting of derivative transactions and the management of collateral for such transactions shall be directly charged to the subfund up to an amount of 0.05 percent p. a. of its net asset value. Furthermore, the costs from the settlement of over-the-counter (OTC) derivatives, the requirements regarding central counterparties (CCP) and the reports to trade repositories (so-called EMIR costs, resulting from EU Regulation No. 648/2012) may also be charged directly to the subfund.
- (5) The remuneration of the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent ("service fee") may range from 0.05 % p. a. of the net asset value up to max. 2 % p. a. of the net asset value, with a minimum fee of EUR 44,500 p. a. at subfund level and EUR 5,400 at structure level.

These fees are due quarterly and do not include any transaction fees and fees of sub-custodians or similar service providers. Any incurring cash expenses (including, but not limited to costs for telex, telegram, distance calls, fax and postage) not included in these fees shall be refunded to the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent from the Fund' s assets.

The amount paid from the Fund's assets to the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent shall be specified in the Annual Report.

ADDENDUM DESTINÉ AU PUBLIC EN FRANCE

La Directive Européenne n° 2009/65/CE du 13 juillet 2009 portant coordination des dispositions législatives, réglementaires et administratives concernant certains organismes de placement collectif en valeurs mobilières (OPCVM), instaure des règles communes en vue de permettre la commercialisation transfrontalière des OPCVM qui s'y conforment. Ce socle commun n'exclut pas une mise en œuvre différenciée. C'est pourquoi un OPCVM européen peut être commercialisé en France quand bien même son activité n'obéit pas à des règles identiques à celles qui conditionnent en France l'agrément de ce type de produit.

Le présent addendum fait corps avec le prospectus de « Lupus alpha Global Convertible Bonds » (ci-après dénommé « l'**OPCVM** ») daté de janvier 2022.

1. Précisions sur les facilités mises à disposition des investisseurs

Conformément à l'article 93, paragraphe 1, de la directive 2009/65/CE, vous trouverez ci-après des informations sur les facilités permettant d'accomplir les tâches visées à l'article 92, paragraphe 1, de la directive :

- **Traitement des ordres de souscription, de rachat et de remboursement et des autres paiements aux porteurs de l'OPCVM :**

Les souscriptions, rachats et remboursements peuvent être adressés à la Société de gestion. Les paiements relatifs aux titres de l'OPCVM seront effectués par la Société de gestion.

- **Fourniture aux investisseurs des informations sur la façon dont les ordres peuvent être passés et comment les produits des rachats et des remboursements sont payés :**

Les informations sur la manière dont les ordres peuvent être passés et comment les produits des rachats et des remboursements sont payés peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

- **Facilitation du traitement des informations et de l'accès aux procédures et modalités visées à l'article 15 de la directive 2009/65/CE relatives à l'exercice, par les investisseurs, des droits liés à leur investissement dans l'OPCVM dans l'État membre où est commercialisé ce dernier :**

Les informations peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

- **Mise à disposition des investisseurs des informations et des documents requis en vertu du chapitre IX, dans les conditions définies à l'article 94 :**

Les informations peuvent être obtenues auprès de la Société de gestion.

Le dernier prix d'émission, de vente, de rachat ou de remboursement des titres sont disponibles au siège social de la Société de gestion, sur le site Internet de la Société de gestion (www.lupusalpha.de).

Contact de la Société de gestion pour les besoins des facilités mentionnées ci-dessus :

Lupus alpha Investment GmbH
Speicherstraße 49-51
60327 Francfort-sur-le-Main
Tel.: +49 69 365058 7000
Fax: +49 69 365058 8700

Point de contact pour les investisseurs
Service Center
Tel.: + 49 69 365058 7000
Email: info@lupusalpha.de

2. Catégories de titres autorisées à la commercialisation en France

Seules les catégories listées ci-dessous ont reçu, de l'Autorité des marchés financiers (AMF), une autorisation de commercialisation en France.

Nom	Date d'autorisation
Lupus alpha Global Convertible Bonds A hedged	23. Mai 2022
Lupus alpha Global Convertible Bonds C hedged	23. Mai 2022

3. Conditions de souscription et de rachat

Parmi les différentes règles de souscriptions et de rachats prévues par le prospectus, la société de gestion peut suspendre temporairement le rachat des parts en cas de circonstances exceptionnelles rendant cette suspension nécessaire compte tenu des intérêts des investisseurs.

La société de gestion applique par ailleurs un dispositif de *swing pricing* partiel. Ce mécanisme ne s'applique que si les excédents de rachats excèdent, le jour d'évaluation concerné, un seuil fixé par la société.

La société détermine le seuil sur la base de plusieurs critères tels que les conditions de marché, la liquidité du marché et l'analyse des risques. Le facteur de *swing pricing* ne dépasse pas 5 % de la valeur nette d'inventaire.

Dans des circonstances de marché exceptionnelles, un facteur de swing plus élevé peut être fixé, sans toutefois dépasser 10 % de la valeur nette d'inventaire. La société publie sur son site Internet un avis indiquant une telle augmentation dans ce cas.

4. Fiscalité

L'attention des investisseurs fiscalement domiciliés en France est attirée sur l'obligation de procéder à la déclaration des revenus qui, résultant des cessions ou conversions des parts des fonds, sont soumis au régime des plus-values sur valeurs mobilières.

Lupus alpha Fonds

Fonds Commun de Placement

Management Regulations

Coordinated version dated 1 January, 2020

Clause 1 The Fund

- (1) The Lupus alpha Fonds (the "Fund") was incepted initially pursuant to Part I of the Luxembourg Law of 30 March, 1988, on Undertakings for Collective Investment (the "Law of 30 March, 1988") as an investment fund (*fonds commun de placement*) by Lupus alpha Investment S. A. (the "Management Company") on 13 December, 2000. On 1 July, 2011, the Fund was adapted to the Luxembourg Law of 17 December, 2010, Part I, on Undertakings for Collective Investment ("the Law of 17 December, 2010"). On 1 January 2020, the Fund was transferred from Lupus alpha Investment S.A. to Lupus alpha Investment GmbH as part of an EU passporting process according to Art. 18 of the Directive 2009/65/EC and Section 49 par. 5 of the Capital Investment Code (Kapitalanlagegesetzbuch)

The Fund is a legally dependent collective property of all unitholders. The special fund is managed by the Management Company in their own name, but for account of the unitholders.

- (2) Within the very same Fund, the investors are offered several subfund's which invest their assets in securities corresponding to their specific investment policy, the principle of risk diversification considered. The Management Company shall be authorised to add new subfund's and /or to dissolve or merge existing subfund's.

The Management Company defines the investment policy of each subfund, with the relevant fund assets being managed separately of the assets of the Management Company.

- (3) The unitholders are owners of the relevant subfund's assets to the amount of their units.
- (4) The mutual contractual rights and obligations of the unitholders, the Management Company and the Depositary are specified in these Management Regulations; their valid version as well as any amendments thereto are documented in the Register of Commerce and Companies in Luxembourg and the, *Recueil des Sociétés et Associations* (RESA) Via the purchase of units, the unitholder approves the Management Regulations and all the authorised and published amendments thereto.

Clause 2 Depositary

- (1) The Management Company has appointed RBC Investor Services Bank S.A. to act as Depositary for the Fund's assets. The role and responsibilities of the Depositary result from the legal provisions and the Depositary Bank and Principal Paying Agent Agreement, the Depositary and Paying Agent Agreement concluded between the Management Company and the Depositary.

RBC is registered at the Luxembourg Register of Commerce and Companies (RCS) under the no. B-47192 and was founded in 1994 under the name of "First European Transfer Agent". RBC owns a banking licence pursuant to the provisions of the Luxembourg Law of 5 April 1993 on the Financial Sector and is specialised in providing custodian, fund accounting and related services. As of 31 October, 2015, the capital resources amounted to EUR 983,781,177.

- (2) The Depositary and the Management Company are authorised to terminate the Depositary appointment at any time with three months' prior notice at the end of each month by written notification to the other party.

In case of termination of the Depositary appointment by the Depositary, the Management Company is obliged to appoint a different bank as Depositary within two months, subject to the approval of the competent Supervisory Authority, as otherwise the termination of the Depositary appointment will require the liquidation of the corresponding fund; within these 2 months, the former Depositary shall continue to fully comply with their mandatory obligations as Depositary to protect the unitholders' interests.

Any termination of the Depositary appointment by the Management Company will mandatorily result in the liquidation of the Fund pursuant to Clause 17 of the Management Regulations, unless the Management

Company has - with the approval of the competent Supervisory Authority - appointed a different bank as Depository that takes over the legal role of the previous Depository.

- (3) All legally admitted assets comprising the assets of the Fund shall be kept by the Depository for the unitholders in separate blocked accounts or securities accounts, which can only be disposed of in compliance with the provisions of the Management Regulations.

The Management Company has authorised the Depository to transfer their custodian obligations (i) regarding other assets to agents and (ii) regarding financial instruments to sub-depositaries and to open accounts with these sub-depositaries.

Upon request, a current description of the custodian obligations transferred by the Depository, and a current list comprising all agents and sub-depositaries are available from the Depository or at the following link: <https://apps.rbcits.com/RFP/gmi/updates/Appointed%20subcustodians.pdf>

In the execution of its duties pursuant to the legal provisions and the Depository Bank and Principal Paying Agent Agreement, the Depository shall act in a honest, fair and professional fashion, independently and in the sole interest of the Fund and the unitholders.

- (4) In the scope of its supervisory duties, the Depository shall:
- ensure that the sale, the issue, redemption, out-payment and the cancellation of units executed in the name of the Fund will be performed in compliance with the legal provisions and the Management Regulations of the Fund;
 - ensure that the value of the shares / units will be calculated pursuant to the legal requirements and the Management Regulations of the Fund;
 - comply with the instructions of the Management Company acting in the name of the Fund, unless they fail to comply with the Law or the Management Regulations;
 - ensure that, in transactions involving the assets of the Fund, any consideration is remitted to the Fund within the customary settlement dates;
 - ensure that the returns of the Fund are used pursuant to the legal provisions or the Management Regulations of the Fund.

The Depository shall also ensure that the cash flows will be appropriately monitored in line with the legal provisions and the Depository Bank and Principal Paying Agent Agreement.

- (5) Furthermore, the Depository shall ensure that:
- (a) The sale, issue, redemption, payment and defacing of the units for the account of the Fund are performed in compliance with legal provisions and the Management Regulations;
 - (b) The calculation of the net asset value complies with the legal provisions and the Management Regulations;
 - (c) In all transactions relating to the Fund's assets, the consideration is received by the Depository within the usual time limits;
 - (d) The returns of the Fund's assets are used pursuant to the Management Regulations;
- (6) Upon instruction of the Management Company, the Depository shall take from the blocked accounts of the Fund only the remuneration for the Management Company and the Depository as specified in the Management Regulations, and the other costs and charges specified in Clause 15 to be paid from the Fund's assets.

Clause 3 The Management Company

- (1) Lupus alpha Investment GmbH., a limited liability company (German GmbH) under the law of the Federal Republic of Germany with registered office in Frankfurt am Main, is acting as Management Company. The Management Company is represented by the Managing Directors.

The Management Company shall act independently of the Depository and exclusively in the interest and for joint account of the unitholders.

- (2) The Management Company shall be authorised - in compliance with the stipulations laid down in the Management Regulations and in the Sales Prospectus - to invest the assets of the individual subfunds and to perform all operations required for the management of the Fund's assets.
- (3) The Management Company may consult one or several Fund Manager(s) under their own responsibility.
- (4) Moreover, the Management Company shall be authorised - under the general supervision and responsibility of the Board of Directors and in compliance with the Fund's investment restrictions - to conclude one or several contracts with other legal or natural entities (subsequently referred to as "Fund Managers" and

/ or "Investment Advisors"), specifying that these manage the assets of several or all subfunds or render other services for these subfunds, such as e. g. investment advisory services.

Such contracts may specify conditions and requirements deemed appropriate by the contractual partners, including, but without being limited to the transfer of decision-making regarding the investments and the reinvestments of the Fund's assets.

Any Fund Manger or Investment Advisor shall be authorised to enter into agreements with third parties - legal or natural entities - specifying that the Fund may be provided with certain administrative services.

In case the Management Company appoints one or several Fund Manager(s) and / or Investment Advisor(s), their remuneration shall be based on Clause 15 of the Management Regulations.

Clause 4 Central Administration Agent and Principal Paying Agent

The Management Company has commissioned RBC Investor Services Bank S. A., a public limited company under Luxembourg Law with registered office in 14, Porte de France, L-4360 Esch/Alzette, to act as service provider for the Fund. The agreement is concluded for an undetermined period of time and may be terminated by both parties to the agreement with three months' prior notice.

In its role as Central Administration Agent, the bank shall keep the accounts of the Fund pursuant to generally accepted accounting standards and Luxembourg Law, perform the regular calculation of the net asset value for the Fund's units under the supervision of the Management Company, prepare the Annual and Semi-Annual Accounts of the Fund and prepare the Annual and Semi-Annual Reports for the independent advisor pursuant to Luxembourg Law and the provisions of the Luxembourg Supervisory Authority, and perform all other tasks occurring in the field of central administration.

Moreover, the Management Company has appointed the bank by the service agreement to act as principal paying agent for the Fund (the "Paying Agent" or also the "Principal Paying Agent").

Clause 5 Register and Transfer Agent

The Management Company has commissioned RBC Investor Services Bank S. A. with registered office in 14, Porte de France, L-4360 Esch/Alzette, to act as Register and Transfer Agent for the Fund. The agreement is concluded for an undetermined period of time and may be terminated by both parties to the agreement with three months' prior notice.

Clause 6 Investment policy

- (1) The Fund's assets of the individual subfunds shall be invested according to the investment policies specified in the Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus for the relevant subfund, and within the investment restrictions specified in the Management Regulations, the principle of risk diversification considered.
- (2) The Management Company shall determine the investment policy of the individual subfunds. The Management Company is comprehensively responsible for the determination and execution of the investment policy.
- (3) Derivatives, techniques and instruments specified in Clauses 7 and 8 of the Management Regulations may be used for the efficient management of the Fund's assets, for hedging currency, interest and price risks and for covering other risks. The Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus specify for each subfund the purposes for which techniques and instruments are allowed.

The Management Company shall apply a suitable risk management procedure for the Fund if techniques and instruments are used. Clause 8 includes specific information regarding the procedure and statements regarding the limitation of risks from the use of derivative financial instruments.

Clause 7 Investment restrictions and risk diversification

The investments of the individual subfund shall exclusively comprise:

1.
 - 1.1. securities and money market instruments listed or traded on a regulated market, as defined in the Law of 17 December, 2010;

- 1.2. transferable securities and money market instruments traded on another regulated market in a Member State of the European Union, which is recognised, open to the public and operating properly;
- 1.3. transferable securities and money market instruments listed on a securities exchange of a Member State of the European Union (EU), the European Economic Area (EEA) or other OECD Member States or traded on another regulated market of a Member State of the European Union (EU), the European Economic Area (EEA) or other OECD Member States that is recognised, open to the public and operating properly;
- 1.4. newly issued securities and money market instruments, provided that
 - the issuing conditions contain the obligation that the admission for listing on a securities exchange or on another regulated market which is recognised, open to the public and operating properly is applied for within the meaning of paras. 1.1 to 1.3.,
 - if such admission is granted at the latest within one year after issuing.
2. units of UCITS and / or other UCI admitted pursuant to Directive 2009/65/EC within the meaning of the first and second indent of Article 1 para. (2) of Directive 2009/65/EC, domiciled in a Member State of the European Union or in a Non-Member State, provided
 - 2.1. such other UCI have been admitted in compliance with such legal provisions which make them subject to supervision which - in the view of the CSSF - is equivalent to the supervision pursuant to Community Law and provides a sufficient basis for cooperation between the authorities;
 - 2.2. the level of protection for the unitholders of the other UCI is equal to that of the unitholders of the Fund and especially the provisions regarding the separate custody of subfund assets, borrowing, lending, and short-selling of securities and money market instruments are equal to the requirements of Directive 2009/65/EC;
 - 2.3. the business activity of other UCI is detailed in Semi-Annual and Annual Reports which permit a judgement to be made on its assets and liabilities, the returns and the transactions within the reporting period;
 - 2.4. the UCITS or such other UCI, whose units are intended for purchase, must according to its founding documents not invest more than 10 % of its assets in units of other UCITS or UCI;
3. sight or time deposits with a term of max. 12 months with credit institutions, provided such credit institution is domiciled in a Member State of the EU, or, if the registered office of the credit institution is in a Non-Member State, if such credit institution is subject to supervisory provisions which are in the view of the CSSF equal to those of Community Law;
4. derivative financial instruments (derivatives) including equal instruments settled in cash, which are traded on a regulated market specified under items 1.1., 1.2. and 1.3., and / or derivative financial instruments not traded on a stock exchange ("OTC derivatives"), provided that
 - 4.1. the underlyings are instruments within the meaning of items 1 to 5 or financial indices, interest rates, exchange rates or currencies,
 - 4.2. the counterparties in transactions involving OTC derivatives are institutions subject to supervision and of categories admitted by the CSSF; and
 - 4.3. the OTC derivatives are subject to a reliable and verifiable daily valuation and the subfund can at any time sell or liquidate them at the appropriate current market value or close them through an offsetting transaction;
5. money market instruments not traded on a regular market and within the definition of Article 1 of the Law of 17 December, 2010, provided the issue or the issuer of such instruments is already subject to provisions regarding the protection of deposits and investors, and provided these instruments are
 - 5.1. issued or guaranteed by a federal, regional or local corporate body or the central bank of an EU Member State, by the European Central Bank, the European Union or the European Investment Bank, a Non-Member State, or - if it is a federal state - a member state of the federation, or by an international public body involving one or several EU Member States, or
 - 5.2. issued by a company whose securities are traded on regulated markets specified under items 1.1., 1.2. and 1.3. above, or
 - 5.3. issued or guaranteed by an institute subject to supervision pursuant to the criteria established under

Community Law, or by an institute subject to supervisory provisions which are in the view of the CSSF at least as strict as those of the Community Law, or

- 5.4. issued by other issuers of a category admitted by the CSSF, provided that the investments in such instruments are subject to investor protection provisions equivalent to the paras. 5.1., 5.2. or 5.3. and provided that the issuer is either a company with an equity capital of at least EUR 10 million (10,000,000 Euro) which prepares and publishes its annual accounts in compliance with the provisions of the fourth Council Directive 78/660/EEC, or a legal entity within a group of companies comprising one or several listed companies, which is responsible for financing such group, or a legal entity which has to use a credit line provided by a bank to provide a security underlying of liabilities.
6. For each subfund, the Management Company may:
- 6.1. invest not more than 10% of its net assets in securities and money market instruments not specified in item 1;
- 6.2. acquire movable or immovable property which is essential for the direct pursuit of its business;
- 6.3. acquire neither precious metals nor certificates representing them;
7. Moreover, the subfund may hold up to 49% of its net assets in liquid assets.
8. The subfund shall ensure that its global exposure relating to derivative instruments does not exceed the total net value of its portfolio.

The calculation of risks considers the market value of the underlyings, the default risk, future foreseeable market developments and the time to liquidate the positions. This shall also apply to the following subsections.

The subfund may invest, as a part of its investment policy and within the limit laid down in item 9.5., in derivatives provided that the global exposure of the underlying assets does not exceed the investment limits laid down in item 9. The investment limits specified in item 9 need not be considered for investments in index-based derivatives.

In case a derivative is embedded in a security or a money market instrument, it must be considered regarding compliance with the provisions of this Clause.

- 9.
- 9.1. The subfund must not invest more than 10 % of its net assets in securities or money market instruments of the very same institution. The subfund must not invest more than 20 % of its net assets in deposits with the very same institution. For transactions in OTC derivatives, the counterparty default risk of the subfund must not exceed 10 % of the subfund's net assets if the counterparty is a credit institution within the meaning of item 3, otherwise it must not exceed 5% of its net assets.
- 9.2. The total of all securities and money market instruments of issuers in which the subfund has invested more than 5% of its net assets each is restricted to max. 40% of the value of its net assets. This restriction shall not apply to deposits and transactions with OTC derivatives concluded with financial institutes which are subject to supervision.
- Irrespective of the individual limits in item 9.1., the subfund must not invest more than 20 % of its net assets within the very same institution in a combination of
- a) securities or money market instruments issued by such institutions and / or
- b) deposits with such institutions, and / or
- c) OTC derivatives purchased by such institutions
- 9.3. The limit specified in item 9.1. sent. 1 shall be increased to max. 35 %, if such securities or money market instruments are issued or guaranteed by an EU Member State or its local bodies, a Non-Member State or international public bodies which include one or several EU Member States.
- 9.4. The limit laid down in item 9.1. sent. 1 will be increased to a maximum of 25 % where specific bonds are issued by a credit institution which has its registered office in a Member State and is subject by law to special public supervision designed to protect the holders of such bonds. In particular, the proceeds from the issue of such debt obligations shall be invested pursuant to legal provisions in assets which appropriately cover the resulting liabilities for the whole term of the debt obligations and which are - upon any default of the issuer - primarily determined for due repayments and interest payments.

In case the subfund invests more than 5% of its net assets in debt obligations within the meaning of the first sub-paragraph of item 9.4., which are issued by the very same issuer, the total of such investments must not exceed 80 % of the value of the subfund's net assets.

- 9.5. The securities and money market instruments specified in items 9.3. and 9.4. shall not be included in the 40% investment limit specified in item 9.2.

The limits specified in items 9.1., 9.2., 9.3. and 9.4. must not be accumulated; thus, investments in securities and money market instruments of the very same institution or in deposits of such institution or in derivatives of such institution pursuant to items 9.1., 9.2., 9.3. and 9.4. must never exceed 35 % of the subfund's net assets.

Companies which are included in the same group for the purposes of consolidated accounts, as defined in Directive 83/349/EEC or in accordance with recognised international accounting rules, shall be regarded as a single institution for the purpose of calculating the limits contained in this Clause.

The subfund may accumulate up to 20 % of its net assets in securities and money market instruments of the very same group of companies.

10.

- 10.1. Irrespective of the investment limits specified in item 13, the investments in equities and / or debt instruments of the very same institution specified in item 9 shall be increased to max. 20% if the subfund's investment policy aims at emulating an equity or credit index recognised by the CSSF. However, to this effect, it is mandatory that

- a) the composition of the index is appropriately diversified;
- b) the index is an adequate reference basis for the market which it emulates;
- c) the index is published appropriately.

- 10.2. The limit specified in item 10.1. shall be increased to max. 35 % if justified due to extraordinary market conditions, especially on regulated markets which are dominated by certain securities or money market instruments. An investment up to this limit shall only be allowed in case of one single issuer.

11.

In line with the principle of risk diversification, the subfund may invest up to 100% of its net assets in securities and money market instruments of different issues which are issued or guaranteed by an EU Member State or its local bodies, a state within the OECD, or by international public bodies comprising one or several EU Member States.

The subfund must hold securities issued in the scope of at least six different issues with the securities of the very same issue not exceeding 30 % of the total amount of the net asset value.

12.

- 12.1. The subfund may acquire the units of UCITS and / or other UCI referred to in item 2, provided that no more than 20% of its net assets are invested in units of the same single UCITS and / or single UCI.

For the purpose of applying this investment limit, each subfund of a fund with several subfunds within the meaning of Article 181.5 of the Law of 17 December, 2010, shall be regarded as independent issuer, provided that the separate liability of the subfunds towards third parties is ensured.

- 12.2. The subfund must not invest more than 30% of its net assets in units of UCI other than UCITS.

In case the subfund has purchased units of another UCITS and / or other UCI, the investment values of such other UCITS and / or other UCI do not have to be included in the limits specified in item 9.

- 12.3. Should the subfund buy units of other UCITS and / or UCI which are managed directly or due to a transfer by the same Management Company or by a company related to the Management Company by joint administration or control or by a substantial direct or indirect participation, the Management Company or the other company is not allowed to charge fees for the subscription or the redemption of units of such other UCITS and / or UCI by the subfund.

A subfund that invests a substantial proportion of its net assets in units of other UCITS and / or other UCI shall disclose in its Sales Prospectus the maximum level of the management fees that may be charged to the subfund itself and to the other UCITS and / or UCI in which it intends to invest. The Annual Report shall specify the max. share of the management fee borne by the subfund on the one hand and by the UCITS and / or other UCI in which it invests on the other hand.

- 12.4. In line with the investment limit of the relevant subfund specified in the Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus, each subfund must not invest more than a total of 10% of the value of its assets in units of investment funds specified in Clause 7.2 of these Management Regulations.

13

- 13.1. For the investment funds managed by the Management Company and which are subject to Part I of this Law, the Management Company must not buy shares providing a voting right which enables the Management Company to exert a major influence on the conduct of business of an issuer.

- 13.2. Moreover, the subfund must not acquire more than the following:

- a) 10% of the non-voting shares of the very same issuer;
- b) 10% of the debt obligations of the very same issuer;
- c) 25% of the units of the very same UCITS and / or other UCI;
- d) 10% of the money market instruments of the very same issuer.

The limits laid down in items b), c) and d) may be disregarded at the time of acquisition if at that time the gross amount of the debt securities or of the money market instruments, or the net amount of the securities in issue, cannot be calculated.

- 13.3. Items 13.1. and 13.2. shall not apply to

- a) securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by an EU member state or its local public bodies;
- b) transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a state outside the EU;
- c) securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by international public bodies comprising one or several EU member states;
- d) shares the subfund holds in the equity capital of a company of a state outside the EU which invests its assets primarily in the securities of issuers domiciled in that state, if such participation is the subfund's only way - in view of the legal provisions of such state - to invest in securities of issuers in such state. However, this exemption provision is only applicable on condition that the investment policy of the company of the state outside the EU complies with the limits specified in items 9, 12 and 13.1 and 13.2. Where the limits set in items 9 and 12 are exceeded, item 14 shall apply analogously.

14.

- 14.1. The subfund is not required to comply with the limits laid down in this Clause when exercising subscription rights attached to transferable securities or money market instruments which form part of its net assets.

Irrespective of ensuring observance of the principle of risk diversification, Member States may allow recently authorised subfund's to derogate from items 9, 10, 11 and 12 for six months following the date of their authorisation.

- 14.2. If the subfund exceeds the limits referred to in item 14.1. accidentally or as a result of the exercising of subscription rights, the subfund shall adopt as a priority objective for its sales transactions the remedying of that situation, taking due account of the interests of its unitholders.

- 14.3. In case the issuer forms a legal entity with several subfund's in which the assets of a subfund shall only be liable for the claims of investors of such subfund and for the claims of those of its creditors whose claims have arisen on account of the foundation, the operation or the liquidation of said subfund, then

each subfund shall be regarded as independent issuer concerning the applicable provisions on risk diversification in items 9, 10 and 12.

15.

15.1. Neither the Management Company, nor the Depositary must borrow for account of the subfund.

The subfund may, however, acquire foreign currency by means of a back-to-back loan.

15.2. By way of derogation from item 15.1., the subfund may borrow for up to 10% of its net assets provided the borrowing is for a short period of time only; covering transactions related to the sale of options and / or the purchase and the sale of futures contracts and futures shall not be regarded as borrowings within the meaning of this investment restriction.

16.

16.1. Notwithstanding the application of items 1 - 8, neither the Management Company nor the Depositary must grant credits or give guarantees to third parties for account of the subfund.

16.2. Item 16.1. does not oppose the acquisition of not yet fully paid-in securities, money market instruments or other not yet fully paid-in financial instruments specified in items 2, 4 and 5 by the corresponding undertakings.

16.3. The Management Company must not pledge, subject to any charge, transfer as collateral or assign as collateral the assets of the Fund unless required in the scope of a transaction permitted pursuant to these Management Regulations. Such collateral agreements apply especially to OTC transactions pursuant to Clause 7.4. of the Management Regulations ("Collateral Management").

17. Short selling of securities, money market instruments or other financial instruments specified in items 2, 4 and 5 must not be made by Management Companies or Depositaries acting for account of investment funds.

18. A subfund (the "investing subfund") may subscribe, acquire and / or hold the shares issued or to be issued by one or several other subfund's of the Fund (each a "target subfund") on condition that:

the target fund itself does not invest in the investing subfund; and - not more than a total of 10% of the target subfund's assets will be invested in shares of other UCITS or UCI; and

any voting rights that may be related to the shares of the target subfund shall be suspended as long as the shares are being held by the related investing subfund; and

the value of such shares, as long as they are held by the investing subfund, will not be included in the calculation of the Fund's net asset value for the purpose of compliance with the minimum level of the net assets specified in the Law of 2010; and

there will be no double charging of management, subscription or redemption fees between these relevant fees at the level of the investing subfund and the level of the target subfund.

The Management Company may make appropriate dispositions and decide upon consent of the Depositary to make modifications to the investment restrictions and other parts of the Management Regulations and to impose additional investment restrictions as necessary to comply with the provisions of such countries in which the units are sold or to be sold.

The restrictions specified in this Clause refer to the date when the securities are acquired. Should the percentage figures be exceeded subsequently due to the development of the share prices or for reasons other than complementary purchases, the Management Company shall immediately strive to reduce the figures to the specified limits upon appropriate consideration of the unitholders' interests.

Clause 8 Techniques and Instruments

(1) General provisions

Derivatives, techniques and instruments may be used for the efficient management of the Fund's assets, for hedging currency, interest and price risks and for covering other risks. The Special Regulations of the relevant subfund specify the purposes for which techniques and instruments are allowed.

Should derivatives be included in such transactions, the conditions and restrictions shall comply with the provisions of Clause 6 and Clause 7. Moreover, the provisions of item (2) of this Clause concerning risk management procedures for derivatives shall be considered.

(2) Risk management procedures

The Fund applies a risk-management procedure which enables the Management Company to control and quantify at any time the risks associated with the investment positions and their individual portion of the total risk profile of the investment portfolio. For OTC derivatives, a procedure is applied in this context to enable a precise and independent valuation of the risk associated with a derivative.

The risk related to derivative financial instruments must not exceed 100% of the Fund's net assets. Correspondingly, the total risk related to the investments of the Fund may be up to 200% of the Fund's net assets. The total risk taken by a fund must not be increased by more than 10% by temporary borrowing in order to ensure that the total risk never exceeds 210% of the fund's net assets.

The Management Company shall ensure for the Fund that its global exposure relating to derivative instruments does not exceed the total net value of its portfolio. The calculation of such risk considers the relevant market value of the underlyings, future foreseeable market developments and the time to liquidate the positions.

The Management Company classifies the Lupus alpha Fonds with its subfund's as complex UCITS within the meaning of the CSSF circular letter no. 07/308. The VaR approach is the internal model that considers all total risk sources (general and specific market risks) that may lead to a non-negligible change of the portfolio value. Such kind of approach is applied to estimate which maximum loss may arise within a specific time horizon and a predetermined confidence interval for the portfolio and the derivatives of a subfund. Stress tests are performed for the subfund's in order to be better able to control risks associated with any abnormal market movements. Stress tests measure how external market events may influence the value of a portfolio at a specific date.

For subfund's with relative VaR limits, the Management Company shall ensure that the total risk of all positions of a portfolio that is calculated via the VaR approach, does not exceed twice the VaR of a reference portfolio with the same market value as the subfund. This control limit shall be applied to all subfunds for which the definition of a reference portfolio is appropriate.

For subfund's with relative VaR limits, an absolute VaR shall be determined from all positions of the portfolio. Based on the analysis of the investment policy and the determined risk profile, a max. VaR limit is applied to the subfund which must not exceed the threshold limit of 20%.

(3) Leverage

Leverage is a method for the Company to increase the Fund's investment level. This may be achieved via the conclusion of securities lending transactions, leverage financing embedded in derivatives, or other ways. The potential use of derivatives, securities lending transactions and borrowing is specified in the relevant sections of this Sales Prospectus.

The use of derivatives must not more than double the market risk. The Company expects that the investment level of the Fund will be leveraged by more than the factor 1.

The leverage is calculated by dividing the total exposure by its net asset value. For calculating the total exposure, the net asset value of the Fund is added up including all nominal values of the derivative transactions used in the Fund. Any effects from the re-investment of collateral in case of securities lending and repurchase transactions shall be considered as well. However, depending on market conditions, the leverage effect may fluctuate and this may lead to transgressions of the targeted level despite continuous monitoring by the Company.

The Company may apply derivatives for different objectives, e. g. for hedging or yield optimisation. However, the calculation of the total exposure does not differentiate between various objectives of the use of derivatives. For this reason, the total of nominal values cannot be regarded as indicator of the Fund's risk level.

(4) Derivative financial instruments

The Fund may use derivative financial instruments in the scope of its investment strategy. This may involve derivative financial instruments traded on a regulated market within the meaning of Clause 7 1.1.1. to 1.1.3. and / or OTC derivatives, provided the underlying refers to:

- Instruments within the meaning of Clause 7 paras. 1 to 5
- Financial indices
- Interest rates
- Exchange rates or
- Foreign exchange

If a derivative is embedded in a security or a money market instrument, it must be considered regarding compliance with the provisions of this Clause.

The Management Company shall ensure that the subfund's can at any time meet their liabilities arising from derivative financial transactions resulting in delivery and / or payment obligations for the subfund's. The subfund's must not acquire derivatives that may result in a physical delivery. It is only allowed to acquire derivatives that provide for a cash settlement. In case of listed derivatives and OTC derivatives, the Management Company shall ensure at any time that there are sufficient liquid assets available in the subfund's and / or that the required margin calls are covered by sufficient liquidity at any time.

(5) Securities loans

Securities amounting to up to 50% of a subfund's assets may be lent out for a maximum period of 30 days via a standardised securities lending system. However, such securities lending system must be organised by a renowned clearing organisation or a first-rate financial institution specialising in such transactions.

The subfund may lend out more than 50% of the value of its securities, provided the Fund is entitled to terminate the securities lending agreement at any time and to reclaim the securities lent.

Regarding the securities loans, the Fund must on principle receive a guarantee equalling at least the total value of the securities lent out at the time the agreement is concluded. Such guarantee may comprise liquid assets or securities issued or guaranteed by Member States of the OECD, its local authorities or by global public bodies, that are blocked to the benefit of the Fund for the term of the securities lending agreement.

Moreover, it shall be ensured that the Fund may at any time reclaim the securities loaned and / or the corresponding cash amount and terminate the securities lending agreement at any time.

Such guarantee will not be required if the securities loan is made via Clearstream, Euroclear or another renowned clearing house that itself provides collateral to the benefit of the lender of the securities loaned via a guarantee or otherwise.

(6) Securities repurchase agreements

For the subfund, the Management Company may in due time enter into repurchase agreements which comprise the purchase and sale of securities with the relevant agreements stipulating the seller's right or obligation to repurchase the sold securities from the purchaser at a price and within a period of time agreed between both parties on conclusion of the agreement.

In repurchase transactions, the Fund may act as buyer or seller. However, entering into such transactions shall be subject to the following guidelines:

- (a) Securities may only be bought or sold via a repurchase agreement if the counterparty is a first-rate financial institute specialising in such transactions.
- (b) The securities involved in a repurchase agreement must not be sold during the term of the agreement before the right to repurchase these securities is exercised or has expired.

Moreover, it shall be ensured that the scope of the obligations resulting from repurchase agreements is managed in a way enabling the Management Company at any time to fulfil its obligations to redeem units of the Fund and / or to terminate these repurchase agreements at any time.

The mark-to-market value shall be applied to the calculation of the net asset value. Repurchase agreements shall be considered in the scope of liquidity management processes.

(7) Hedging of currency risks

For hedging current and future assets and liabilities of the Fund and / or the subfund against currency fluctuations, the Management Company may buy or sell currency futures provided these currency futures

are traded on a regulated market. Moreover, the Management Company may buy or sell for the subfunds currency options that are traded on a regulated market.

For the same purpose, the Management Company may also buy and / or sell currency futures or perform swap operations in the scope of OTC transactions with first-rate financial institutions specialising in such transactions.

The objective of hedging envisaged by the transactions specified above requires the existence of a direct relationship between the planned transaction and the assets and liabilities to be hedged and implies that transactions in a specific currency shall not exceed the total value of such assets and liabilities on principle and shall - regarding their term - not exceed the time period for which the relevant assets will be held or likely be acquired and / or for which the relevant liabilities were entered into or will likely be entered into.

(8) Other techniques and instruments

If required, the Management Company may extend the techniques and instruments explained in Clause 8 by additional techniques and instruments offered on the market, provided these comply with the investment policy of the relevant subfund and correspond to the legal and supervisory provisions.

The underlying exposure shall be used for the calculation of the investment limits for investments in total return swaps or in derivatives of similar features.

(9) Collateral strategy

In the scope of derivative transactions, securities lending transactions and repurchase agreements, the Company accepts collateral for account of the Fund. Such collateral is used to partially or completely reduce the counterparty default risk.

Currently, the Company does only accept the following assets as collateral for derivative, securities lending and repurchase operations:

- Bank deposits; also in foreign currency, as far as this is allowed according to the investment conditions of the Fund.
- Securities

Securities lending transactions shall be secured completely. The market value of the securities to be transferred for lending, together with the associated returns, shall create the collateral value. The provision of the collaterals by the borrower must not be lower than the collateral value plus a premium in line with the market.

Moreover, derivative transactions, securities lending transactions and repurchase agreements shall be secured to an extent that ensures that the charge amount of the default risk of the relevant counterparty does not exceed five per cent of the Fund's value. In case the counterparty is a credit institute domiciled in an EU Member State, another Member State of the EEA or a Non-Member State with equivalent supervisory provisions, the charge amount for the default risk must not exceed ten per cent of the Fund's value.

In case of OTC derivatives, collateral used to reduce the counterparty risk shall be subject to the following criteria at any time:

- a) Liquidity; any collateral except for cash, is highly liquid and traded on a regulated market with a transparent price fixing, so that it can be sold without delay.
- b) Valuation; the collateral is valued daily, and highly volatile securities can only be accepted with an appropriate and diligently determined hair cut.
- c) Issuer rating; it shall be ensured that the collateral is of high quality.
- d) Correlation; the issuer of the collateral shall be independent of the counterparty and its performance.
- e) Diversification; the collateral shall be diversified sufficiently regarding countries, markets and issuers, i. e. the max. exposure must not exceed 20% of the net asset value.
- f) Risks related to the management of collateral such as operational and legal risks shall be identified, managed and defused via an appropriate risk management.
- g) In case of transfer of title, the collateral shall be kept with the Depositary. Otherwise, the collateral shall be held by a third party of a Depositary subject to an appropriate supervisory authority and not in correlation with the issuer of the collateral.
- h) The collateral shall be in the complete power of disposition of the Fund.
- i) Non-cash collateral shall not be sold, reinvested or pledged.
- j) Cash collateral shall only be invested with a Depositary and / or invested in high-quality government bonds. It may also be used for repurchase agreements with credit institutions subject to a corresponding governmental supervision if it can be taken back at any time. It is also possible to invest in short-term money market securities.

For the identity of the counterparties, please refer to the Annual Report.

(10) Strategy for valuation discounts (haircut strategy)

If the Fund receives collateral to the amount of at least 30% of its assets, an appropriate stress test procedure is performed in order to measure the liquidity risk of the collateral.

Valuation discounts (haircuts) will be carried out regarding the collateral specified in the section "Collateral strategy". The percentage determined for the valuation discount refers to the residual term and not to the total term of the security. Haircuts on collateral will be performed at an appropriate percentage (in a range between 0% and 10% at the date of this Prospectus), i. e. in case of bonds in a range between 0% and 10%, depending on the residual term, the issuer quality and the currency. Equities shall not be accepted as collateral.

(11) Investment of cash collaterals

Cash collaterals in the form of bank deposits may be held in blocked accounts with the Depositary of the Fund, or, with their consent, with another credit institution. Reinvestment must only be made in high-quality government bonds or in short-term money market funds. The value of such collateral may be subject to fluctuations which may result in losses of value. Moreover, cash collaterals may be invested in case of a reverse repurchase agreement with a credit institution, if the demand for repayment of the accumulated deposit is ensured at any time.

Reinvestments of cash collateral shall be diversified like investments of security collateral.

Income from the strategies explained above shall be credited to the Fund net of costs.

Moreover, reference is made to the detailed provisions of the applicable CSSF circular letters, especially to the CSSF circular letter 13/559 and to the guidelines of the European supervisory authority ESMA on ETF and other UCITS aspects to be considered.

Clause 9 Units of the Fund

- (1) Units of the Fund shall be issued upon payment of the issue price to the Depositary as registered units without certificate, confirmed by a unit confirmation made out at the issue of units. The units shall be allocated in fractions of up to one thousandth of a unit and entered into a unit register at the Management Company, specifying the name of the unitholder.

Units are issued via global certificates (collective custody accounts). The Sales Prospectus may include additional provisions on the issue of units.

- (2) On principle, all units have the same rights.
- (3) On principle, income inflows and the sales proceeds of the subfund's will not be distributed, but reinvested. However, the Management Company may distribute dividends for one or several subfund's. Any executed distribution shall be disclosed pursuant to the conditions specified in Clause 19.

Distributions not requested by the unitholder within five years shall be statute-barred to the benefit of the relevant subfund.

- (4) Moreover, the Management Company may in due time decide to offer within a subfund other categories of units ("unit classes"), each showing different characteristics and rights to be determined by the Management Company, such as a specific distribution or accumulation policy, a specific fee structure or other specific characteristics as determined by the Board of Directors and specified for each subfund in the Special Regulations to the Sales Prospectus.

Clause 10 Issue of units

- (1) Subject to the provisions of this Clause, any natural or legal entity may acquire units of the Fund via the Management Company, the Depositary or by third-party arrangements. Subsequently to the initial issue period, the units of the Fund shall be offered for sale and issued on each valuation day and at the corresponding issue price.
- (2) Subscription applications and discretionary funds arriving at the Register and Transfer Agent at the latest by 12:00 h (Luxembourg time) on any valuation day (as defined in Clause 13) shall be settled at the latest at the issue price of the valuation day following of such valuation day (for details, please refer to the "Special Regulations " of the Sales Prospectus). Subscription applications and discretionary funds arriving at

the Register and Transfer Agent after 12:00 h (Luxembourg time) shall be settled at the latest at the issue price of the valuation day following of such valuation day (for details, please refer to the "Special Regulations" of the Sales Prospectus). Due to their investment policy and in order to prevent market timing practices, individual subfund's may deviate from the provision specified above. As far as this applies, the details of the subscription of units shall be disclosed in the Special Regulations of the relevant subfund in the section "Units of the subfund, issue and redemption of units".

- (3) The subscriber of the units shall pay an amount (the "issue price") that corresponds to the net asset value per unit pursuant to Clause 13 of the Management Regulations of the corresponding valuation day, plus a sales charge to the benefit of the Distributor of up to 5% of the net asset value per unit. The issue price shall be paid in the currency of the relevant subfund.

Fees, issuance taxes, stamp duties and other charges incurred in the relevant distribution countries may be added to the issue price.

- (4) Immediately upon receipt of the issue price at the Depositary, the units shall be allocated to the investors by the Depositary on behalf of the Management Company and the investors shall be sent the relevant unit confirmations. On principle, the number of units issued is not limited.

In case of joint investors and if no instruction to the contrary is available, the Management Company and / or the Depositary shall be authorised to allocate the units to the applicant mentioned first in the subscription application.

- (5) The Management Company may make the subscription of units subject to conditions and determine subscription periods and minimum subscription amounts to be specified in the Sales Prospectus.
- (6) Moreover, the Management Company may at any time and at its sole discretion completely or partially reject a subscription application or temporarily restrict, suspend, limit or definitively terminate the issue of units, as far as this is considered as necessary in the interest of all unitholders to protect the Management Company and the Fund, or if it is in the interest of the investment policy.

Moreover, the Management Company may at any time pay back via the Depositary all units that have been acquired in disregard of this Clause or are held by unitholders that have been excluded from the purchase or ownership of units.

- (7) The Management Company shall immediately return via the Depositary any payments received for subscription orders not executed or rejected.
- (8) In compliance with applicable laws, the Management Company may at any time issue fully paid-in units as counterpart against contributions in kind, provided that such assets comply with the Fund's investment restrictions.. The value of such assets (contributions in kind) shall be determined by the independent auditor of the Fund via a specific audit report and in compliance with the principles applied to the calculation of the net asset value of the Fund's assets.

Any costs incurred to this effect shall be paid by the investor. However, the Management Company may decide to bear such costs or to charge the subfund to be subscribed accordingly.

Clause 11 Redemption of Units

- (1) Upon termination of the initial issue period, any unitholder may file a written application for the redemption of units to the Management Company, either directly or via one of the Distributors.

The application shall include the following mandatory information: (a) the identity and precise address of the applicant, and (b) his / her banking information regarding the account to which the redemption price is to be transferred. A corresponding, properly issued application for redemption ("redemption application") is irrevocable except for and in case of suspension and / or postponement of the redemption of units.

- (2) Redemption applications arriving at the Register and Transfer Agent at the latest by 12:00 h (Luxembourg time) on any valuation day (as determined in Clause 13 of the Management Regulations) shall be settled at the latest at the redemption price of the bank working day which is also a valuation day and follows such valuation day (for details, please refer to the "Special Regulations" of the Sales Prospectus). Redemption applications arriving after 12:00 h (Luxembourg time) shall be settled at the latest at the redemption price of the bank working day which is also a valuation day and follows such valuation day (for details, please refer to the "Special Regulations" of the Sales Prospectus). Due to their investment policy and in order to prevent market timing practices, individual subfund's may deviate from the provision specified above. As far as this applies, the details of the redemption of units shall be disclosed in the Special Regulations of the relevant subfund in the section "Units of the subfund, issue and redemption of units".

- (3) The price for any unit offered for redemption ("redemption price") is the net asset value per unit calculated pursuant to Clause 13. A redemption fee may be levied. In this case, the fee shall be specified in the Special Regulations of the relevant subfund.
- (4) Usually, the payment of the redemption price shall be realised - subject to any checks - without delay, at the latest, however, five bank working days in Luxembourg after the relevant valuation day against transfer of the corresponding units. The redemption price shall be paid in the currency of the relevant subfund.

In case of joint investors and if no instruction to the contrary exists, the Management Company and / or the Depositary shall be authorised to pay the redemption price to the applicant mentioned first in the application.
- (5) The Management Company may make the redemption of units contingent on conditions and determine redemption periods and minimum redemption amounts to be specified in the Sales Prospectus.
- (6) The Management Company shall, however, ensure that the Fund's assets include sufficient cash balances so that under normal circumstances the redemption of units can take place immediately upon the unitholders' application.
- (7) Upon prior approval by the Depositary, the Management Company may execute excessive redemption applications that cannot be paid from cash and the permitted borrowing only after the corresponding assets of the Fund have been sold without delay; the redemptions shall be executed at the net asset value per unit of the valuation day on which the sale was effected. In such case, the same valuation day shall be applied to redemption applications filed at the same time. The Management Company shall inform the investors concerned about that without delay.
- (8) The Depositary is only required to pay if legal provisions, especially exchange control regulations, or other circumstances beyond the control of the Depositary, such as strikes, do not prohibit the transfer of the redemption price to the country of the applicant.
- (9) The relevant unit ceases to exist upon payment of the redemption price.

Clause 12 Conversion of units

- (1) On principle, any unitholder may apply for the total or partial conversion of their units into units of another subfund, and within a subfund, if different unit classes have been issued for that subfund, in line with the principles determined for each subfund by the Board of Directors.
- (2) The Board of Directors may restrict or exclude the principle of free conversion of units of a subfund into another subfund and / or within a subfund if different unit classes have been issued for that subfund. Moreover, the Board of Directors may, as specified for each subfund in the Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus, detail these conversion options for each subfund, i. e. by restricting conversion applications, the limitation of their frequency or by charging a conversion fee. Conversion charges, if any, shall be based on the level of the sales commission for the units of the relevant subfund, the sales charge already paid upon purchase considered.
- (3) Units may be converted on each joint valuation day for the initially held subfund (the "old subfund") and the desired subfund (the "new subfund") at the net asset values applicable on that day. For net asset values in different currencies, the conversion shall be based on the last available mean rate of exchange.
- (4) An application for the conversion of units shall be made in writing and may be sent by the unitholder to the Management Company in Luxembourg either directly or via the corresponding Distributors. The application shall include the following mandatory information: (a) the number of units of the old subfund and the name(s) of the desired new subfund(s), (b) the ratio for the allocation of the units of the old subfund(s), if more than one new subfund is desired, and (c) the banking information regarding the account to which any resulting balance is to be transferred.

A corresponding properly issued application for conversion ("conversion application") is irrevocable except for and in case of suspension and / or postponement of the redemption of units.

Clause 13 Calculation of the net asset value

- (1) The value of each unit ("net asset value" or "unit value") is specified in the currency of the relevant subfund and calculated under the supervision of the Depositary by the Management Company or a third party commissioned by them on the valuation day (subsequently referred to as "valuation day") specified in the relevant subfund's Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus, at least, however, twice per month.

The calculation of the net asset value is performed by division of the net assets of the relevant subfund (assets less liabilities of the subfund) by the number of units outstanding of such subfund on the valuation day.

In case different unit classes are issued within one subfund, the net asset value of each such unit class is calculated by division of the net assets of such unit class by the number of units outstanding of such unit class on the valuation day.

The total net assets of the Fund (the "Fund's net assets") comprises the total of the net assets of the relevant subfund's and is specified in Euro (the "Fund currency").

- (2) A subfund's net assets shall be calculated in compliance with the following principles:
- (a) The valuation of all securities and money market instruments admitted on a stock exchange or on another regulated market that is recognised, open to the public and operating regularly shall be specified at the latest available price, and, if the relevant security or money market instrument is traded on several markets, based on the last known price of the main market of such security or money market instrument.
 - (b) Securities and money market instruments neither officially listed on a stock exchange nor traded on another regulated market shall be valued - like all other legally admitted assets - at their respective market value as determined by the Management Company in good faith and in accordance with generally recognised valuation rules that can be verified by independent auditors. The same shall apply to securities specified in item (a) if their relevant prices are not in line with the market.
 - (c) Cash shall be valued at par value plus interest.
 - (d) Time deposits may be valued at the yield price if a corresponding contract has been concluded between the Management Company and the counterparty specifying that the time deposits can be called at any time and that the yield price corresponds to the liquidation value.
 - (e) Mutual fund units are valued at the last calculated and available redemption price.
 - (f) Futures contracts on securities, interests, indices, currencies and other admissible financial instruments shall be valued at the latest available prices on the valuation day as far as they are listed on a stock exchange. In case they are not listed (primarily OTC transactions), the valuation shall be based on the probable liquidation value to be determined diligently and in good faith.
 - (g) On principle, options are valued at the latest available stock exchange price and/ or dealer price of the relevant valuation day. Should a valuation day also be the settlement day of an option, the corresponding option shall be valued at its relevant settlement price.
 - (h) Concerning the return claims resulting from securities lending transactions, the relevant price of the assets transferred in the lending process shall be applied.
 - (i) The pro-rata interest accruing on securities shall be included if not already comprised in the price of the security.
 - (j) Assets not denominated in the currency of the relevant subfund shall be converted into the currency of such subfund at the latest available mean rate of exchange.
- (3) In case of exceptional circumstances that make the valuation in line with the criteria mentioned above appear impossible or inappropriate, the Management Company shall be entitled to temporarily apply other generally accepted valuation principles it has determined in good faith and that can be verified by independent auditors to ensure a proper valuation of the Fund's assets.

Clause 14 Suspension of the Calculation of the Net Asset Value

- (1) The Management Company shall be authorised to temporarily suspend the calculation of the net asset value and the issue, redemption and conversion of units of one or several subfund(s):
- (a) for the time during which a stock exchange or another market on which a considerable part of the Fund's securities is listed, is closed (except for normal weekends or public holidays) or if trading on such stock exchange or such market has been suspended or restricted;

- (b) in case of difficulties, when the Management Company is unable to dispose of assets or to freely transfer the proceeds from the purchase or sale of assets or to ensure the proper calculation of the net asset value.
- (2) The investors who have offered their units for redemption or conversion shall be notified without delay when the calculation of the net asset value is suspended or when redemption is resumed. Such notification shall be made pursuant to the provisions specified in Clause 19.

Clause 15 Costs of the Fund

- (1) For managing the Fund / for the custody of the Fund's assets, the Management Company / the Depositary shall be entitled to a remuneration which shall be calculated and paid according to the Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus.
- (2) In case the Management Company concludes agreements with third parties - natural or legal entities - pursuant to Clause 3 of the Management Regulations, the management fee specified in item (1) may be completely or partially paid to them. Moreover, such third parties may be paid an additional performance fee calculated and paid pursuant to the Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus for the relevant sub-fund.
- (3) The remunerations for the services provided by the Depositary, the Central Administration Agent and the Register and Transfer Agent are specified in the Sales Prospectus as a comprehensive fee ("service fee").
- (4) Besides these remunerations, the Fund shall bear the following costs:
- All taxes levied on the Fund's assets, its income and the expenses charged to the Fund;
 - Costs for the investigation and the publication of the tax bases and the certifications;
 - The usual banking charges for transactions in securities, money market instruments and other assets and rights of the Fund and for their safekeeping;
 - The expenses of the correspondents of the Depositary abroad and their handling fees;
 - The remuneration for the Paying Agents and Representations abroad;
 - The fees for application and registration regarding all registration authorities and stock exchanges, the costs of listing and of the publication in newspapers;
 - The costs of preparation, print, dispatch and publication of the agreements and other documents;
 - The costs of preparation, translation, printing and distribution of periodic publications and other documents required by law or regulations;
 - The costs of preparation and printing of new coupon sheets;
 - The transaction costs covering the issue and redemption of units;
 - Legal costs as incurred by the Management Company or the Depositary when acting in the interest of the unitholders;
 - Costs for auditing and legal advice for the Fund, and costs for the representation and enforcement of legal claims of the Fund;
 - The Costs for the distribution of notifications to unitholders;
 - Any licensing fees incurred;
 - Reasonable advertising and distribution costs and the costs directly related to the offer and sale of units;
 - Costs for the rating of the Fund by nationally and internationally renowned rating agencies;
 - Any performance attribution costs;
 - Other Fund management costs.
- (5) All recurring costs shall be offset initially against the investment returns, then against the realised capital gains and finally against the Fund's assets. Other costs, especially the setting-up costs of the Fund which

were estimated to approx. EUR 50,000, shall be amortized over a period of max. five years. Costs related to the inception of additional subfund's shall be attributed to the assets of such subfund's and amortized there over a period of max. five years upon inception.

- (6) Vis-à-vis third parties and within the relationship among unitholders, each subfund shall be treated as an independent entity. Within this meaning, each subfund shall only be liable for its own liabilities that shall be allocated to such subfund by calculation of the net asset value.

Costs of the individual subfund's shall be attributed to these if they concern them specifically, otherwise, costs referring to the Fund as a whole shall be charged on a pro rata basis to the individual subfund's according to the value of their net assets.

Clause 16 Merger of Subfunds

- (1) Pursuant to the following conditions, the Management Company may merge one or several subfund(s) with another subfund of the Fund:
- (a) If, on a valuation day, the subfund's net asset value has fallen below an amount which is regarded as minimum amount to manage this subfund properly and economically and which is currently specified at EUR 10 million;
 - (b) If it does not make sense, economically speaking, to manage this subfund because of a material change in the economical or political background or for reasons of profitability.
- (2) The resolution of the Management Company to merge one or several subfund(s) shall be published according to the provisions of Clause 19 of the Management Regulations.
- (3) Within one month upon publication of the merger resolution by the Management Company, the unitholders of the relevant subfund shall be entitled to request redemption of all or part of their units at the applicable unit value pursuant to Clause 11 of the Management Regulations free of charge. The units of unitholders who have not requested redemption of their units shall be replaced on the valuation day preceding the effective date of the merger by units of the subfund remaining after the merger. Fractions of units may be issued if applicable. The assets of the related subfund shall be transferred into the portfolio of the subfund remaining after the merger unless such inclusion violates the investment policy of the other subfund.
- (4) The corresponding provisions of the Law of 2010 shall be applied to the merger of subfunds of the Fund, the merger of subfunds of the Fund with subfunds of other UCITS and the merger of the Fund.

Clause 17 Term and Termination of the Fund and of the Subfunds

- (1) The Fund has been incepted for an indefinite period of time. The Management Company may at any time resolve to liquidate the Fund.
- (2) The term of the relevant subfund is specified and fixed in the Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus.
- (3) The Fund or one / several subfund's must be liquidated mandatorily in the following cases:
- (a) if the specified term fixed in the Special Regulations of the Sales Prospectus for the relevant subfund has expired;
 - (b) If the Depositary Agreement is terminated and a new Depositary is not appointed within the time frame specified by Law or contract;
 - (c) If the Management Company files for bankruptcy or liquidation or is dissolved for any reason;
 - (d) If the Fund's assets remain below the minimum level as specified in Clause 16 para. 1 of the Management Regulations for more than six months;
 - (e) In other instances provided by the Law of 17 December, 2010.
- (4) In case of events that cause the dissolution of the Fund or a subfund, the issue and redemption of units shall be terminated and the Management Company shall dissolve the Fund or the subfund in the best interest of the unitholders.

Upon instruction by the Management Company or by the Liquidators appointed by the Management Company or the Depositary, the Depositary shall distribute the liquidation proceeds less the liquidation costs and fees ("net liquidation proceeds") to the relevant subfund's unitholders according to their claims.

The Depositary shall deposit the net liquidation proceeds not collected by the unitholders during termination of the dissolution procedure at the *Caisse des Consignations* in Luxembourg for the account of the unitholders, where the claims shall be forfeited unless they are asserted there within the statutory period.

- (5) In certain cases, the Management Company is authorised to resolve the merger of one or several subfund(s) with another Luxembourg investment fund (Part I of the Law of 17 December, 2010). The merger may be resolved if the net assets of a subfund fall below EUR 10 million or if the economic or political situation changes. The unitholders of subfund's that are merged with a Luxembourg investment fund shall also have the opportunity - before the actual merger - to withdraw from the relevant subfund's by redemption of their units free of cost within one month upon publication of the merger resolution by the Management Company.

The resolution of the Management Company regarding the merger of one or several subfund(s) with another Luxembourg investment fund (Part I of the Law of 17 December, 2010) shall be published pursuant to the provisions of Clause 19 of these Management Regulations.

The decision to merge with another foreign investment fund shall be in the discretion of the unitholders of the subfund(s) to be merged. However, the unitholders of the relevant subfund(s) shall make such decision unanimously. If that condition is not met, only the unitholders having voted in favour of the merger shall be bound by the decision. All other unitholders are assumed to have applied for redemption.

- (6) Neither the unitholders, nor their heirs / successors, nor creditors can apply for the premature liquidation or the splitting of the Fund or a subfund.

Clause 18 Statute of Limitation and Presentation Period

- (1) Claims of unitholders against the Management Company or the Depositary to be asserted before the courts are limited to a period of five years after the accrual of the claims notwithstanding the provisions specified in Clause 17 para. (4).
- (2) The presentation period for the coupons shall be five years upon publication of the relevant distribution notice. Distribution amounts not requested within this period shall be statute-barred to the benefit of the relevant subfund.

Clause 19 Information to Unitholders

- (1) The initially valid wording of the Management Regulations and of were filed with the Register of Commerce and Companies in Luxembourg and published in the *Mémorial C, Recueil des Sociétés et Associations*, the official gazette of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg ("Mémorial"). Changes to them were filed and published in the electronic Register of Commerce and Companies in Luxembourg, the RESA ("Receuil électronique des sociétés et associations")

The Management Company may initiate additional publications.

- (2) The issue and redemption prices and other documents may be obtained from the Management Company, the Depositary, and any Paying Agent or Distributor.
- (3) Pursuant to Clause 17 of the Management Regulations, the liquidation of the Fund and / or one or several subfund(s) shall be published by the Management Company according to the legal provisions in the *Mémorial* and in at least two national daily newspapers, at least one shall be a Luxembourg paper.
- (4) The resolution of the Management Company to merge one or several subfund(s) shall be published by the Management Company according to the legal provisions in the *Mémorial* and in at least two national daily newspapers, at least one shall be a Luxembourg paper.
- (5) The Management Company ensures an appropriate publication of the unit price in countries where the Fund or one or several subfund(s) is (are) distributed publicly.

Clause 20 Business Year

The Fund's business year shall begin on 1 January of each year and end on 31 December of the same year. The first business year began on the Fund's inception date and ended on 31 December, 2001.

Clause 21 Accounting

- (1) The Annual Accounts of the Fund and its books shall be audited by an independent auditor appointed by the Management Company.
- (2) Not more than four months after the end of each business year, the Management Company shall publish an audited Annual Report in compliance with the regulations of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. The first audited Annual Report was prepared for the period ending on 31 December, 2001.
- (3) Two months after the end of the first half of the business year, the Management Company shall publish a non-audited Semi-annual Report. The first non-audited Semi-annual Report was prepared for the period ending on 30 June, 2001.
- (4) For each subfund, the Management Company is entitled to prepare an audited Annual Report and a non-audited Semi-annual Report pursuant to the legal provisions of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. The Reports are available at the registered office of the Management Company, the Depositary and the Paying Agents and Distributors.
- (5) For statistical purposes and other reporting requirements, the assets of all subfunds are added and specified in one amount in Euro.

Clause 22 Applicable Law; Legal Venue and Language of Contract

- (1) Place of performance shall be the registered office of the Management Company.
- (2) These Management Regulations are subject to Luxembourg Law.

Any dispute arising between unitholders, the Management Company and the Depositary shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Luxembourg District Court (*tribunal d'arrondissement*). However, in the context of claims of investors from other countries, the Management Company and / or the Depositary may subject themselves and the Fund to the jurisdiction of such countries where units are offered and sold.

- (3) The German wording of these Regulations shall prevail. However, the Management Company and the Depositary may acknowledge as binding for themselves and the Fund any translations approved by them into languages of the countries where units are offered and sold with regard to such units that are sold to investors in these countries.

Clause 23 Changes to the Management Regulations

Upon consent of the Depositary, the Management Company may amend these Management Regulations wholly or partially at any time in the interest of the unitholders. Any changes to these Management Regulations shall be deposited with the Commercial Register in Luxembourg; a note concerning such filing shall be published in the RESA the electronic Register of Commerce and Companies in Luxembourg and shall become effective on the day of signature unless otherwise specified. The Management Company may initiate additional publications.

These Management Regulations shall become effective on 1 January 2020.

Frankfurt am Main, 18 November 2019.

The Management Company

Lupus alpha Investment GmbH.
Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung

The Depositary

RBC Investor Services Bank S.A.
Société Anonyme

The fund at a glance

Lupus alpha Fonds Lupus alpha Sustainable Smaller Euro Champions

	Unit class A	Unit class C
WKN number:	974563	940639
ISIN code:	LU0129232442	LU0129232525
Currency of the subfund:	Euro (EUR)	
Minimum investment:	None	EUR 500,000
Sales charge:	up to 5.00%	up to 5.00%
Redemption charge:	None	
Conversion charge:	None	
Distribution of profits:	distributing	
Securitisation of the units:	Registered units	
Investment policy:	<p>The assets of the subfund are being invested in predominantly small- and medium-sized European companies (small and mid caps), for example in companies covered by the EURO STOXX® TMI Small EUR Net Return (an index of STOXX Limited, Zurich). Investments shall be made primarily in shares. Investment in securities shall only be made in those selected in accordance with the principles of sustainability.</p> <p>The subfund shall invest not more than 25% of its assets in investments whose income is regarded as "interest income" within the meaning of EU Directive 2003/48 dated 3 June, 2003, on Taxation of Interest Income.</p>	
Management fee:	max. 1.50% p. a.	max. 1.00% p. a.
Performance fee:	17.50%	12.50%
	of the amount by which the performance of the subfund's net assets exceeds that of the benchmark index EURO STOXX® TMI Small EUR Net Return (an index of STOXX Limited, Zurich) at the end of the settlement period. The annual calculation of the remuneration entitlement shall take into account any underperformance amounts of the five preceding settlement periods.	
Benchmark index:	EURO STOXX® TMI Small EUR Net Return (an index of STOXX Limited, Zurich).	

General information on the Lupus alpha Fonds:

Business year:	1 January to 31 December of each year.	
Reports:	Semi-annual Report:	30 June each
	Annual Report:	31 December each

Lupus alpha Fonds

Lupus alpha Smaller German Champions

	Unit class A	Unit class C	Unit class CT	Unit class CAV
Security identification number (WKN)	974564	940640	A3CZDG	A2ATDC
ISIN code	LU0129233093	LU0129233507	LU2381264956	LU1535992629
Currency of the sub-fund	Euro (EUR)			
Minimum investment	None	EUR 500,000	EUR 500,000	EUR 10,000,000
Sales charge	up to 5.00%	up to 5.00%	up to 5.00%	up to 5.00%
Redemption charge	None			
Conversion charge	None			
Distribution of profits	Distributing		Reinvesting	Distributing
Securitisation of the Units	Registered units			
Investment policy	<p>Predominantly small and medium-sized European companies (small and mid caps), such as stocks in the MDAX® Performance Index or the SDAX® Performance Index, as well as stocks in the Technology All Share Index (indices of STOXX Limited, Zurich). The investment is primarily made in equities.</p> <p>The subfund will not invest more than 25% of its subfund assets in investments, the income of which constitutes "interest payments" within the meaning of EU Directive 2003/48 of 3 June 2003 on the taxation of interest income.</p>			
Management fee	max. 1.50% p.a.	max. 1.00% p.a.	max. 1.00% p.a.	max. 1.75% p.a.
Performance-related remuneration ("Performance Fee")	17.50%	12.50%	12.50%	None
	of the amount by which the unit value performance exceeds the performance of the benchmark index at the end of a settlement period. Any underperformance amounts from the five preceding settlement periods are taken into account in the annual calculation of the remuneration claim.			
Benchmark index	MDAX® Performance Index and SDAX® Performance Index in a ratio of 50/50.			none

General information on the Lupus alpha Fonds:

Business year:	1 January to 31 December of each year.	
Reports:	Semi-annual Report:	30 June each
	Annual Report:	31 December each

Lupus alpha Funds

Lupus alpha Micro Champions

	Unit Class A	Unit Class C	Unit Class CAV
WKN number	A2JB8X	A2JB8Y	A0EAM5
ISIN-code	LU1891775774	LU1891775857	LU0218245263
Currency of the subfund	Euro (EUR)		
Minimum investment	none	EUR 500,000.00	EUR 500,000.00
Sales charge	up to 5.00%	up to 5.00%	up to 5.00%
Redemption charge	none		
Conversion charge	none		
Distribution of profits	distributing		
Securitisation of the units	Registered units		
Investment policy	<p>Primarily selected European equities with a low or medium market capitalisation (approx. EUR 10 m to approx. EUR 3 bn). Due to investment policy considerations, large caps may be included as well.</p> <p>The subfund shall invest not more than 25% of its assets in investments whose income is regarded as "interest income" within the meaning of EU Directive 2003/48 dated 3 June, 2003, on Taxation of Interest Income.</p>		
Management fee	max. 1.80% p.a.	max. 0.90% p.a.	max. 2.00% p.a.
Performance fee	<p>20% of the amount by which the performance of the net assets of the subfund exceeds that of the benchmark index MSCI Europe Micro Cap Net Total Return (EUR), (an index of MSCI Inc., New York) at the end of the settlement period. Any underperformance amounts of the five preceding settlement periods are taken into account in the annual calculation of the remuneration claim.</p>		none
Benchmark index	<p>MSCI Europe Micro Cap Net Total Return (EUR), (ein Index der MSCI Inc., New York)</p>		none

General information on the Lupus alpha Fonds:

Business year:	1 January to 31 December of each year.	
Reports:	Semi-annual Report:	30 June each
	Annual Report:	31 December each

Lupus alpha Funds

Lupus alpha All Opportunities Fund

	Unit class C	Unit class A
WKN number:	A0M99W	A0Q7VN
ISIN code:	LU0329425713	LU0381944619
Currency of the subfund:	Euro (EUR)	
Minimum investment:	EUR 500,000.00	none
Sales charge:	up to 5.00%	up to 5.00%
Redemption charge:	None	
Conversion charge:	None	
Distribution of profits:	distributing	
Securitisation of the units:	Registered units	
Investment policy:	<p>The investment policy aims at achieving the highest possible capital appreciation. To this effect, the assets of the subfund are being invested primarily in international small and mid cap equities, fixed and variable interest-bearing securities including zero bonds, participating certificates and convertible and warrant bonds. In the interest of the investors, the investments of the subfund may be focused temporarily on specific sectors, countries and industries.</p> <p>In order to benefit from relative over- and / or under-valuations of individual equities against one another or against indices it is allowed to enter into long / short strategies by using derivative instruments. This aims at achieving excess returns, especially via the use of equity portfolio and / or index swaps and futures / forwards. The derivative positions established via additional strategies do not have to be market-neutral. Generally, synthetic short positions established in the scope of swap strategies should not exceed 50% of the Fund's assets.</p>	
Management fee:	max. 1.00% p. a.	max. 1.80% p.a.
Performance fee:	20% of the amount by which the performance of the net assets of the subfund exceeds that of the "€STR (ESTRON Index)" + 200 basis points at the end of the settlement period. The annual calculation of the remuneration shall take into account any underperformance amounts of the five preceding settlement periods.	
Benchmark:	€STR (ESTRON Index) + 200 basis points	

General information on the Lupus alpha Funds:

Business year:	1 January to 31 December of each year.	
Reports:	Semi-annual Report:	30 June each
	Annual Report:	31 December each

Lupus alpha Funds

Lupus alpha Global Convertible Bonds

	Unit class C hedged	Unit class A hedged
WKN number:	A2DJR6	A2H7DG
ISIN code:	LU1535992389	LU1717012527
Currency of the subfund:	Euro (EUR)	
Currency hedging of the unit class:	Desired exchange rate hedging between the currency of the hedged unit class and the individual underlying currencies from the investments of the subfund	
Minimum investment:	EUR 50,000	none
Sales charge:	up to 4.00%	up to 4.00%
Redemption charge:	none	none
Conversion charge:	None	
Distribution of profits:	distributing	
Securitisation of the units:	Registered units	
Investment policy:	The investment policy aims at achieving the highest possible capital appreciation in EUR on the domestic and foreign capital markets. The subfund may invest fully in securities; at least 51% of the subfund's assets must be invested in convertible bonds.	
Management fee:	max. 0.60% p. a.	max. 1.20% p. a.
Performance fee:	10% of the amount by which the performance of the net assets of the subfund exceeds that of the benchmark Refinitiv Global Focus Convertible Bonds Hedged (EUR) Index (an index of Refinitiv Inc., New York) at the end of the settlement period. Any underperformance amounts of the five preceding settlement periods are taken into account in the annual calculation of the remuneration claim.	
Benchmark index:	Refinitiv Global Focus Convertible Bonds Hedged (EUR) Index , Refinitiv, New York	

General information on the Lupus alpha Fonds:

Business year:	1 January to 31 December of each year.	
Reports:	Semi-annual Report:	30 June each
	Annual Report:	31 December each